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Soviets Keep Up Offensive In Centre; Germans Forced Back In Leningrad Area

London, Oct. 1.

ANOTHER local Russain success has been reported from the central front, while in the Ukraine the Germans appear to be making progress towards Kharkov.

In the centre, Marshal Semyon Konstantinovitch Timoshenko's troops continue to hit the Germans hard. Two German regiments of the 268th Infantry Division are stated to have been routed with the loss of 1,800 men and a great quantity of equipment.

In the north-west, the besieged city of Leningrad continues to give a good account of itself. The recapture of another town in the Leningrad area is reported from Moscow. Here, the Germans have been forced back a considerable distance.

The Soviet High Command has announced that the town of Poltava, east of the Dnieper has fallen, which means that the Germans have now pushed forward from Kiev to within about 80 miles of Kharkov, former capital of the Ukraine.

Poltava, once the scene of the greatest wool fair in Europe and where Peter the Great defeated Charles XII of Sweden in July, 1709, became an important railway centre and a flourishing agricultural town, but the Germans will probably find little left of its railways, its factories or its mills as they have no doubt been burnt and destroyed as in most other towns the Germans have captured in Russia. Poltava was obviously the scene of a great battle, for the Moscow communique said it was only evacuated after stubborn fighting.

Reds in Position Along Vorskla

The latest Soviet communique broadcast by Moscow Radio at 11 a.m. today GMT (8 p.m. Shanghai summer time) again briefly stated that "during the night of September 30 our troops continued fighting along the entire front."

Meanwhile, Red Army divisions have taken up positions along the east bank of the Vorskla river to oppose the German advance towards Kharkov. The Vorskla is a 200-mile long tributary of the Dnieper. Marshal Semyon Budienny has aligned these forces along the river to halt the drive threatening the industrial Donetz basin and the principal city, Kharkov.

The German official news agency, D.N.B., reported that German artillery fired on important industrial facilities at Leningrad yesterday with good effect.

Fighting Rages in Ukraine

M. S. A. Lozovsky, the Soviet spokesman, declared it was impossible to give details of the general position in the Ukraine, where fighting is still in progress. He pointed out that the battle, in the Ukraine was much more mobile than in other parts of the front, with greater possibilities for movement. By this, M. Lozovsky no doubt means that there is a better opportunity here for the Russians effecting their best strategy. He went on to say that an enormous battle was continuing with very heavy losses but the Germans' hope that the fall of Kiev would settle the major part of the war had been dashed to the ground. In Kiev itself, the Russians had destroyed every possible thing which could be used against them.

Fierce fighting for the Crimea continues in the bottleneck of the Isthmus of Perekop. Moscow says that no German has yet set foot on the peninsula.

Odessa Fighting Back

To the west, the garrison of Odessa is fighting back magnificently and inflicting severe losses on German and Rumanian troops. An eye-witness of the fighting, who has just arrived in Moscow, estimates that the Germans and Rumanians had lost about 160,000 men since the siege of the port began.—Reuter.

Important Battle For Industrial Centre Looms

London, Oct. 1.

War clouds gathering over the important industrial railway centre of Kharkov today presaged one of the most important battles of the Russo-German war in which Marshal Semion Budenny probably would face the biggest assignment in his career.

Military experts agreed that the withdrawal of Russian forces from Poltava represents the most serious threat to Ukraine's most important industrial city as well as the entire Donetz Basin.

The Russian withdrawal resulted in the Germans being only eight miles from southwest Ukraine's "Pittsburgh."

Valuable Railway Junction

By the capture of Poltava, which had a population of 90,000, the Germans also gained control of a valuable railway junction, although it was expected that the Soviet scorched earth policy undoubtedly had left German sappers and engineers with a lot of work to do before railway facilities would be established for the use of the invaders.

It appeared that the steady northward movement of the German panzer division and motorized troops might eventually prove a threat to Moscow's southern approaches.

British military experts pointed out that such a threat was 400 miles away, but they did not rule out the possibility of a gigantic two-pronged advance on Moscow from the north, from the Leningrad sector, as well as from the south, from the Ukraine.

Too Many "Ifs"

They agreed, however, that such strategy was based on too many "ifs" to consider that it was imminent.

They added that the capture of Kharkov would be the richest prize the German southern armies thus far will have taken since they would also seize control of the railways to Rostov and Crimea as well as important railway connections with Moscow.

Moscow's announcement that fierce fighting was under way outside Crimea indicated that the Germans would continue to attack that sector and tie up the Russian forces which otherwise might attack the eastern flank of the Germans pushing to Kharkov.—United Press.

Britain Sending £50,000 For China Relief

London, Oct. 1.

The British Government has agreed to make a grant in aid of £50,000 to the British fund for Relief of Distress in China to meet expenditure on maintenance of ambulance units for treatment of sick and wounded soldiers and on relief activities generally in the war zone of Free China. It is learned in authoritative quarters.

Application will be made to Parliament later for provision of the necessary funds as required.—Reuter.

Sir Walter Monckton Leaving For Moscow

London, Oct. 1.

Sir Walter Turner Monckton, Director-General of the Ministry of Information, spoke to the press today on the eve of his departure for Moscow.—Reuter.

Lozovsky Denies Budenny Shot

Moscow, Oct. 1.

M. S. A. Lozovsky, official Government spokesman and Vice-Commissar of Foreign Affairs, yesterday denied German-Italian reports that Marshal Semion Budenny, Commander of the southern Red Armies, had been executed.—United Press.

Knox Proposes Britain, U.S. Join Forces

Indianapolis, Oct. 1.

Colonel Frank Knox, Navy Secretary, today proposed that the United States and Britain join forces for 100 years at least to produce "by force if need be," an effective system of international law.

Speaking before the 64th annual convention of the American Bar Association, Col. Knox said that to prevent another world war the seven seas must be controlled for many years to come by the great, "peace-minded and justice-loving" Powers—the United States and Britain—which "are lacking in any desire for selfish aggrandizement."

The Navy Secretary emphasized that "to put it bluntly, we must join our force and our power to that of Great Britain, another great peace-loving nation, to stop aggression, which might lead to a world disturbance, at its beginnings.

"We will come to this, I am convinced, by sheer logic . . . by a gradual recognition of its inevitability.

"We shall have to provide an interregnum in which we shall not only devote ourselves to the pursuit of peaceful aims, but provide the essential might to enforce such a peace on those unwilling voluntarily to pursue such a course."

Other highlights of the speech which called virtually for a total military alliance with Britain were:—

1. The United States must give up its "fatuous folly" that it will not fight unless invaded.

2. There will not be for many years the time when the United States may not fight. "Let us determine that we will fight elsewhere than on our own soil" because it is far better to fight in a distant war than one at home.

3. The Anglo-American navies are sweeping the "German pirates" from the North Atlantic—"eventually we shall lock Nazi Germany up in an iron ring and within that ring of seapower she shall perish."

4. The defeat of the Totalitarian Powers. "That Nazism will be defeated I have no doubt." He added that this was "our national policy."

5. "We now are contributing only a part of our share to defeat the Axis. We must do more than that. We must do our full share and more to guarantee . . . that the sea lanes shall be kept clear, circuits in the future."—United Press.

Military Position Is Summed Up By Churchill

By "Annalist"

London, Oct. 1.

The military situation on the eastern front was tersely summed up by Mr. Churchill in his statement yesterday. He said: "We do not know how far Hitler will attempt to penetrate the vast lands of Russia in the face of the valiant Russian defence, or how long his people will endure their calamatious losses—or again—whether he will decide to stand on the defensive and exploit the territory of immense value which he has conquered."

This sentence sums up the position. The Germans can go on fighting and gaining more territory at the price of thousands of lives, or they can stand on the defensive and use their still immense forces for adventure against either Great Britain, through Spain into north Africa, or through Turkey against Egypt. But remain inactive they cannot, and even the rich territories of Russia which they have already conquered will not give them the oil they are beginning to need, nor the wheat for bread, which it will take time to grow.

Buoyant Confidence

Mr. Churchill did not even envisage the possibility of a Russian defeat. The whole tone of his speech was one of buoyant confidence in the power of the Allies, not only to resist, but gradually to get the upper hand, thanks to the steadily increasing output of the great democracies.

To revert to the battlefront in Russia, however. There is nothing striking in the German communique, except a vague claim of further success in the Dnieper sector.

The official Russian communique is as terse as usual, speaking of heavy fighting all along the front, but unofficial reports show that both at Leningrad and in the central sector, the Russians have been counter-attacking with some success.

The German wireless also speaks of counter-attacks in the Dnieper sector, naturally claiming that they were repulsed with heavy losses. Nothing fresh is reported from the Crimea.—Reuter.

Peace Hoax Spread In Belgian Town

Paris, Sept. 30.

The entire city of Liege, Belgium, was the victim today of a peace hoax when, without rhyme or reason, the rumour spread that the war had ceased on all fronts and that a general armistice had been signed.

The population joyfully rushed into the streets to tell their neighbours, and even the police force was convinced that peace had returned.

The authorities found it extremely difficult to prove to the inhabitants that they had been mistaken.—Havas Telemondial.

Chinese Start Mobile Broadcasting Stations

Chungking, Oct. 1.

The Chinese have started mobile broadcasting stations at the front, the first of which is already operating on the south-eastern front near Shanghai with XLMA as its call-sign.

This mobile station has a wave-length of 32 metres or 9,200 kilocycles.—Reuter.

At A British Proof Range

This picture was taken at the establishment of a gun-proofing unit where A.A. guns are tested. Here the guns are received from the manufacturers and are proofed before being despatched to the depot from which they are issued to units.

50,000 Japanese Reported Surrounded in Hunan

Chungking, Oct. 1.

THE Chinese cordon around 50,000 trapped Japanese troops was growing tighter today as a telephone message from Changsha, capital of Hunan, reported that the Chinese had won a smashing victory north-east of the city this morning.

In the Chinese offensive between Kingching and Chunhuashan, the Chinese claim that 2,000 Japanese troops were killed and 30 tanks destroyed.

Foreign Pressmen Return From Changsha Flight

Fully verifying repeated Japanese assertions that Changsha, strategically important city in northeastern Hunan Province had been fully occupied, foreign correspondents, including representatives of the Associated Press, Transocean, D.N.B., the United Press, and the "Christian Science Monitor," this afternoon unanimously confirmed that the city was in the hands of Japanese forces.

Interviewed by Domei upon their return at 2.20 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Tazang aerodrome from an aerial tour of the Hunan battlefields, the correspondents pointed out that from an altitude of only 200 or 300 metres, they clearly identified Japanese troops within Changsha. They also confirmed that the Chinese people were returning to the city.

Third party interests in Changsha, the correspondents declared, seemed to be under the full protection of the Japanese forces. German, Italian, British and American flags were seen flapping from third party interests in Changsha, they said.

Japanese Troops Seen

South of Changsha, the correspondents said, several Japanese infantry divisions could be seen moving toward the north. They added that they were convinced that the Japanese had voluntarily withdrawn from Chuchow, and were not driven out, as no Chungking troops could be seen in the vicinity of the Japanese forces.

South of Chuchow, on the Hsiang River, a large number of junks could be seen, the correspondents declared, adding that it was presumed that these were being used to carry retreating Chungking forces.

All over the battle area, the correspondents said, intense activity by Japanese forces was seen. They declared that they were convinced that the Japanese forces had complete control of all the battle areas in north-eastern Hunan Province.—Domei.

Priest's Comment

Changsha, Sept. 30.

Expressing surprise at the rapid fall of Changsha, the Rev. Petronio Lacchio, Italian Catholic priest, who stayed in Changsha despite the advance of Japanese troops, in an interview today observed that most of the resistance took refuge in the suburbs because of the unexpectedly rapid approach of the Japanese troops.

Father Lacchio said that all foreign residents welcomed the coming of the Japanese forces, and all returned to their homes as soon as the danger cessed.

Describing the condition of the city prior to its collapse, Father Lacchio said that all officials of the Provincial Municipal Government, as headquarters of the Ninth War Zone fled to Hengyang, 150 kilometres south of Changsha.

He said that commodity prices rose rapidly during the past few months with rice quoted at Yuan 60 a pound as compared with Yuan 6 last year, and revealed that General Hsueh Yueh Commander of the Ninth War Zone, had been trading Hunan rice for Kwangsi salt in order to meet the shortage.—Domei.

Chinese public bodies are making preparations to hold a mass parade to "celebrate the Hunan victory," but military authorities are urging caution, stating that while the Chinese are steadily gaining the upper hand and dealing the final blow to the Japanese forces north-east of Changsha, no celebrations should be held until the final chapter of the battle has been written.

Situation Stabilized

All Chinese field despatches from the Hunan front indicate that the Changsha situation is now more or less stabilized and also that the Chinese counter-offensive is making considerable progress.

The latest Chinese reports state that approximately 50,000 Japanese troops are at present surrounded by the Chinese in the hills to the north-east of Changsha, at three points, namely, Chunhuashan, Yunganshih and Huanghuashih, which are located between the Laotao and Liuyang rivers and also between Chansha and Liuyang. Liuyang is an important city to the east of Changsha.

For the purpose of cutting off the Japanese retreat Chinese columns, these same reports claim, have now completed the occupation of all principal crossings of the MI river in the Japanese rear, extending from the east shore of Tungting Lake to Pinkiang, on the main highway.

In their desperate attempts to break through the Chinese cordons the Japanese, according to Chinese despatches, have frequently resorted to the use of parachute troops in the past few days, but these were successfully dealt with by the Chinese.

First Signs of Withdrawal

First indications of a Japanese withdrawal are also alleged by the Chinese, who say that the Japanese troops landed in the vicinity of Yingtien and Lulintang were withdrawn to warships yesterday after suffering heavy casualties as the result of vigorous Chinese attacks.

The Chinese Air Force is reported to be giving Chinese ground forces active co-operation.—Reuter.

Japanese Withdraw In South China

Canton, Oct. 1.

Having completely cleaned up the areas in northeastern Kwangtung Province, as well as along the North River, Japanese forces have returned to their respective bases, it was announced by the press section of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to South China.

The announcement revealed that Chungking forces fled without resistance before Japanese advances in these areas. It was added that the Japanese force operating since September 20 along the Tam River, also has evacuated for an undisclosed destination without meeting Chungking forces.—Domei.

Japanese Announce Changsha Withdrawal

Hunan Front, Oct. 1.

After being in full possession of Changsha for four days following a series of smashing victories over General Chiang Kai-shek's crack Central Army divisions in the Chungking Ninth War Zone, Japanese forces will voluntarily withdraw from Changsha tomorrow and return to their original bases, it was officially announced in a communique issued by the press section of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to Central China.

"With the objectives of the current campaign fully realized through the August Virtue of His Majesty, the Imperial Forces will turn back from Changsha and its vicinity on October 2 and return to their original bases," the communique declared.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Blasts Two U-Boat Bases

London, Oct. 1.

After the R.A.F. for the second night in succession struck hard last night at Germany's two most important ports for U-boat attacks on Anglo-American aid to Russia, so many planes took off for France today that there was a continuous roar for fifteen minutes over Folkestone.

The United Press correspondent at Folkestone reported that he saw large numbers of bombers and fighters heading for France and also many fighters, escorting two squadrons of bombers, crossing the coast and apparently flying toward Dunkirk.

Not only were two of the Reich's two submarine nests raided, but supply centres for the German armies on the northeast front also were pounded last night.

Third Night in Succession

Official aviation circles, however, said that last night's raid on Germany was not as numerically heavy as the previous night when it was understood that between 200 and 300 planes participated.

Taking advantage of the autumn night hours, it was the third night in succession that the R.A.F. had flown over 1,000 miles on a round trip.

For the first time the Germans claimed that large numbers of British planes participated in the raids, but British aviation quarters were unable to understand the reason for such allegations unless the raids were particularly successful and the Germans were making excuses for home consumption.

Trading Blows

London, Oct. 1.

Heavy forces of the Luftwaffe and Royal Air Force traded blows last night with the Luftwaffe sharply attacking several northeast England coastal towns as a Berlin Radio announcement revealed the British were attacking Berlin and other areas of the Reich.

Radio Berlin said that British planes attempted to enter Germany from the Baltic and German Bight during the night, asserting that "separate planes which attempted to penetrate to Berlin were driven off by anti-aircraft batteries."

The radio said that raiders roaring in from the Baltic dropped bombs which damaged residential buildings and caused a few dead and wounded. Two raiders were shot down, said the radio, while one raider was shot down attempting to attack Berlin.

Hamburg, Stettin Bombed by R.A.F.

Authoritative announcements said in London that the R.A.F. attacked Hamburg and Stettin, the latter for the second consecutive night, and also docks at Cherbourg.

Authorities termed the Luftwaffe's attack a light raid which ended before midnight.

Original estimates were that less than one dozen deaths resulted in the blitzed district, but early this morning the tally of casualties jumped when a number of fatalities were discovered—rescuers were still digging in for trapped persons in one shelter. There were some casualties in two hotels while one church was also hit.

Townspeople said the Germans apparently flew over the district and dropped bombs indiscriminately, judging from the targets hit. The raid lasted less than one hour.

The German attack was heavier than any in recent weeks, but at no

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Heavy Loss of Life Feared As Violent Typhoon Strikes Japan

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

Reports filtering in here today from various parts of Japan indicated that a typhoon had caused extensive damage and numerous casualties in several prefectures of Japan.

The typhoon was said to have swept in from the vicinity of Guam and to have struck Kagoshima and Miyazaki Prefectures early today.

Accompanying heavy rains caused extensive damage to property and crops, said reports. Steamer schedules also were disrupted especially to Moji and Shimonoseki as well as along the Inland Sea.

A "Nichi Nichi" despatch said that over 100 persons most of them middle school students, were believed to have been killed when three coaches of a passenger train plunged into river in Oita prefecture.

The coaches were part of a four car train, said to have been loaded to capacity. The train was derailed while it was crossing a bridge and the cars plunged into the river which was swollen by torrential rains.

The despatch said that special relief squads rescued 100 passengers and had recovered 50 bodies to 1 p.m. today.

A "Nichi Nichi" despatch from Nagasaki said that it was feared 60 fisherman had been lost when heavy seas swept away their six boats while they were fishing off Kufosaki in Nagasaki Prefecture.—United Press.

Churchill Calls For Utmost Aid To Russia In Speech In Commons

London, Oct. 1.

DEALING with the enormous sacrifices which will have to be made by Britain in order to give the utmost aid to Russia, Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, during a 37-minute speech in the House of Commons yesterday, stated that "it is not only tanks—tanks for which we have waited so long—that we have to send, but precious aircraft, and aluminium, rubber, copper and oil, and other materials vital to modern war, large quantities of which have already gone."

The essential factor in helping Russia, Mr. Churchill, added, was to discover and fill the gaps in her production created by the Nazi onslaught, and it was for this purpose that Britain and the United States had sent the missions to Moscow which are at present conferring with Soviet leaders.

Dealing with the British Army, the Prime Minister said that although it was small judged by European standards, it had been built up carefully and thoroughly, and is as fine a fighting force as it was possible to produce. It is essential, he added, that it be maintained intact, despite the calls of war industries, since units and groups had been trained together, and were each an integral part of the defence force.

Difficult Decision

The decision to help Russia to the fullest possible extent, he said was difficult, when by it valuable material and equipment had to be diverted from the Imperial forces, but, "in order to keep Russia's armies indefinitely in the field, as a first-class war-making power, sacrifices of the most serious kind, and most extreme efforts, will have to be made by the British people."

After revealing that Allied shipping losses had been greatly reduced in the past three months, Mr. Churchill went on to say that he was unable to give details of British plans for the future course of the war, adding that to do so would only be to give help to Hitler.

"There is, however, one matter upon which I may speak a little more freely—namely material assistance in the way of munitions and supplies, which we and the United States are giving Russia," Mr. Churchill went on.

Moscow Conference

"British and United States missions are now in conference with the chiefs of the Soviet at Moscow. The interval which has passed since President Roosevelt and I sent our message from the Atlantic to Premier Stalin, has been used in ceaseless activity on both sides of the Atlantic.

"The whole ground has been surveyed in the light of new events and many important supplies have already been dispatched. Our representatives and their American colleagues have gone to Moscow with a clear and full knowledge of what they are able to give to Russia month by month, from now onwards. The Soviet Government have the right to know what monthly quota of weapons and supplies we can send, and they can count upon. It is only when they know what we can guarantee to send, subject of course to the hazards of war, that they themselves can use their vast resources and reserves to the best possible advantage.

Serious Sacrifices

"It is only thus that they can best fill the gap bteween the very heavy losses which they have sustained, and the diminution of munition making power which they have suffered, on the one hand, and the arrival of really effective quantities of British and American supplies on the other.

"I may say at once, however, that in order to keep Russia's armies indefinitely in the field as a first-class war-making power, sacrifices of the most serious kind, and most extreme efforts, will have to be made by the British people, and enormous new installations or conversions from existing plants will have to be set up in the United States, with all the labour, expense and disturbance of normal life which these entail.

"We have just had a symbolic tank week for Russia, and it has, I feel,—in fact I know,—given an added sense of the immediate importance of their work to the toiling men and women in our factories. The output of "Tank Week" is only a very small part of the supplies which Britain and the United States must send to Russia, and must send month after month upon a growing scale, and for an indefinite period.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 1 *)

Speakers Stress Importance of Aid to Russia

London, Oct. 1.

Speakers following Mr. Winston Churchill in the House of Commons on Tuesday all insisted on the importance of giving all possible aid to Russia. Mr. Lees Smith (Labour), official Opposition leader, pointed out that by launching himself against Russia Hitler had solved the manpower problem for Britain.

"The British army," he said, "is millions short of the German but now Hitler has thrown into the scale the army of Russia, the potential manpower of which is estimated at 18,000,000. Germany's manpower is overshadowed by more than two to one, provided the Russian army can be equipped. If we can prevent Germany winning the war in Russia we assist ourselves as much as we do Russia.

Air Aid to Russia

"The greatest immediate assistance we can give Russia is assistance in the air. It is a most fortunate fact that the R.A.F. in Russia started with a victory of 12 to 1."

Congratulating the Government on its action in Iran, Mr. Lees Smith concluded: "We took immense risks in the Mediterranean campaign at a moment when the whole world thought we could not survive. We sent out tanks and planes to Egypt and reinforced the fleet in the Mediterranean. The decision required as much courage as any decision did upon the battlefield.

"The result has been that we hold the Nile valley, we have destroyed the Italian Empire in Africa, we have military control of Syria, Iraq and Iran and we are able to build a firm second common front with Russia along the most important strategic lines."—Reuter.

Churchill in Good Mood While Giving Speech

London, Oct. 1.

During the time Mr. Winston Churchill has been Prime Minister of Great Britain, members of the House of Commons have seen and heard their premier in many moods. Frequently during these terrible months of war it has been his task to tell the British Government many hard, and sometimes tragic, truths, and while Mr. Churchill's manner is never gloomy, his voice has often been sad.

But regardless of how dark the future has appeared at the time, members of the House of Commons have come to expect the Prime Minister's sparks of the sheerest wit, and the bits of salty humour with which he leavens every speech he makes.

New Personality

Britain's Prime Minister was a new personality yesterday when he told members of the House of Commons that British, Allied and neutral shipping losses for the quarter ending on Sept. 30 had been only one-third the losses for the previous quarter.

Total British, Allied and neutral losses for April, May and June were 318 ships, totalling about 1,500,000 tons, and therefore one-third of these losses would be about 106 ships with a total tonnage of about 500,000 tons.

There was a quiet note of confidence behind Mr. Churchill's words which has hitherto been lacking. By the exercise of his own will he seemed to be suppressing his lively optimism in order that his obvious confidence in the future should not unduly encourage a general feeling of complacency.—Reuter.

Russians Evacuate Poltava After Bitter Fighting

Moscow, Oct. 1.

HARD-FIGHTING Red Army troops have evacuated Poltava, 80 miles south-west of Kharkov on the Kiev-Kharkov railway, an official High Command communique revealed last night.

The city, boasting a population of about 130,000, was evacuated after a fortnight of bitter battles following the German success in establishing a bridgehead over the Dnieper river and the subsequent capture of Kremenchung.

On the northern end of the front, the Red Army was reported to have considerably improved its positions around Leningrad, withstanding all assaults and successfully counter-attacking in numerous sectors.

Timoshenko Takes Offensive

In the central sector, Marshal Semion Timoshenko's offensive was developing successfully and spreading beyond Yartseve to the north and Gomel to the south.

Sixty-five German planes were destroyed on Sunday, while the Russians lost 27, said the communique.

In a western direction, two German regiments were routed and the Nazis in the same sector suffered at least 1,800 men killed. In this sector the Soviet captured or destroyed eight guns, 15 machine-guns, five trench-mortars and other booty.

"One group of Soviet pilots destroyed nine tanks, 11 anti-aircraft guns and 27 lorries, and killed 200 officers and men," said the communique.

Russians Regain Lost Territory

Red Army units were reported in despatches from the front yesterday to be smashing back at the German Army around Leningrad, regaining lost territory in some sectors.

Not only was the Red Army carrying out its slogan of "not one step back," but Russian troops were surging forward at many places, said the despatch. It claimed that the vanguard of enemy shock troops had not advanced a single step the past fortnight.

Reds Taking Initiative

"Pravda" published a telegraphic despatch reporting that the Russians were taking the initiative and had counter-attacked and recaptured several villages. In one sector, the 269th German division was repelled with heavy casualties, it was claimed.

The High Command merely stated that the Red Army continued to fight along the entire front and gave no further details.

The "Red Star," organ of the Army, said that town "B" on the bank of a certain river had been captured after the Russians forced the river and threw back the Germans a considerable distance, simultaneously wiping out a whole regiment.

Storming of the town was carried out by a regiment commanded by Hero of the Soviet Union Krasnakutsky.—United Press.

Nazis May Take "Protectorate" Of Bohemia, Moravia Shortly

London, Oct. 1.

CZECH quarters in London believe that Hitler may shortly abolish all pretence of a separate administration in the "Protectorate" of Bohemia and Moravia and dismiss President Hacha from office, states Reuters Diplomatic correspondent.

It is notable that Rheinhard Heydrich has been appointed only as Acting Protector, this being felt to portend a complete change in the status of the "Protectorate" which will probably be made a gau (region) in conformity with political divisions in other parts of the Reich.

"Butcher" Heydrich will then become Gauleiter of the new region.

Severe repressive measures against the Czechs are believed to have been designed to prepare the ground for this fresh assault on Czech nationalism.

Difficulty of Finding Puppets

According to Reuters correspondent in Stockholm, quoting the Berlin correspondent of the "Stockholm Tidningen," it seems probable that a regime like the Polish "Government-General" will be introduced in the Czech "Protectorate." As far as can be judged, the correspondent writes, the present system of government will end owing to the difficulty, perhaps the impossibility, of finding a successor to General Elias, puppet premier, who has been arrested.

The correspondent adds that opposition to the occupation authorities is growing everywhere. People seem to have secret channels to the "other side."

Military Agreement with Russia

The military agreement which has been concluded in Moscow between Russia and Czechoslovakia follows the same general lines as the recent military agreement between Czechoslovakia and Great Britain, states Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The Czechoslovak military unit to be raised will form part of the Czechoslovak armed forces. Its members will be subject to all Czechoslovak laws and regulations which relate to flags, badges and military rank. The chief of the military unit will be appointed by the Czechoslovak commander-in-chief in agreement with the Russian High Command.—Reuter.

Czech Sabotage Growing

London, Oct. 1.

The Moscow Radio last night broadcast reports claiming that sabotage in Czechoslovakia was growing daily despite the recent declaration of a civil emergency in the Protectorate.

(In Berlin, authorized sources said that everything was quiet and orderly in the Protectorate and said that

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

*Churchill Call for Utmost Aid to Russia

(Continued from page 1)

"It is not only tanks—tanks for which we have waited so long—that we have to send, but precious aircraft, and aluminium, rubber, and oil, and other materials vital to modern war, large quantities of which have already gone. All these we must send, and keep sending to Russia. It is not only the making and giving of these commodities, but their transportation, rather than our willingness, or ability to give, that will prove in the end the limiting factor.

"All this is now being planned and discussed, with full authority and knowledge by our representatives, and American representatives, in conclave in Moscow with Premier Stalin and his principal commanders. It would certainly not be right for me, in a public session, or even in a secret session, at the present time to make known any details of definite statements upon these subjects. The veriest simpleton can see how great is our interest, to put it no higher, in sustaining Russia by every possible means.

"There are many other interests which have to be remembered at the same time. In some respects the problems we have to face are similar to those which rent our hearts last year, when we had, for instance, to refuse to send from this country, for the help of France, the last remaining squadrons of fighter aircraft upon which our future resistance depended.

Plunge Taken in 1940

"Or again they remind one of the occasion when, rightly judging Hitler's unpreparedness for invasions in the summer of 1940 we took the plunge of sending so many of our tanks and trained troops all around the Cape to the Valley of the Nile, in order to destroy the Italian armies in Libya and Abyssinia. If it is now thought that we solved those problems correctly, we could hope that here might be grounds for confidence that in these new problems His Majesty's Government, and their professional advisers, will not err, either in direction, improvidence or through want of courage.

"Anyone, who, without full knowledge, should attempt to force the hands of those responsible, would act without proper warrant, and also—I say it with great respect—would not achieve any useful purpose, because in the discharge of duties which the House has confided to us, we are determined to take our decisions and to be judged accordingly."

Referring to the British Army, the Prime Minister said that there was a current opinion that "brass hats, Colonel Blimps, and, of course, the much abused War Office" were insisting on building up a "portentous, distended, bloated mass of soldiers in this island at the expense of the manufacture of those scientific weapons and appliances which are the main strength of victory in modern war."

"A Very Good Army"

The truth, Mr. Churchill said, was far different. We never had, and never should have, an army comparable in numbers to the armies of the Continent. At the outbreak of war our army was insignificant as a factor in the conflict. With very great care and toil and time we have now created a medium-sized, but very good, army.

Cadres had been formed, batteries and divisions and corps taken shape and life. Men worked together in military units for two years. Very severe training was carried out all through last winter. The army was hardened, nimble, alert.

Commanders and staff had had opportunities, and were having opportunities, of handling large-scale movements and manoeuvres. The British army might be small compared with the Russian or German armies. It had not had the repeated successful experiences of the German army, which was a formidable source of strength, but nevertheless a finely tempered weapon had been forged.

It was upon this weapon, supported by nearly 2,000,000 armed and uniformed Home Guards, that we relied to destroy or hurl into the sea an invader who succeeded in making a number of successive or simultaneous lodgements in our shores.

German Atrocities

"When I learned about the absolutely frightful and indescribable atrocities which German police troops are committing upon the Russian population in the rear of the advance of their armoured vehicles the responsibility of the British Government to maintain here at home an ample first-class force to beat down and annihilate any invading lodgements from the sea, or descents from the air, comes home to me in significantly ugly and impressive form.

"I could not reconcile such responsibilities with breaking up, or allowing to melt away, seasoned disciplined fighting units, which we now, at last, have laboriously and so tardily created."

As the British Army must necessarily be small by European standards, it is all the more necessary therefore, that a steady flow of skilled tradesmen and technicians be required to use the weapons which factories are now producing in rapidly-increasing numbers.

"Ranks Must Be Filled"

"There is no question of increasing the numbers of the army, but it is indispensable that normal wastage—considerable even when troops are not in contact with the enemy—should be made good, the ranks kept filled, and battalions, and tank regiments be kept at their proper strength. Above all we cannot have existing formations pulled to pieces and gutted by taking out of every platoon and section trained men, who are an essential part of these living entities whereon, one of these fine or foggy mornings, the whole existence of the British nation may depend."

Mr. Churchill hoped that some of their ardent critics outside the House of Commons (he had nothing to complain about inside the Commons) would reflect on their own past records and realize the fate awaiting nations and individuals who took an easy or popular course.

Referring to the week-end speaker who said that this was the time when leaders should keep their ears to the ground, Mr. Churchill remarked "All I can say is that the British nation will find it very hard to look up to leaders who were detected in that somewhat ungainly posture.

Only One Safe Course

"If today I am very kindly treated by the mass of the people of this country, it is certainly not because I have followed public opinion in recent years. There is only one duty, only one safe course, and that is to try to be right. That is the only way to deserve and win the confidence of our great people in these days of trouble.

"Our hearts go out to our British Army, not only to those in the Mediterranean and the East, who may soon have to bear the brunt of German fury and organization, but also to the splendid, but not too large, band of men here at home, whose task is monotonous and unspectacular, whose duty is a long, faithful vigil, but who must be ready at any hour of any day to leap at the throat of the invader.

"It might well be that that occasion will never come. If so we might be sure that the existence of the kind of army we have created will be one of the reasons why, once again, in a war which has ravaged the world, our land will be undevastated and our homes inviolate."

Bombing of Rome

Referring to the insinuation that "we are weak, timid and lethargic, and that the Government is usually asleep, and in our waking hours held back by excessive scruples and inhibitions, and that we are unable to act with the vehemence and severity which these violent times require," the Prime Minister said that the people asked, for instance, why we did not bomb Rome after saying that we would bomb Rome if Cairo were bombed.

Mr. Churchill said that one answer was that Cairo had not yet been bombed. Only military outposts on its outskirts had been bombed, but, of course, we had as much right to bomb Rome as the Italians had to bomb London last year when they thought we were going to collapse. We should not hesitate to bomb Rome to the best of our ability and as heavily as possible, if the course of the war should render such action convenient and helpful, he added.

Criticism Unwarranted

Dealing with complaints that the Government had acted feebly and hesitatingly in Persia, the Prime Minister said that this surprised him very much. He did not know of any job which had been better done than that. With hardly any loss of life, with surprising rapidity, and in close contact with Russia, we rooted out malignant elements in Teheran, chased the dictator into exile, and installed a constitutional sovereign to a whole catalogue of long-delayed and sorely needed reforms and reparations.

The Government hoped soon to present to the House "a new loyal alliance made by Britain and Russia with the ancient Persian state and people, which will ratify the somewhat abrupt steps we were forced to take, and will associate the Persian people with us not only in liberation, but in the future movement of the war."

The Prime Minister added that the Persian episode, so far as it has gone, would seem to be one of the most successful and well-conducted affairs wherein the Foreign Office had ever been concerned.

No Flattering Hopes

In conclusion, Mr. Churchill said that he could not give the House any flattering hopes, still less any guarantee. On the contrary, the coming winter afforded no assurance as the Russian Ambassador had manfully and shrewdly pointed out, that German pressure upon Russia would be relaxed. Nor did winter give any assurance that the danger of invasion would be entirely lifted from Great Britain. Winter had dangers of its own, and the enemy had had ample time for technical preparation.

"We must certainly expect that in the spring, whatever happens meanwhile, very heavy fighting, heavier than any we have yet experinced in this war, will develop in the east, and also that the menace of invasion to this island will present itself in very grave and sharp form. Only the most strenuous exertions and a perfect unity of purpose, added to our traditional, unrelenting tenacity, will enable us to face our part worthily in the prodigious world drama wherein we are now plunged. Let us make sure that these virtues are forthcoming."—Reuter.

*Nazis May Take "Protectorate"

(Continued from page 1)

the Czechs committing acts inimical to the Reich had connections with Moscow and London.

"It is regrettable that persons in these illegal circles underestimated us who have had wide experience in fighting such illegal activity," these circles said. "The Communists are often unusually stupid.")

Radio Moscow declared that "the Skoda works was out of production while a depot with ammunition ready to send to Germany was set afire" as a result of the sabotage.

"A train was derailed between Betshera and Granica and 13 coaches carrying troops, ammunition, and 18 tanks were destroyed. A second train was derailed between Baden and Possel and 15 coaches carrying ammunition and rifles for Germany were derailed."—United Press.

Prague Leaders Arrested

London, Oct. 1.

"Exchange Telegraph" yesterday reported hearing Prague radio announced that two cabinet members, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Justice, M. Krejci, Minister of Interior, General Jezcek and Doctor J. Havelka, former Minister of Communications, had been arrested by the Germans under the recent emergency declaration.—United Press.

Germans Execute 58 in Prague

Berlin, Oct. 1.

Informed quarters announced today that a military court in Prague had executed 58 persons yesterday, including numerous prominent Czechs and a number of Jews.

Among those executed were Dr. Vladimir Groh, Professor at the University of Brno, Dr. Vojtech Virek from Brno and others.

All executed were charged with preperation of high treason, and sabotage. The executions were carried out Tuesday both in Prague and Brno.

Informed quarters said hostile actions in the Protectorate were carried out by individuals belonging to two groups. The first attempted to re-establish the independent Czech state by separating Moravia-Bohemia from the Reich. The second was organized to gather firearms for use against Germany in case of counter-revolution.

Among those executed were three former Czech Army generals and numerous communists.—United Press.

More Executions by Nazis

London, Oct. 1.

The German-controlled Prague wireless this morning reported another batch of executions. Fifty-nine persons were executed after death sentences had been passed by court-martial in Prague and Brno.

The names of only ten persons executed have been published so far. They include a well-known University professor of Brno, Dr. Vladimir Groh, Colonel Karel Capek, and a well-known physician, Dr. Vojtech Virek. Among those named were two Jews.

Two hundred and fifty-six persons were reported to have been delivered to the Gestapo (German Secret State Police), but no reason was given. One person was acquitted.—Reuter.

*R.A.F. Blasts Two U-Boat Bases

(Continued from page 1)

point did it approach a full-sized blitz.

Informed quarters said that if Chancellor Adolf Hitler was attempting to repudiate Mr. Winston Churchill's statement in Commons concerning the Luftwaffe's shortage of planes by a raid of this scale, such a blitz would only serve to confirm the Premier's statement.

The Air Ministry announced that "enemy activity over this country last night was not on a large scale but included a fairly sharp attack on a northeast coastal district of England. Activity ceased before midnight.

"In northeast England considerable damage was done and there were a number of casualties, some fatal. One enemy aircraft was destroyed."—United Press.

Italian Tribute to R.A.F.

Zurich, Oct. 1.

A remarkable tribute to the R.A.F. was paid yesterday by the aviation editor of the Turin "Stampa," who writes that the "British people owe a great debt of grattitude to their air force."

"It is a serious mistake," he says, "to minimize enemy strength. It is necessary to speak with complete frankness about an adversary. It must be admitted that British anti-aircraft defences and signalling system are almost perfect. German bombers and fighters, when fighting over the island, are always in conditions of inferiority because the Luftwaffe is clearly at a disadvantage compared to the R.A.F.

"German squadrons, when on the way to Britain, are immediately signalled, and excellent defence organized. The element of morale works to the advantage of R.A.F. pilots who are directly defending their own country. During the fighting they receive the assistance of their command. All this ardour of British pilots is assuming gigantic proportions."—Reuter.

*Air Minister Lauds R.A.F. In Russia

London, Oct. 1.

The Secretary of State for Air, Sir Archibald Sinclair, has sent the following message to the commanding officer of the R.A.F. wing operating in Russia:

"Destruction by your squadrons of 12 German aircraft for the loss of only one of your own is a brilliant achievement. It is a source of particular pleasure and satisfaction to us here that you are working so closely and so successfully with the Russian air force. Good luck to you!"—Reuter.

Roosevelt Without Knowledge of Another Ship Sunk

Washington, Oct. 1.

President Roosevelt yesterday professed complete ignorance of rumours that the American steamship ss. Caesar had been sunk in the vicinity of Iceland. The Maritime Commission and the United States Navy also said they were not aware of any American vessel of such a name.

President Roosevelt, at his press conference, cited statistics on the cargo lost as a result of the sinking of the Pink Star for the purpose of supporting his contention that supplies for Britain must be protected during transit. He said such protection was essential to the defence of the United States.

What Pink Star Carried

President Roosevelt revealed the Pink Star carried sufficient cheddar cheese to provide more than 5,500,000 labourers for one week under the current British ration. The ship also carried 432,000 quarts of powdered milk and the equivalent of 1,250,000 quarts of evaporated milk, as well as 1,250,000 quarts of orange juice.

The vessel carried pork from 8,000 hogs, lard from 87,000 hogs, corn, tractors, mechanical potato diggers and quantities of small machine tools, said the President.

President Roosevelt emphasized that only a small portion of the Pink Star's cargo could be classified as military supplies.—United Press.

Nickel Fraud Case Heard in Court

That there had been wholesale purchasing of nickel coins from the Shanghai market, chiefly responsible for the shortage of small money in this city, was revealed in the First Special District Court yesterday when five Chinese and one Russian, named Peter Piatakoff, were remanded in custody after a hearing during which the prosecution presented the case in which the Russian accused and the Chinese were alleged to have defrauded Mr. V. C. Borisoff, manager of Messrs. Kodai Yoko Co. in Hamilton House, of $27,000. Hearing was postponed *sine die* pending further investigations.

It was stated that Mr. Borisoff had known the Russian accused for more than six months and had had several business transactions with him. Some time ago, it was alleged, he asked the accused if he could find him a quantity of nickel coins and the latter had agreed to deliver him the goods.

Later, Piatakoff delivered five bags with 658 pounds of coins to Borisoff and was paid $50,000, it was stated. These nickel coins were reported to have been bought from a Chinese employee of a food shop in Nanking Road and had been kept in an exchange shop at 566 Chekiang Road, it was alleged.

A few days ago Mr. Borisoff discovered that the bags contained a number of brass bits—of the same size as 20-cent nickel coins. He told this to Piatakoff and the latter, it was said, promised to settle the matter right. Mr. Borisoff was then visited by two Chinese, who were said to have apologized for the error and promised to bring 330 pounds (the weight of brass bits) of nickel coins the next day when they said they would take the brass bits away.

Police on Case

When they failed to reappear, Mr. Borisoff reported the case to Central station and Detective Inspector Ovsiannikoff was assigned to the case. Piatakoff was arrested in Hamilton House on Tuesday morning and was reported to have told the detectives that he and another Chinese, who spoke Russian well, had worked together for more than eight months and that they had bought nickel coins and bars on three occasions.

Acting on information given by Piatakoff, Det. Insp. Ovsiannikoff and some Chinese detectives went to the food shop where they arrested Ts Sz-yih, who admitted that he had sold the nickel coins to the Russian. Detectives then went to a Chinese lodging house in Chefoo Road where they found Chang Yih-kyi, whom Piatakoff identified as one who had sold him the nickel coins with brass bits. Yang Liang (the Chinese who spoke Russian) was arrested some time later when he walked into the room of the lodging house.

Early in the evening it was revealed, a party of detectives visited the exchange shop in Chekiang Road in order to arrest Woong Foo-seng, the owner of the shop. He was absent, however.

More Arrests

Seven more persons, including the wife of Ts Sz-yih, were later taken into custody in the room of the Chefoo Road lodging houses, but were released when it was found that they had nothing to do with the alleged fraud.

The detectives then learned that the owner of the exchange shop lived in Avenue du Roi Albert. With the French police co-operating, a party of Settlement detectives proceeded to the address, but found that Woong Foo-seng had left. Two more Chinese, Koo Seng-foo, an apprentice of the exchange shop, and Kying Yeh-seng, arrested for being the middle man between Ts Sz Yih and the exchange shop owner, were taken into custody by detectives.

The owner of the exchange shop is being sought by detectives. He was informed of the impending visit of police prior to their arrival, the municipal prosecutor told the Court.

Antonescu Said to Have Relinquished Army Command

Ankara, Oct. 1.

General Jon Antonescu has relinquished the command of the German and Rumanian troops east and south of Bessarabia and also relinquished the premiership of Rumania, reliable sources recently arrived here alleged today.

Gen. Antonescu, they added, has returned to Bucharest, thus indicating that Rumania and Finland now were in the same position regarding further participation in the war against Russia.

The reliable sources also claimed that Gen. Antonescu appointed himself Minister of Defence and gave up the Premiership, to which he appointed M. Michail Antonescu, former Minister of Justice.

Troops Continue Going East

Although Gen. Antonescu's own active participation in the war against Russia apparently has ended, Rumanian troop trains continue to go to the east, according to the same sources.

Gen. Antonescu, they continued, also has mobilized an additional three army corps, calling up men to the age of 49 to comply with the German demands for more manpower.

The ultimate utilization of forces was not clear, they said, but they quoted military experts as saying that instead of fighting against Russia they might go to Bulgaria for a possible drive against Turkey or be held in Transylvania for the recovery of the section of north Transylvania which the Rumanians ceded to Hungary at the Vienna conference.—United Press.

Jews Living in Paris Region Must Register

Rome, Oct. 1.

Jews residing in the Paris region, states a despatch from there to the official Italian news agency, must, from October 1, register with police headquarters for the purpose of being subjected to periodical control.

The new regulation applies to all Jews, whether French or foreign, over fifteen years of age. Whether this regulation is connected with the policy of seizing hostages adopted by the German occupation authorities, is not specified.—Reuter.

*Demand on Bulgaria By Hitler Reported

Ankara, Oct. 1.

It is reliably reported that Hitler has handed King Boris of Bulgaria a final demand to send a Bulgarian Army corps to the Soviet front. King Boris is now considering the German demand, which, it is believed, he is seeking a means of evading.—Reuter.

Dunlop Rubber Co. Wins Trademark Case

A decision was recently reached by the Chinese Trademark Bureau at Chungking in a trademark dispute between the Dunlop Rubber Company (China) Ltd., the opposer, represented by Mr. N. F. Allman and the Tientsin Hsi Chung Rubber Company, the respondent. The subject of the dispute was the respondent's "Flying Wheel Brand" trademark once approved already. The text of the decision was that "the respondent's "Flying Wheel Brand" trademark approved under No. 26594 is hereby cancelled."

The respondent previously filed an application for registration of its trademark, which has now been cancelled. The application was approved and published in the Trademark Gazette No. 144. Subsequently the applicant considered such trademark to be similar to its "Edinburgh Tyre" trademark which had been registered under No. 23381 in respect of the same goods and instituted opposition proceedings in the Bureau against the respondent's trademark.

The respondent's trademark in this case, aside from the design of a wheel with wings shown in an inconspicuous part of the trademark, consists principally of certain tyre tread designs. In reaching its decision, the Bureau quotes Judicial Yuan's interpretation saying that such a design should be entitled to exclusive use according to law.

The design and construction of the two parties' trademarks are all of the same pattern and they are not easy to be distinguished by purchasers. There is confusion. The opposer's trademark has been registered for many years, it is said. The Bureau refrains from granting registration to the respondent as it would constitute a violation of the exclusive trademark rights of the opposer and hence the decision.

THE CINEMA

"A Woman's Face"

Anna Holm ..... Joan Crawford
Dr. Gustaf Segert .... Melvyn Douglas
Torsten Barring ..... Conrad Veidt
Vera Segert ..... Osa Massen
Bernard Dalvik ..... Reginald Owen
Consul Barring ..... Albert Basserman
Emma Kristiansdotter .... Marjorie Main
Herman Rundvik ..... Donald Meek
Christina Dalvik ..... Connie Gilchrist

After the first few minutes of "A Woman's Face" which opened at the Roxy Theatre yesterday, one cannot help feeling that the film will rise to the supreme heights of powerful drama — a totally different type of drama from the trite assortment with which Hollywood is flooding the cinematic world. The deft touch of Mr. George Cukor's direction is unmistakable throughout. In this film he has succeeded in interweaving brilliant, sinister and impeccable characterizations with moments of suspense, thrills and heart-warming romance to attain a melodramatic effect. The story is out of the ordinary and although the eventual denouement is made fairly obvious from the start the sequence of events leading to the climax is unfolded in such an interest sustaining manner that one's attention is held throughout the ninety minutes. The plot concerns that of a woman, who is handicapped in life by a scar which disfigures her face horribly and who takes it out on life by preying on the happiness of the more beautiful women through the medium of blackmail.—c.s.s.

"Gt. American Broadcast"

Bucki Adams ..... Alice Faye
Chuck Hedley ..... Jack Oakie
Eric Martin ..... John Payne
Bruce Chadwick ..... Cesar Romero
Secretary ..... Mary Beth Hughes
Singer ..... James Newill

Those cinema addicts who like musicals will enjoy this film which opened at the Grand Theatre yesterday. Others with a leaning toward the more serious class of productions may have the tendency to walk out half-way throughout for its sheer weakness in plot. The inclusion of Miss Alice Faye, always a favourite even with the most critical, and Mr. Jack Oakie, the portly comedian in long woolies, saves the picture from failing through its weak story. There is considerable singing of 1919 vintage of jazz, which it will be recalled, was once the word for swing. Miss Faye, however, has a tendency to swing the music which makes the songs assume the more streamlined version of the present day type. The well shaped actress conquers this tendency in several instances and thereby keeps her music chronologically straight. When a certain point was reached she was able to sing the songs in her inimitable fashion. The film deals with the gay tuneful story of the courageous talented persons who first filled the air waves with song and laughter. "Bringing Home The Bacon," a cartoon, precedes.—R.P.A.

*Aid to China Gains More Favour in U.S.

New York, Oct. 1.

The "Fortune" magazine nation-wide public opinion survey released today showed an increase to nearly 60 per cent. of those persons favouring sending of all war materials that can be spared to China.

The poll showed that the majority of the American people oppose belligerency against Japan. However, there was an increasing tendency towards efforts to stop Japan short of belligerency.—United Press.

Another Frenchman Shot By Germans

Vichy, Oct. 1.

Paris morning newspapers yesterday announced that M. Marcel Pilon-gery, of Orleans, had been shot for illegal possession of arms. M. Pilon-gery, said the despatch, had a French infantry rifle, a German carbine, two hunting guns, two smaller rifles, four revolvers and munitions hidden under his roof.—United Press.

Communists Get Sentences

Toulouse, Oct. 1.

The terrorist court attached to the court-martial here yesterday condemned six Communist militants to prison terms running from four to 15 years.—United Press.

More Arrests in France

London, Oct. 1.

Lyons radio reports that 28 so-called Communists have been arrested in Arras, and sent to the district concentration camp, bringing the number of prisoners in that camp to 250.—Reuter.

*Britain Spending £13,000,000 Daily

London, Oct. 1.

Great Britain is now spending about £13,000,000 daily, including some £11,000,000 for war purposes, it is learned in authoritative quarters.—Reuter.

*Australia Seeking Lease-Lend Supplies

Canberra, Oct. 1.

Australia is making efforts to obtain from the United States under the Lease-and-Lend Act supplies of steel, non-ferrous metals, potash, machinery, civil aeroplanes, industrial chemicals and agricultural machinery that cannot be obtained, or in insufficient quantities, from the United Kingdom or in Australia, an official communique stated today.—United Press.

Chinese Irregulars Attack Train in Indo-China

Hanoi, Oct. 1.

An armed band, said to consist of Chinese guerillas, yesterday evening attacked a train belonging to the Yunnan-Indo-China Railway six miles south of the Indo-China border town of Laokay.

The train was derailed and two Frenchmen, including a captain of the Foreign Legion were killed in the subsequent exchange of fire.

The bandits looted the train and escaped. The incident is considered a pirate attack without political importance.—Reuter.

No Reply to French Protest

Hanoi, Sept. 30.

In connection with recent press reports regarding the situation in Indo-China, semi-official circles here declared:

Regarding the interests of Chinese in Indo-China, it may be indicated that since the events in Haiphong a few months ago, certain interests of Chinese in Tonking are placed under American protection. In fact, the American Consulate is looking after these interests. No change has occurred since in this situation and there has been no question of extending this protection.

It is understood that most of the Chinese arrested on the night of September 25 in Hanoi and Haiphong by the Japanese have been released. On the other hand, the Japanese have not yet replied to the protest lodged by the French authorities.—Havas. Telemondial.

Vernon Bartlett Acting As Press Attache

London, Oct. 1.

At the request of the Minister of Information, Mr. Vernon Bartlett, prominent journalist, has been temporarily acting as Press Attache in Moscow and has had a number of discussions with Soviet authorities on propaganda matters of common interest to Britain and Russia, it was announced in the House of Commons yesterday.

The Director-General of the Ministry of Information will shortly go to Moscow to follow up these discussions.—Reuter.

Number of Canadian Aviators to Be Turned Out Will Be "Terrific"

London, Oct. 1.

Heartening news of the empire air training scheme was given yesterday by Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, High Commissioner for Canada, who is visiting London. He said the scheme was months ahead of schedule and had grown far beyond the original bounds. The programme would reach the maximum production of aviators sometime this year.

"I am not going to say what the figure will be but it will be terrific," added Mr. MacDonald.

Mr. C. G. Power, Canadian Air Minister, disclosed that the scheme will be extended until the number of schools and aerodromes will be almost doubled. He added that exclusively French-Canadian squadrons would be established overseas under a French-Canadian leader as soon as enough French speaking personnel is obtained.—Reuter.

WOMEN serve on equal terms with men in the Soviet Navy, Army and Air Force, and there are no fewer than nine women generals. Three of them are serving with the Air Force, and each has a first-class pilot's certificate. One woman pilot, aged 41, claims to have shot down eleven German aircraft. While there are no women among the higher ranks in the Soviet Navy, there are a number serving on ship and at depots, and the only branch in which there are no women is the submarine service.

The Finest Navy in the World Would be Rendered Obsolete Without an Efficient Air Force

The Air Sea Rescue Service of the R.A.F. is responsible for saving the lives of many Pilots and air crews. A rescue dinghy dropped by a Lysander spotting aircraft to a pilot in the sea and then directs the high speed rescue launch to pick up the pilot.

CONTINUE MAKING YOUR MAXIMUM EFFORT FOR THE R. A. F.

Voluntary War Contribution Fund

(The Fund for Aeroplanes)

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK — CHARTERED BANK

(DONATED)

Demands of Cinema Employees Revealed in Statement

DESPITE persistent reports in the local Chinese newspapers that cinema employees will declare a strike today, circles close to the working class here declared yesterday that they did not think that a general strike would be declared. This belief was based on the fact that the employees had only recently received a good increase and that the firm stand of the cinema operators might stop the employees from taking the step.

The labour situation on the whole was better yesterday than it had been for some time, with only 200 strikers left in the city. These were the employees of Peter's Brockade Weaving Factory and the workers of Foh Shing Tailor Shop.

Approximately 2,000 employees of foreign style furniture shops resumed work yesterday morning. They received a fifty per cent. increase in their pay. It was reported yesterday that the employees would apologize to the Furniture Shop Owners' Association in the newspapers for having damaged some of the shops.

Cinema Dispute

Meanwhile, claiming that information appearing in local papers with regard to the current dispute between cinema employees and operators has been far from the truth, the Shanghai Cinema Exhibitors' Association issued a statement in which they say that the idea that the present demands are merely for a reasonable increase in salary and a small allowance to meet the high cost of living is anything but an accurate one.

The statement reveals that an agreement between Cinema Exhibitors' Association and the Employee's Union was reached in April of this year, when the association recognized the Union as having full authority to represent its members. It was also then agreed that the Union would give its assurances that no strikes on the part of its members would be contemplated without giving the exhibitors an opportunity to consider the justification of such a move.

Increases, from ten to 150 per cent., and a rice allowance of $40, were given to all the cinema employees, with the provision of an additional rice allowance should prices for that commodity rise.

The exhibitors on their part reserved the right to reduce staff for purposes of retrenchment and to dismiss employees for neglect of duties, but in such cases, due notification was promised the Union through the Exhibitors' Association.

Seventeen Demands

Other points of the agreement stipulated leave of 24 days per annum to each employee and an extra $1 for each extra show given (such as morning shows).

On September 20, the Theatre Employees' Union presented the Association with seventeen demands, which included an increase of 60 per cent. on all salaries and wages, a "commodity allowance" of $40 in addition to the allowance granted in April, "retirement allowance" to those dismissed or discharged, a resignation fee," equivalent to one half of the "retirement allowance," to employees who resign voluntarily, an "enterprise fee" to the Union for establishing schools for the children of the employees, free clinics, club for the members, etc. This fee, according to the demands, would be paid to the Union at the end of each calendar month.

The Union also demanded that the Association guaranteed that there would be no dismissals during the period of negotiations and mediation in the event of dispute between the employers and employees. At the same time, the Union guaranteed that there would be no strikes prior to consideration by the theatres. The Union also demanded that the theatres gave them a guarantee that no persons, non-members of the Union, would be employed in the theatres.

The seventeen demands also included one for meal allowances of two dollars for each extra performances, a compensation of $20 for try-out of pictures not to be shown at the theatre, an extra month's salary at the end of December, a bonus equivalent to eighteen per cent. of the net profit to be granted to employees at the end of the year.

Other Demands

The Union has demanded one off-day for each employee, without deduction of wages, a two weeks' leave, also without deduction of wages, to any employee for his own marriage, death of his father, mother, wife or child, and that no less than four operators be employed by each theatre.

The fourteenth demand stipulates that administrative and supervisory members of the committee of the Union be allowed to absent themselves from the theatre for the purpose of attending important business at the Union offices, mediating in the disputes between members or for carrying on negotiations to settle differences between the employers and employees. They will, however, serve notice in writing beforehand.

The Union also wants the theatres to pay funeral expenses and for the medical treatment of an employee in case of the person sustaining injury while in performance of his duty. Payment of wages and other forms of remuneration to the age of sixty, in additional to medical expenses, must be paid in the case of disability. In case of death, the theatre must pay to his family a sum equivalent to the total of his wages and other forms of income calculated for the period from the time of his death to the age of sixty.

The Association points out that members of the Union have obtained, since 1937, increases equal from three to five times the wages they were then getting. It is also learned that some of the projection room operators, in addition to their special allowances ranging from $10 to $20, have made private arrangements with commercial slide agencies whereby they receive in the case of some theatres considerably in excess of $250 a month, to be divided among the three men in the booth.

In connection with the demand for an "enterprise fee" to be donated to the Union, it is pointed out that the theatres have already a Medical Benefit Fund.

R.A.S. Lecture Season Reopens This Evening

At the joint meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society and International Institute of China to be held this afternoon in the Auditorium of the Society's building at 20 Museum Road at 5.30 o'clock, Mr. Arthur de C. Sowerby, former President of the Society and Honorary Director of the Shanghai Museum, will give a lecture, illustrated with coloured pictures thrown on the screen, on the subject of the "Mammals of the Japanese Islands, Possessions and Mandated Territories."

Mr. Sowerby is well known as one of the leading naturalists in the Far East, having devoted a lifetime to studying the fauna of this part of the world, as well as making extensive zoological collecting expeditions into the interior of China and neighbouring Manchuria, Mongolia and Korea. His special branch of zoological study has been the mammals of these countries, and recently he has been extending the scope of his researches to include the mammals of Japan and the territories under Japanese rule.

Wide Area Covered

Roughly speaking, these may be said to include the chain of islands that fringe the eastern coast of Asia, from Sagalin and the Kurile Islands in the Okhotsk Sea in the north to Formosa in the south, and eastward out into the Pacific Ocean to include the Bonin, Marianne, Caroline and Marshall Islands, the last three groups constituting the so-called Japanese Mandated Territories.

Thus it will be seen that the area of the earth's surface to be discussed includes Arctic, Temperate and Tropical Zones of animal life, for, while Sagalin and the Kurile Islands may said to be only sub-Arctic in latitude, several purely Arctic forms of mammals, such as the polar bear, the walrus and various seals and whales, range southward to their shores during the winter. On the other hand the mammalian fauna of the Marianne, Caroline and Marshall Islands, consisting mostly of fruit-bats or flying-foxes with a few rats and two species of sambar deer, are definitely tropical in nature and distribution. The islands between these two extremes are temperate in climate and so naturally have the kind of animals to which those who live in similar latitudes of the Northern Hemisphere are accustomed.

Interesting Relationships

There is, however, an interesting faunistic relationship between Formosa and Southern Japan on the one hand and the Himalayan region on the other, which will be discussed by the lecturer, as well as the very evident close connection between the mammals of the Japanese Islands and those of the adjacent Asiatic mainland, which indicates clearly that at no very distant times these islands were joined to and part of the mainland.

As the mammalian fauna of the region covered by Mr. Sowerby's lecture is a very rich one, with some 280 distinct forms, those who are interested in animals as such should find much to entertain them, particularly as a series of excellent coloured pictures of these animals will be thrown on the screen to illustrate his subject.

Public Made Welcome

This will be the opening meeting of the members of the two organizations this season, and, as usual, it will be open free to the general public, the members of which are cordially invited to be present. It may be emphasized that the membership of the Society, as well as of the Institute, is cosmopolitan in character, a point which is sometimes overlooked and so may cause some Shanghai residents to feel diffident about attending the joint meetings of these two organizations.

The same applies to the Society's splendid library of reference works on China and Eastern Asia generally, which may be consulted by members of the public without charge, a comfortable Reading Room being supplied for the purpose. The Shanghai Museum, which is on the third and fourth floors of the same building and is one of the major activities of the Royal Asiatic Society, is also free to the public and is open from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. every day of the week, including Sundays and holidays. Its popularity is attested to by the fact that from January to August this year it has received no fewer than 57,000 visitors, an average of over 7,000 a month.

Japanese Victim of Gunmen Will Recover

Mr. Inosuke Shimada, an employee of the Nippon Insurance Co. in Nanking, who was wounded by unidentified gunman on September 22, and who was later removed to Foo Ming Hospital where he was operated upon, was completely out of danger, it was learned yesterday. He will be able to leave the hospital within three or four weeks.

The Chinese pedestrian who was also wounded left the Chinese Lester Hospital that same day. The unfortunate man was wounded in the right leg.

Mexican Diplomat Calls on Marines

Senor Eduardo Espinosa y Prieto, Chargé d'Affaires for Mexico, called on Colonel S. L. Howard, U.S. Marine Corps, at the Fourth Marine Headquarters yesterday. Photo shows, reading from left to right, Colonel S. L. Howard, Senor Eduardo Espinosa y Prieto, Major G. D. Hamilton, and First Lieutenant R. F. Ruge.

Shanghailander In Malaya Enjoys Work with R.A.F.

Many former Shanghai residents are at present living in Singapore where they are serving in H.M. services. In a letter just received here from one of them, it is stated that the climate, although better than in Shanghai, causes when combined with the work a drain on one's energy.

His letter in part follows:—

I have been put in the R.A.F. Intelligence and although so far the work is extremely clerical it shows promise of being interesting.

The job at present entails long office hours and a long trip out from Singapore to the Naval Base daily and although the climate is really quite reasonable (far better than a Shanghai summer), one has not much energy left over at the end of the day.

—— who came down with me are in the same department as myself. We just happened to arrive when vacancies had to be filled and entirely side-tracked any training whatever. As you may have heard, my wife and family were allowed to stay here after all, and they will (the war permitting) remain here probably until February next year. Also to my agreeable surprise I found the allowances for a family here were much better than with the family away, and though barely adequate owing to the cost of everything here, are quite reasonably generous. Being over thirty we rank as Squadron Leaders so far as allowances go, though only get the pay of a Pilot Officer. By the way the correct address is Pilot Officer —— R.A.F. Headquarters.

Of course if things "hotten up" out here the family will have to move on, I imagine, but if that can be postponed it is all to the good. I am glad anyway I planked for Singapore and not India.

There is quite an assortment of Shanghai folks here including —— and lots of others. We have now taken a house (furnished), very lucky indeed to get one at all as there is a terrific housing shortage and we might have had to wait up to a year, particularly for a furnished one! We get practically no news here from Shanghai. The place might hardly exist, though there are lots of people with an interest in Shanghai.

Hovans, Two Chinese Remanded in Custody

With the French police still working to determine the motive behind the murder of Serge I. Mamontoff, Russian commission agent and former employee of the "Far Eastern Times" who was fatally shot in the French Concession recently, no startling revelation was made in the Second Special District Court yesterday when Eugene Hovans, former Russian actor and alleged instigator of the crime, underwent a preliminary trial. Accused and two Chinese, one of whom confessed to having shot the victim at a recent hearing, were remanded in custody and the hearing was postponed to October 6.

Yesterday, Hovans kept on denying that he knew the victim of the shooting. He admitted in court, however, that he knew one of the accused Chinese whom he could not trust. The Chinese he knows is not the one who has confessed to having shot the victim, Liu Fong-lin, the alleged assailant, is a Chinese bodyguard employed by a wealthy Chinese, while the other was alleged to have served as a middleman between the instigator and the attacker. The alleged go-between previously told the court that the accused Russian had approached him for the purpose of finding an assassin and that he had received $200 as part of the payment promised.

Just before the death of the victim he was reported to have told the police that Hovans might have been involved in the crime but the French police did not charge him until after the two Chinese had confessed to the crime.

Y.W.C.A. Budget Drive Inaugurated

To inaugurate the annual budget campaign for funds wherewith to carry on the work of the Young Women's Christian Association during 1942, a tea party was held yesterday afternoon at 328 Moulmein Road at which a large group of team workers and advisers gathered.

The party was enlivened to begin with by a demonstration of various youthful activities by the children of the Y.W.C.A. Nursery, followed by dancing by the members of the newly organized tap dancing class, who were a credit to their instructors. Musical items also showed what good work is being done by the Y.W.C.A. classes; and stressing how varied is the work done by the institution, a factory girl gave a little talk on her experience of the helpfulness of the Y.W.C.A. in the opportunities they gave for education.

Brief talks were also given by Mrs. Chen, Mrs. L. C. Hylbert and Miss Chien.

The Hon. Chairman for the budget campaign are Mrs. W. W. Yen, Mrs. T. T. Wong, Mrs. S. K. Tsao and Miss Eleanor Hinder. International Branch Campaign leaders are Mrs. E. J. Ottewell, Mrs. John S. Barr, and Mrs. H. J. Van Hengel. Among the advisers are Mr. E. Kann and Mr. J. C. Oliver, the Hon. Treasurer being the Rev. E. J. Ottewell.

It is hoped to raise the sum of $180,000 for the 1941-1942 Budget.

"Oriental Affairs"

"Japanese or English?"—"Myopia and a Language Problem" is the first editorial article in "Oriental Affairs" for October, followed by "British Railway Interests in China." Special articles are "Autumn in Japan" by a British Resident; "America and Japan", "Germany and Japan"—a broadcast made by the Editor on September 15 last; "Mr. Duff-Cooper's Mission" and "New Orders" are also broadcasts by Mr. Woodhead. "The New Monetary Regulations" is an article by Julius R. Kaim; "Wartime Education Adjustments in China" is a record of achievements, and "Communists Lose Ground in North China" is written by W. V. Pennell. Letters from Japan and North China are among the permanent features in the issue.

Jewish Residents End Fast Period

The annual 24-hour fast in observance of Yom Kippur, the Day of Atonement, for Jewish communities all over world, came to a close yesterday evening when the first stars appeared in the heaven. Local Jews marked the end of the prolonged fast with a special feast in their homes.

According to the Hebrew calendar, Yom Kippur is the most important day in the Jewish year. Following the singing of Kol Nidrei on Tuesday night, the local Jewish community began the observation of the fast by refraining from food, liquid, smoking or indulging in any enjoyment.

Yom Kippur marks the actual beginning of a New Year for the Jewish people, although the Jewish New Year Day started last Wednesday on the ocasion of Rosh Hoshanah. The month of Tishri begins with ten days of repentance and ushers on the fifteenth day of the month, Succoth, the feast of Tabernacles.

The termination of Yom Kippur yesterday following the blowing of the Shofar marked the beginning of Succoth, the happiest holiday in the Hebrew calendar. The whole festival season will culminate in the happiest day of all, Simnas Torah.

This year, however, the joyous festival will be marked quietly in view of the world situation in which Jews have suffered so pitifully. All synagogues throughout Shanghai yesterday and on Tuesday evening were crowded to capacity, as vast congregations attended the religious services.

Russian Doctor Robbed By Chinese Servant

Liu Tah-ming, office boy employed by Dr. B. I. Iasinsky, Russian physician at Flat 34, 374 Kiangse Road, was yesterday brought to the First Special District Court on a charge of having stolen his employer's winter and summer clothing. Two others, named Chang Ling-shi and Tsau Jang-keng, were charged with the same crime. The three men were remanded pending further investigations.

The theft was discovered at about 3.20 p.m. on Tuesday, after Liu had left the office of the complainant. The latter reported the case to Central Station and investigations, which led to the arrest of the three thieves, were started by Detective Inspector V. I. Ovsiannikoff.

Suspecting Liu of stealing the clothes, detectives learned that the office boy had a mother residing in Avenue Petain. The house was visited, but Liu's mother told the policemen that she had not seen her son for more than three months.

In the meantime, Liu and his two accomplices returned to the physician's office, but sensing that something was amiss, hid in a lavatory on the roof of the building. Liu was discovered soon after and, questioned by detectives, confessed to the theft and implicated the others, who were arrested some minutes later.

It was learned that Liu, who slept in the kitchen, had taken the clothes little by little and had pawned them with the help of his two friends. When arrested by the detectives, Chang was wearing Dr. Iasinsky's coat, while Tsau was found in possession of several pawn tickets. The three men had repawned several tickets, it was learned.

Chinese Business Man Kidnapped by Gang

Kidnappers struck again yesterday morning when four men abducted Mr. Hu Pah-nyien, manager of a dyeing factory in Haiphong Road, at 11.30 o'clock, just as the victim was leaving his office in Ningpo Road and was getting into a car to proceed to the factory.

The kidnappers, it appears, were well aware of the victim's movements and acted fast, giving neither Mr. Hu nor the chauffeur, any chance to raise an alarm.

As soon as the victim left the office, the four men, one of whom had a pistol, followed him to the car and pushed him inside. The armed man took the seat next to the chauffeur and ordered him to drive to the French Bund. Here the driver was forced out of the vehicle, which was then driven away south along the quay.

The chauffeur reported the case to Louza police station and detectives were assigned to investigate the abduction. The car, bearing licence No. 810, could not be located yesterday. No political significance was attached to the case.

16 Robber Suspects In Court

Sixteen suspected robbers of both sexes were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday in connection with an armed robbery committed last month but no details were revealed during the short hearing, which was postponed sine die at the request of the police for further investigations. All accused were remanded in custody.

It was said that accused were all arrested in hotels situated in the various districts in the Settlement and that they were alleged to have been working together. During the various raids conducted chiefly by the Gordon Road police, three pistols and 20 rounds of ammunition were seized.

It was revealed that accused might have been involved in at least one robbery committed on September 24 in a rice hong in the Pootung Guild in Avenue Edward VII.

Judge and Bar of H.M. Supreme Court Eulogize Late Member

MEMBERS of the local British Bar assembled in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday on one of those rare, but memorable occasions, to pay a tribute to the memory of a departed colleague. The eulogy was spoken by Judge Sir Allan G. Mossop to the late Mr. K. E. Newman of the law firm of Teesdale, Newman and Co. whose sudden demise last week was described by His Lordship as a sad loss to the court and the community. Mr. Newman, he said, was one of their oldest friends and colleagues in the profession and a senior member of the Bar. Mr. John McNeill, H. M. Crown Advocate, associated himself and the Bar with the remarks from the Bench, and joined His Lordship in extending condolences to the family of the deceased in their bereavement.

Among those present were H. M. Crown Advocate, Mr. John McNeill, the Registrar, Mr. C. Haines and members of the Court's staff, and Messrs. G. H. Wright (Hansons); J. R. Jones and H. A. Reeks (Ellis and Hayes); A. B. Seddon and C. E. Sherwin (Platt, White-Cooper and Co.); Ranald McDonald and E. L. Hartopp. Addressing the gathering His Lordship said:—

"Mr. Crown Advocate and Gentlemen—Before proceeding with the business of the court on this occasion of its first sitting after the vacation, it is fitting that I should make reference to the sad loss which we and the community have sustained in the sudden death on Thursday last of Mr. Kenneth Newman, one of our oldest friends and colleagues in the profession here and one of the senior members of the Bar of this Court.

Joined Law Firm

"I well remember the time, early in 1914, when Newman first arrived in China in order to take up the post of legal adviser to the Shanghai Municipal Police. It was on February 20, 1914, that he was admitted to practice in this court. After serving with the Council's department for a short period of years, he left the service of the S.M.C. and entered into partnership with John Teesdale and Edwin Godfrey, both of whom alas have also since passed away!

"Ever since that time Mr. Newman continued actively in practice in the firm which we still know affectionately by the name of Teesdales. Newman's profession was, I have always believed, very near to his heart, both as a solicitor and as an advocate of this Court; he was at all times painstaking and conscientious in his work, and the judges of the court have had frequent reason to be grateful to him for the able assistance which he rendered in the administration of the law.

Generally Beloved

"Added to this Mr. Newman was possessed of a very generous and kindly nature. It is within the knowledge of many of us that his charitable acts, in connection with his law practice, were numerous indeed.

"The large number of those who were present at the funeral service held on Monday bore ample testimony to the fact that Newman was beloved beyond his immediate surroundings.

"We may feel assured that in taking this sad farewell of our friend today, our sorrow is shared by a large section of the Shanghai community. To Mrs. Newman and to members of her family, I extend on behalf of the judges and staff of this Court, our deepest sympathy in their bereavement."

Mr. McNeill: "On behalf of the Bar of this court and myself I should like to associate myself and the Bar with Your Lordship's remarks concerning Mr. Newman and with the expressions of regret and sympathy to his family."

Dr. Saimon Nakamura, professor of the Tohoku Imperial University of Japan who was in Nanking to observe the recent solar eclipse and study its effects on magnetism on Monday returned to Peiping by air to inspect the meteorological observatory.

Administration of Davy Estate Clarified in Court

Observing that there may be particular reasons in these times why it would be undesirable for property of British subjects to leave the jurisdiction Judge Sir Allan G. Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday granted leave to Mrs. G. A. Schrap, a German, formerly the wife of the late Mr. T. D. Davy, a British subject, to retract her renunciation of her probate rights under the will of Mr. Davy and to appoint Messrs. J. R. Jones and H. A. Reeks, counsellors-at-law, to administer the property. The order did not entitle her to obtain probate, but to retract her renunciation for the purpose of securing letters of administration in the names of the lawyers concerned who, His Lordship explained, would do the work while she stood in the background.

The motion was one to retract her renunciation and for an order for leave to apply for probate or alternatively for the lawyers to apply for and obtain probate of the will of the deceased, and for costs to be paid out of the estate of the deceased. The motion was not opposed by Mr. G. H. Wright, who explained that he was appearing nominally for Lloyds' Bank Ltd. representing the only son of deceased, Thomas Daniel Humphrey Davy, now on active service with the R.A.F.

Appointed Executrix

Mr. Jones for the applicant, who was the divorced wife of deceased, read an affidavit which he had filed with the court stating that deceased, who was formerly on the staff of the "North-China Daily News", died on March 16, last, and left a will dated June 16, 1928, whereby applicant was appointed the sole executrix. By a deed of renunciation subsequently made, it was stated, she renounced all rights to probate of the will. The son, now serving with the R.A.F., was the sole beneficiary under the will.

Counsel stated that applicant's marriage to deceased was dissolved and a decree absolute was granted, and she subsequently married Mr. R. H. Schrap, a German. Two cables had been received from Mr. Septimus Davy, brother of deceased, in England, explaining that the son was unaware of the circumstances here and asking her to withdraw her renunciation and to continue as executrix. Her divorce and remarriage, it was stated, did not affect her relations with her son and it was considered desirable that she should obtain the full benefit of the estate for him, he being in a "dangerous condition" serving abroad, and it was felt that probate should be applied for without further delay and expense.

Status Questioned

Mr. Wright explained that he desired to be of general assistance in the matter and then raised the question of the status of the applicant and the jurisdiction.

His Lordship pointed out that an alternative had been asked for in the motion that leave be granted to applicant to appoint Messrs. Reeks and Jones to be attorneys for the purpose of issuing administration papers. His Lordship thought the court, according to the authorities, had the discretion to authorize administration in favour of a proper party. While not for a moment doubting the applicant His Lordship pointed out that she herself was under a different jurisdiction, and her own hands might be tied against herself.

Supreme Court, S.M.C. Adopt Winter Hours

H.M. Supreme Court yesterday reverted to normal winter hours after adopting summer hours during the past two months when the court held sessions only in the morning and heard cases involving claims not exceeding a stated sum. Other cases were heard only by special leave of the Judge. In future the court will resume the holding of whole day sessions.

The Shanghai Municipal Council yesterday also changed to winter hours from 9 a.m. to noon and from 2 to 5 p.m. following the summer recess. Daylight saving time, however, will still be adhered to until the Council and the authorities of the two other areas here concerned have decided upon a date for its suspension.

J.R.C. Educational Dept. Head Named

Mr. Shunnosuke Masuda, Principal of the Niigata Prefectural Sanjo Middle School, has been appointed Chief of the newly-created Educational Department of the Shanghai Japanese Residents' Corporation, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday evening. Mr. Masuda, according to the paper, will arrive here on October 6.

Soviet Ship Loads Thai Rubber

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

The Soviet steamer Mikoyan (2,300 tons) left Bangkok yesterday afternoon presumably for Vladivostok, via Singapore, and Hongkong, with a cargo of 1,000 tons of rubber aboard, states a Japanese despatch from Bangkok.—Reuter.

A special propaganda corps will be established on October 10, the anniversary of the "Double Tenth" under the auspices of the Shanghai Special Municipality to which the corps will be attached, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo." Opening ceremonies will include distribution of handbills, staging of open air lecture tours and the screening of special propaganda films.

Trustees of Ex-King of Siam Ordered to Repay

Bangkok, Oct. 1.

Trustees of the estate of the late ex-King Prajadhipok and Queen Rambhais were ordered today by a civil court to redeem over 4,000,000 ticals worth of disposed property.

The action was taken two years ago by Luang Pradist, Minister of Finance, who charged that King Prajadhipok had transferred 6,000,000 ticals worth of Crown property to himself. The trustee was ordered to make this good.—United Press.

Otani Resigning As President of N.Y.K.

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

With the expiration of his term of office on September 30, Mr. Noboru Otani, 61-year old president of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Steamship Company announced his intention to resign from his present post held since 1935. With acceptance of the resignation by the Board of Directors on November 28, Mr. Otani was expected to take over the chairmanship of the newly-organized Shipping Control Association.—Domei.

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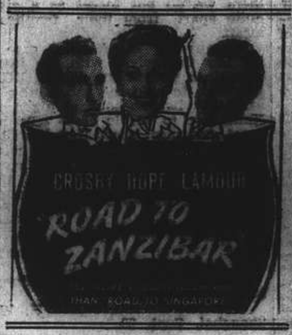

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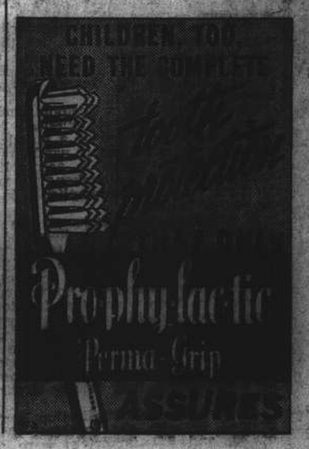

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. *To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

Exchange Control:
Deputation for Hongkong

To the Editor of the
"NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—We hear now that there is a deputation of business men proceeding to Hongkong to confer with the Stabilization Board—that is indeed good news, for it may be hoped, that some practical way out of the present mess may be found. There are certain major difficulties now being experienced by importers and these should receive the urgent consideration of those responsible for framing any instructions which affect the status of the import trade.

It must not be forgotten that there are many importers who have endeavoured to carry on trading, not unmindful of early reminders of the importance that they should do so, and the attendant necessity to retain the necessary staff has also been emphasized.

If there is to be no import trade, let us know the position with as little delay as possible, so that we may cut our staffs down to mere skeleton organizations, and put the shutters up on business altogether: we can at least release a number of willing men to go and do some useful work somewhere else, instead of trying to bluff them that we can continue to trade.

No one knows precisely who is responsible for the maze of instructions, forms, counter-forms, etc., which have been issued, with the prospect of more to come; but it seems certain that those who have been dealing with this question have very little knowledge of the import trade, or the effects which badly framed or unworkable instructions have upon this trade.

That the banks are not responsible may be taken for granted, for they too must be passing through an ordeal comparable with that of importers and for this reason not an enviable one.

To interfere with a Customs Tariff, even to the smallest extent, requires the experience of a board of economic experts, but it would take such a board weeks to accomplish what some board in Hongkong appears to think could be accomplished in a matter of hours.

If currency restrictions are to be applied only to certain items of a Customs Tariff, it requires the knowledge of experts who are familiar with all things which the particular territory can reasonably do without, as well as those which that territory must have: something of the magnitude of such an undertaking can therefore be imagined, in the case of a Customs Tariff, running into many hundreds of classifications: it would be a stupendous task in any circumstances.

At the time the Stabilization Board stepped in with the mythical rates of 3½ and 5%, importers were already committed in many directions, but it developed that these rates were only applicable to certain restricted items in the Tariff, and subsequently radios proved to be on the authorized list, whereas wool weaving yarn was omitted: the former could be done without but the latter are almost essential as no wool tops can reach the spinning and weaving mills due to wool control. But this is only an illustration.

May I recommend to these Shanghai business men who are proceeding to Hongkong, that all genuine business booked by reputable firms before the date of August 20 should be treated entirely separate from business booked subsequently, and subject to the banks being satisfied with the records produced, the preferential rates should be granted. If this is not done, hardships which are entirely unwarranted and undeserved must be imposed on a number of respectable trading concerns.

Regarding orders booked subsequent to the above date, what is required is a broad plan, capable of being interpreted correctly, and above all practical in its conception.

DIZZY.

Shanghai, Oct. 1.

An Appreciation:
Of Mr. Sowerby's Articles

To the Editor of the
"NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR.—We have just been reading in our family, as we do every Sunday night, Mr. SOWERBY's "nature article," and it is time that some one of what must be his hundreds of readers wrote to thank you and him for these extremely interesting and informing weekly dissertations, describing what is always going on around us, but which many of us fail to observe and much less to record and expound with such insight and fascination.

Speaking of the Hangchow Bore, Mr. SOWERBY says it is best seen at Yakow, but I think he must mean Haining or places further up the coast. I remember in February, 1931, the late Dr. J. M. Blain kindly took me with him the two hours' bus ride to that place, where we had the luck to see the best Bore, as he told me, that he had seen out of forty occasions! On arrival at the embankment the muddy river was running out swiftly a good 20 feet below where we stood. After waiting more than an hour the huge wave could be seen approaching with an awe-inspiring roar, and when it raced past us I reckoned it was only two feet from the top, though it subsided about six feet. Dr. Blain said that if lucky, we might see a second wave. Sure enough about 20 minutes later a high black wave appeared without a breaking crest, which seemed to be coming on several feet higher than the top of the embankment where we were standing. Actually it rushed by well over the top, drenching me to the waist on a bitterly cold day, because I had not been quick enough mounting a second bank, built back from the first, evidently to prevent this second wave, which is apparently rather rare, from swamping the streets of the town. Two other visits to the Bore have been very disappointing by comparison.

Mr. SOWERBY speaks of crickets, and does not mention the sport of cricket-fighting in which the Chinese indulge. I have not actually seen a fight, but the insects are kept in small earthen jars and are stimulated to joust by the application of a hair-like grass. The author of "The Land of the Blue Gown" says that when travelling he met a man whose livelihood consisted in collecting these hairs, the best specimens of which fetched a high price from the young bloods who amused themselves backing their own crickets against each other.

I often feel that Mr. SOWERBY could tell us much more than he does, and am sure he could answer many questions we would like to put. For instance, why did he not come to the rescue of the man who some weeks ago inquired through your columns why mosquitoes bite and sting people. The answer which appeared, while no doubt true, was all too brief and partial, and could have been delightfully enlarged upon by Mr. SOWERBY with the aid of his speculative imagination and facile and prolific pen. At any rate we are grateful to him, and hope that these Sunday "efforts"—as you once called them—will long be continued.

W. R. O. TAYLOR.

Hangchow, Sept. 28.

S.M. Orchestra:
A Question Answered

To the Editor of the
"NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It must be a comforting idea to JUNIUS SECUNDUS to see himself in print again and to have shown your readers that once more he would like to tread on the path of destruction. He likes to abolish things—good things and bad things, things some people like, others dislike, but all which he does not like—the Orchestra, T.B., poverty, misery. There are quite a few things he wants to keep, his comfort, his anonymity, his radio set which gives such a "beautiful" programme of music played by a "very superior" orchestra under the "world's greatest" conductor. Others may die from sheer poverty, JUNIUS SECUNDUS has a good radio set. Of course he wants a better world, his better world, but he will never make a constructive effort, never a sacrifice to attain it. He only wants to abolish and to destroy what does not please him, JUNIUS SECUNDUS.

"Am I alone?" he asks.

The answer is: "Who cares?"

JAN VAN DEN BERG.

Shanghai, Oct. 1.

Coming Christmas:
And Some Suggestions

To the Editor of the
"NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—There are now quite a few of our menfolk serving in Malaya and Hongkong, and I suggest that Shanghai might get together and send a "little something" to these bully boys for Xmas—just to remind them we do not forget as a city—quite apart from their families I mean.

Perhaps the B.R.A. may care to identify themselves with the idea.

Another suggestion. Would XGDN also care to chip in and kindly put aside say half-an-hour at about 9.15 Xmas Eve to enable us to send personal greetings—short (but it will be sweet—to them) parents, wives, sweethearts and friends will surely appreciate the chance to put their personal touch over the air, a modest charge for the War Fund, for each name. We could if this is agreeable to all notify our boys to be on the "stand by" to receive a message from Mother and Dad, etc.

But don't delay—mails are irregular!

H. W.

Shanghai, Sept. 29.

Austrian Refugees:
Not Austrians But Jews

To the Editor of the
"NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—There are neither German nor Austrian refugees—there are only Jewish refugees. I don't want to argue with the Austrian whose letter about "Austrian Refugees" was printed in your today's edition, but I am sure to write in the name of many more followers than he does, saying: "There are neither German nor Austrian refugees, but only Jewish refugees."

The biggest part of the Jews, scattered all over the world for about 2,000 years, persecuted and chased nearly every second century, knows exactly, "There is only one solution of the Jewish question and that is the Jewish State." It's only a very small part of the refugees who still have German feeling, most of us know; we don't belong to the nation of half-a-dozen each of famous musicians, poets and philosophers, we are a nation of our own, a nation having given the world the ten commandments, the Bible, the prophets, not to say Einstein, Ehrlich and a hundred other prominent Jews. One thing I want to state is, when the Viennese University was a real Mecca for the students of the whole world, then that was only on account of the Jewish professors like Neuman, Hayek, and so on.

As a Viennese-born boy I may be allowed to say there was no city in Germany where people had such a strong anti-Jewish feeling as in Vienna.

The Jewish-feeling Jews, and that is the biggest part of the refugees, the youth 100 per cent., have no pro-German, and no anti-British, but only a pro-Jewish feeling, and when we do criticize the British policy, then it's only because we have been too often disappointed by it. But, nevertheless, we are the natural ally of England, willing to spend everything, even our lives for the final victory over our common enemy.

All we want England to do is "Give us a chance," she hasn't done it up to now.

W. ADAR,
ONE IN THE NAME OF 1000.

Shanghai, Oct. 1.

***RATEPAYER AND A PASSENGER:—Your letters cannot be printed unless accompanied by your name and address, which should be written legibly. They can also be authenticated by attaching a card. Names, if it is so desired, will not be published.—ED.

Three More British Warships in U.S.

Washington, Oct. 1.

The Navy Department yesterday announced that the new list of British warships being serviced in American navy yards included the cruiser H.M.S. Manchester at Philadelphia, the destroyer H.M.S. Fire Drake and the merchant cruiser, H.M.S. California, at Boston.—United Press.

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Japan Urged to Study German Misuse of Science

Singapore, Oct. 1.

In a leading article on the British Association meeting in London the "Straits Times" today draws attention to the "terrible" change Hitlerism has brought to German science.

Once German scientists led the world's research and thought, it says that today their science is misused to degrade and destroy both the world and themselves.

The newspaper continues: "The story is a terrible one and it might be studied with great profit by those scientists in Japan who have made substantial contributions to world knowledge but are yet unable to see what their fate would be should their country emerge from the present crisis as a junior partner in a triumphant totalitarian confederacy.

"After the first world war German science made a rapid recovery and in the early, 1920's German institutes once more became world centres for the training and stimulating of scientists in every quarter of the globe.

Nazi's New Order

"In a few short weeks the Nazis destroyed all that. Traditions and values of more than a century were torn to shreds. By the middle of 1936 half of the staff of the Heidelberg Faculty of Philosophy....was dismissed....In 1932 the faculty of Gottingen constituted perhaps the most brilliant group of scientists in the world.

Of its 238 teachers, 52 had been dismissed by 1933 and those who retained their posts organized a great burning of books in which they destroyed, with their own hands, the great University library.. Between 1933 and 1937 almost a quarter of higher university staffs in Germany, or at least 2,500 scientists, were removed from their posts. The number of full time University students fell from 116,000 to 67,000."—Reuter.

"Kokumin" Attacks "Encirclement"

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

The nationalistic "Kokumin Shimbun" editorially declared today that notwithstanding the fact Japanese-American negotiations are proceeding at present—"an expression of Japan's effort to carry out her policies peacefully,"—hostile countries are steadily re-inforcing the ABCD anti-Japan encirclement while simultaneously strengthening military bases in the south-western Pacific.

As a result, said the "Kokumin," "Japan, confronted as she is with the most unprecedented crisis in her history, now finds she has no other way but to throw her whole weight into an endeavour to carry through with national policies.

"It is understood that the Government, in close co-operation with the Army and Navy Command, is making full preparations for meeting developments whatever the nature of their proportions," it concluded.

On Shipments to Russia

The "Nichi Nichi Shimbun," asserting that Japan will calmly watch developments in the tri-power talks at Moscow, said Japan cannot overlook United States and British assistance to Russia through the Far Eastern route since there is no guarantee such materials will without fail be sent to European Russia.

The "Nichi Nichi" said that these materials might probably further strengthen the Far Eastern Red Army, thereby upsetting the balance of power in the Orient.—United Press.

A.A. Guns Shoot Down 600 Planes

London, Oct. 1.

Six hundred enemy planes have been destroyed by anti-aircraft fire over Great Britain since the war began, states a War Office communique.

The six hundredth plane was claimed by gunners in the north after they had fired only 32 rounds. Infantry manning beach defences saw the bomber burst into flames and crash in the sea.—Reuter.

War Atmosphere Said Prevailing In Vladivostok

Tsuruga, Oct. 1.

War atmosphere prevails in Vladivostok with steel-helmeted Red soldiers crowding the streets, according to Mr. Taiji Senda, Chancellor of the Japanese Consulate-General at Vladivostok, who arrived here last evening.

Mr. Senda revealed that air raid shelters were being dug everywhere in the streets, and air defence drill carried out every day. The Chancellor added, however, "Movie houses and other amusement centre are being packed as usual and there is plenty of foodstuffs and other daily necessaries."

Since the conclusion of the Japanese-Soviet neutrality pact, the official revealed, the Soviet authorities, as well as the people, are very friendly toward the Japanese.—Domei.

Japanese Demarcation Plans Approved

Saigon, Sept. 30.

The Japan-Thai-French Indo-China Committee for the delimitation of the Thai-French Indo-China border this morning approved Japanese plans for regulating the actual work on the frontier demarcation after minor amendments.

The actual work is expected to get underway after October 10 following another committee meeting this week.—Domei.

Thai Gains Announced

Bangkok, Oct. 1.

The Premier, Mr. Luang Bipul Songgram, was cheered in the Thai National Assembly when he announced that Thailand was getting over 70 islets on the Mekong river as one of the results of the Thai-French demarcation deliberations in Saigon—one of the Thai demands in connection with the frontier re-adjustments.

In winding up the 90-day session of the Assembly, the Premier said that the Government would try to preserve the independence of the Thai nation above everything else.—Reuter.

King Approves Latest Naval Appointments

London, Oct. 1.

The King has approved the appointment of Rear-Admiral A.U. Willis as Commander-in-Chief of the African station with the acting rank of vice-admiral in succession to Vice-Admiral Sir Robert H.T. Raikes. He also approved the appointment of Rear-Admiral F.H.G. Dalrymple-Hamilton to be Flag Officer commanding in Iceland in succession to Rear-Admiral R.J.R. Scott.—Reuter.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

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To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Light Organ Music
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 News in Czechoslovak
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home
4.30-7.00 Chinese Programme
7.00 Polish Programme
7.30 Dinner Time Music
8.00 Relay from the B.B.C.
8.30 "Out of the Bag"
9.00 News in English
9.20 "Canada Calling"—a Talk
9.30 An Hour at the Opera
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese.
(Programme Details and short wave Schedules in Radio Flash)

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and later on GSF in the 19 and GSD in the 25 metre bands are:—

p.m.
8.00 NEWS, War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 London Carries On.
9.30 The Lights of London.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. Noel Gay.
11.00 War Correspondent. Tommy Peabody.
11.15 Violin Recital by Max Gilbert.
11.30 End of an Empire. Part 2. The fall of the Italian Empire in Abyssinia.
Midnight. On Young Shoulders.
7.45 French Programme on GSG 16 metre band.

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12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Assorted music (requests).
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Semi-classical music.
8.00 Broadcasting Letter-box.
8.15 Semi-classical music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert

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Criagie's Departure Postponed Indefinitely

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

The British Embassy here revealed today that Sir Robert Craigie cancelled his Kobe-bound railway reservation for October 3. At the same time the Embassy called off his reservation for departure from Tokyo on September 29. The Embassy reiterated that the Ambassador's vacation was "indefinitely postponed."—Domei.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF OCTOBER 2, 1871

The extra freight of ten shillings per ton for the first vessel arriving with new season's teas has been awarded to the steamer Enterprise, which reached England. Several of the consignees demurred to the premium being paid to the Enterprise, on the ground that the teas first on the London market were those by the steamer Australia, which were forwarded by railway from Southampton. This objection was, however overruled on the point that the Australia was not despatched direct from Hankow. The officers and crew of the Enterprise, have received from the owner, Mr. De Bussche, a gratuity of a month's pay.

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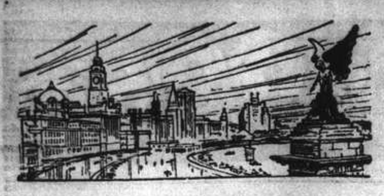

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the new columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

FREEDOM OF SPEECH

Mr. Winston Churchill's review of the war in the House of Commons on Tuesday has been noted by commentators as being the brightest picture that any British spokesman has been privileged to outline since the beginning of the war. In most of his other speeches the Prime Minister has had to tell of bad news, and in all conscience there has been enough of that during the past two years. Tuesday's effort was a decided change, and, though Mr. Churchill confined himself to the traditional British understatement, he was sufficiently buoyant in his remarks to assure the House and the people of Great Britain of his confidence as to the future and how that confidence is supported by the great efforts which are being made in the United States and Great Britain. He did not, however, say anything which would stimulate that complacency against which the Empire is being continually warned but rather spoke against it as one of the chief dangers to the efficient prosecution of this war. One observer states that by the exercise of his own will he gave the impression of suppressing his lively optimism in order that over-confidence should not be felt.

The Prime Minister took occasion to deal with some of the critics of the Government outside the House, and the impression to be gained from his remarks is that it was about time that some of them were brought to a realization of what the Government had done, is doing and will do in the future. But the very fact that he found it necessary to answer criticism indicates that one of the inestimable benefits of democracy, namely, that of free speech is preserved in Britain even in time of war. Hitler never answers criticism. There is none. If there were, doubtless the headsman's sword would render it inarticulate. The contrast between the liberty of expression in Great Britain, and the ruthless suppression in Germany and the occupied countries is just as great as the contrast between the two warring ideologies. Mr. Churchill's defence of British action in Iran was complete, and, when he summed it up as "one of the most successful and well-conducted affairs wherein the Foreign Office had ever been concerned," he paid high tribute to the execution of a policy in conjunction with Russia which completely nullified German intrigues in that part of the world.

The improvement in the Battle of the Atlantic is most gratifying. The Prime Minister very wisely points out that all danger has not yet been removed, and that renewed and even severer attacks by U-boats and long-range German aeroplanes are to be expected. The hope will be that the measures which are being taken for the defence of merchant shipping in the Atlantic, with the assistance of the United States fleet, will ultimately bring that menace under control as it was during the last war. Efforts are being made towards that end, and there is little doubt that eventually they will prove effective. In his final summing up Mr. Churchill told the House that he could give them no flattering hopes, still less guarantees. He quoted Mr. Maisky to the effect that there was no assurance that winter would bring any relaxation of the German pressure upon Russia. Nor would it give any assurance that the danger of invasion would be entirely lifted from the British Isles. Fortunately Great Britain is equipped to meet such a danger as never before in its history.

Whatever happens in the meanwhile Mr. Churchill warned his hearers that heavy fighting must be expected in the spring, heavier, perhaps, than any that Britain has experienced in the present war. That he expects will develop in the East to which it is expected that Hitler will shortly direct his attention. Fortunately the British have been accumulating considerable strength in that coming theatre of war, for it is realized that the war machine which Hitler has created is such that it must be continually in motion. Should it be unable to make much progress against Russia doubtless it will be turned towards an attempt to capture the Suez Canal and thus sever one of the imperial life lines, but with the inspiration of such a man as Mr. Churchill and the leadership of men like Generals Wavell and Auchinleck the British armies which have been stationed in the East may be expected to give a good account of themselves. They are now fully apprised of German war methods, have seen them tried out in France and in Russia, and are now in a better position to deal with them than when mechanized warfare was sprung as a first surprise.

ENEMY MENDACITY

While much is not heard of Italian feats of arms these days, it must not be assumed that the Italian propaganda machine is in any way much behind Goebbels' department in the issuance of falsehood. A recent example is the engagement between Italian torpedo-carrying aeroplanes, and the British Mediterranean fleet conducting a convoy through the central Mediterranean. The Italian fleet is said to have been somewhere in the vicinity but, with that discretion which has marked its conduct since the British Navy gave it several somewhat severe maulings, it very wisely kept out of the way. After the encounter the Italians claimed that their machines had succeeded in sinking two heavy, and one light, cruisers, and to have damaged a battleship. The British Admiralty admit that H.M.S. Nelson was struck by a torpedo and her speed slightly reduced, while one merchant vessel in the convoy was sunk. The Italians claim that the convoy was forced to turn back to the base from which it started; the British report its arrival at its destination.

Locally the German propaganda rag carries the heading "London Admits Crippling of HMS Nelson," over a short report from Stockholm stating that the Nelson "was damaged in an attack by Italian torpedo planes." There is a vast difference between inflicting slight damage on a battleship and crippling it. The Bismarck was crippled before she was sent to the bottom of the sea. The Nelson it is to be assumed was able to fulfil her task of assisting in seeing that the valuable convoy reached the port to which it was sent in safety. The same sheet speaks of the "Waning of Morale Revealed by Soviet Prisoners" in a heading over an article which contains the following passage: "Their miens (sic) reveal their down and out condition. Their begging gestures for bread or for a "papirosy! a cigarette, give us a drasting (sic) inkling as to what horrors these men must have gone through." There is a deal of other rubbish in the article in question, but the idea of the request of a prisoner for a cigarette being indication of the weakened *moral* of the Russian troops is just a trifle too naive. Cigarettes are common currency amongst soldiers as any German propagandist ought to know.

Then the latest German claim with regard to the Russian campaign is that the Russians have lost over six million men of which 2,600,000 they say are prisoners of war, and about 4,000,000 are killed and wounded. No mention is made of the German casualties, though; if they were put at no more than a man and a boy, it would not be at all surprising in the light of the fantastic claims which they have continually put forward. Fortunately it is known that the Germans have suffered enormous casualties, and are diverting their wounded into any country rather than Germany in order that the German masses shall have no information as to the wanton wastage of men which is taking place in order to satisfy Hitler's ambitions. Those German commanders who were opposed to the invasion of Russia have proved that they were right. The success which Hitler's military "genius" has achieved up to the present has been secured by a callous disregard of life such as has never been witnessed in the world before.

But why do the Italians and the Germans make such claims? It will be noted that no reports of popular rejoicings over the fall of Smolensk and Kiev have come to hand. The Germans have nothing to rejoice about, and these fantastic claims are obviously designed to allay that discontent which neutrals report is being felt over the prospect of a third winter at war. In Italy it was necessary to win an engagement at sea to offset the psychological effect of the recent bombing of Italian cities, and the growing realization of the completeness with which Italy has been taken over by the Germans. It is an interesting fact that the more extravagant these claims the greater is the need for victory in the enemy countries from the point of view of *moral*, and it is obvious that if the enemy Governments are unable to produce actual successes the propaganda artists have to make a few on paper. The impression to be gained is that the propaganda organizations are engaged in the cheerful habit of whistling in the growing darkness in order to keep the courage of their people up.

The Shipping War

The Prime Minister made a brief but encouraging reference to the decline in losses of British and Allied shipping during the last three months and to the increase in the losses suffered by the Axis partners. Allied losses during the last quarter were one third of those of the previous quarter, while for the same period, the Axis losses had trebled. The last estimate of Axis losses to reach Shanghai was towards the end of August. It was then reported that during the five weeks preceding 416,000 tons of enemy shipping had been destroyed—a very remarkable total when the number of ships available to the Axis is compared with the number available to the Allies. Since then there have been almost daily reports of further sinkings of Axis ships, sometimes in the Mediterranean, sometimes in the North Sea or off the coast of Norway, where there has been considerable movement of supplies for the Nazi troops engaged in the war in Russia. Every Axis ship sunk is a heavier blow to Hitler's cause than the loss of an Allied ship is to the Allies, since the facilities for replacement in the Axis countries cannot compare with those in Britain and the United States. In the latter country especially there will soon be an output of vessels such as the world has never seen before, an output which will play a most important role in securing the final victory. In a recent talk over the B.B.C. a speaker emphasized the importance of shipping in this war. He made the point that in wartime sea powers such as the Allies and the United States need many more ships than they do in peacetime. It is not simply a question of keeping the total tonnage the same by replacing ships which have been sunk or rendered useless by enemy action; it is something much more than that. The Allied merchant fleets must be expanded so as not only to carry the normal quantities of supplies across the oceans to where they are most needed, but also to carry out duties which are abnormal. Large numbers of ships, for example, have to be taken off the usual commercial runs and made into army and navy transports and supply ships. Tankers which would in the ordinary course be carrying oil to Britain or parts of the Empire have to be used exclusively on behalf of the fleet, which at times is forced to keep them at sea for considerable periods while awaiting a chance to refuel. Other ships have been turned into merchant cruisers, protecting trade routes or patrolling seas through which enemy vessels might slip in order to harass convoys. The fact that the Empire and the Allies are maintaining an army in the Middle East of well over three-quarters of a million men in itself calls for an enormous amount of shipping. These men have to be kept supplied with arms, munitions, tanks, planes, plane parts, food, clothing, and all the thousand and one things which are called for in modern warfare. All these demands prove a severe strain on the ordinary peacetime shipping capacity of even the greatest maritime nations, and when this strain is increased by steady losses inflicted by the enemy, it can be seen that a serious situation might easily result. The B.B.C. speaker concluded that shipping might be described as one of the most vital munitions of war, and when the possibility of a growing armaments industry being made idle by lack of bottoms to carry the needed materials is considered, it is easy to agree with him. The long-term plans of the Allies and the United States have never lost sight of the importance of ships and yet more ships. In a few months the United States will be launching one new ship a day, with a prospect of their ship-building industry being still further speeded up in the future. All these ships will come in useful. When the Allies can rely upon such a constant supply of vessels, then will be the time to talk seriously of taking the offensive on the Continent. And the time may not be so far distant as many people suppose.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Sept. 29.—Spines and prickles play an important part in the defence of plants against animals, the spines growing from the wood while prickles proceed from the epidermis. These protectors may appear at all heights, but they are to be found in greater numbers close to the part requiring protection: nature provides these spines and prickles just where they are most required. In the case of our local Gleditshia—that stately tree we find growing in the country and which is planted along many of our roads—the trunk is often a mass of spines while few are seen along the branches. This is presumably to prevent animals climbing the trees to feed on the young stems. We wonder whether the usefulness of these spines is known also to the Magpies, for we often see nests on the top of tall Gleditshias in the country. Prickles are not confined to plants growing on land, we also find them on the leaves of some aquatic subjects. The Royal Water Lily (*Victoria Regia*) is a good example; this giant of the Amazon is protected on the under surface of the floating leaves and along the edges by a close network of veins covered with prickles; the seeds are also well protected. We also find leaves protecting themselves and the fruit of the plant by their construction: we cannot imagine any animal enjoying a meal of Yucca, Agave, Pandanus or Aloe, all these have long sharp pointed leaves. The Thistle protects itself very well indeed and although roses are also more or less protected, we have an idea that many things can be done to a rose that cannot be done to a thistle. In some cases, for example on some of the Cacti, small bristles grow around buds, these break off at the slightest touch, attach themselves to the skin and produce an unpleasant itching sensation. When we try to pull them off our hands, we often succeed in pushing them deeper into the flesh and forcible extraction results in injury out of all comparison to the size of the bristle. A different method of protection occurs on the nettle and some other plants; in these cases, the stinging hair is very thin and easily broken: when it is broken, a sharp point is produced that punctures the skin and from this point, the contents of the cells is injected into the wound. A similar form of protection is to be found in the case of the fruit of *Monstera deliciosa*: this plant is grown in a few greenhouses here and the fruit is edible, it ripens from the base upwards and while the base may be ripe and delicious, the top is still unripe and liable to cause a burning sensation in the mouth when tasted.—W.J.R.

ANZAC INVENTIVENESS

Inventiveness of Australians and New Zealanders, now turned from peace-time purposes to the creation of devices of use in the war, is aiding the anti-Axis drive in these two South Pacific democracies, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

One example of this was the appointment of Prof. T. H. Laby, Dean of the Faculty of Science at the University of Melbourne, as chairman of a board which will co-ordinate work on optical instruments now being made for war. A first task of the board has been the investigation of problems connected with telescopic sights for anti-tank guns.

Australian savants are also being mobilized to help push ahead the Federal Government's big plan to manufacture explosives, and in New Zealand experts drawn from the universities are doing the same work.

In the field of war inventions the position is not so clear. Australians, an ingenious and adaptable people, have not forgotten that one of the originators of the tank was a countryman of theirs, and they see the possibility of development of a new weapon, or at least of a new method of use for an existing weapon before the war is over.

Consequently there has been considerable attention given to new devices in war, in the hope that a fresh and effective device can be discovered.

In this field the favourite subject, understandably, has been methods of increasing the effectiveness of Britain's defences against the Luftwaffe.

New Zealand is already reported to have made one major contribution to the air strength of Britain, a new and simple method of training airmen in bombing, but details remain undisclosed.

Earlier in the war the Australian Army Minister described the ingenuity disclosed in letters to Army headquarters on war weapons and devices as "almost incredible." At that time letters were reaching the High Command at the rate of 500 weekly, and being sent on to the Inventions Board. Every letter was examined and every one which continued the germ of an idea was noted by experts in various army branches.

One of the suggestions made here long before the Nazi invasion rehearsal last September was the burning of inflammable oil on the surface of the English Channel to foil Nazi attackers, a device which Netherlands sources widely reported was actually adopted.

Electrical Devices

Much attention has been devoted to possibilities of electricity in meeting tank attacks. Wires trailed overhead, wires hidden at ground level, and streams of highly electrified water played on the tanks from hoses have been some of the ways in which Australians have proposed to dispose of the tank crews of the Nazi panzer divisions. Revealing this, the High Command pointed out that all these suggestions had the basic weakness that the current would be earthed at once through the metal tracks of the tanks and the crews would be unharmed.

One device which is given much attention is that which is mentioned in Charles Morgan's play "The Flashing Stream"—a robot airplane which would be sent aloft to hunt enemy raiding planes and destroy them. Guns which would outrange the Big Berthas of the present war, many improvements on existing warplanes and new versions of airplane engines are also popular. Some Australians ask as much as a half million dollars for their plans.

In New Zealand, the Defence Minister W. Frederick Jones, recently revealed, the inventions board has been operating since the outbreak of war. Technical officers of Army, Navy and Air Force co-operate in dealing with all suggestions received. Every suggestion, no matter how fantastic it may appear, gets serious attention, and if a plan appears practicable steps are taken at once to put it into operation.

Only a small number of the total, were usable, the Minister said. Many inventions were sound enough, but had been anticipated by similar or more effective devices already in use. Others covered obsolete devices which could not be adapted to modern weapons. Some inventions, while not suitable in themselves, contained ideas which were handed over for development by technical officers.

Virtually every suggestion made had been offered free as a contribution to the national war drive.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 454 days and there have been 9,337 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 460 days and there have been 1,642 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

Fund	Amount Ch. $	Contributed £ Sterling
Central British War Fund	296,566.86	70,007.17. 1*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	201,695.72	211,179.15. 2§
War Savings Association	199,530.02	165,547.18. 2‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £

IN PARENTHESIS

Summer Jokes

I SPENT last summer in a very pretty city in Switzerland.

Berne?

No, I almost froze.

* * *

Personal

BACHELOR, white, Protestant, blue ribbon family tree, desires to meet unmarried lady interested in family trees, on beach.

High tide or low tide?

* * *

Fish Tale

ALL our sea foods are caught by men in traps during the winter months on the bottom of the sandy ocean.—From the menu of a St. Petersburg coffee shop.

My!

* * *

Life's Freedom

HAVING left my home and board I will not be responsible for debts incurred by my wife Mary. Charles J. Seibert.—Adv. in the Herald Tribune."

The free way of life, eh, Seibert?

* * *

If Caught

I USED to know Mr. Smithers, who was with your firm, I understand that he is a tried and trusted employee—

The banker looked at his questioner coldly. He was trusted, yes; and he will be tried, if we're fortunate enough to catch him.

* * *

He Got It Straight

WELL, my son, what did you learn in Sunday school today?

We learned all about a cross-eyed bear.

About a what?

Yes, sir, named Gladly. We learned a song about him:

All about 'Gladly, the cross I'd bear'.

* * *

Newspaper Ways

ELIZABETH (N. C.) "Daily Advance" gives its readers the low-down on war news:

GERMANS NEAR MOSCOW
SOVIETS SURGING AHEAD,
AND SOMEBODY'S A LIAR

Neat Trick reported in Denver Post headline: Two Elderly men kill Selves by gas and leap out window.

* * *

The Noble Experiment

TALKING about dry towns, have you ever been in Leavenworth, Kansas? asked the commercial traveller in the smoking car. No? Well, that's a dry town for you all right.

They can't sell liquor at all there? asked one of the men.

Only if you had been bitten by a snake, said the drummer. They have only one snake in town. After I'd stood in line three hours, the snake was too tired to bite any more.

* * *

Then The Explanations Began

A MAN, in his carefree bachelor days, had been very fond of a California restaurant which specialized in waffles with honey. Year after year he had journeyed to the place to get the delectable viand; so, when he finally married, he decided to take his wife there, in order to share the pleasure with her. He did not tell her what was coming; merely ordering an excellent meal with two orders of waffles.

The meal came, the waffles came; but there were two small pitchers of near-maple syrup, and no honey.

He called the waitress over, and whispered, loud enough for his wife to hear: Where's my honey?

The waitress beamed intelligently. She's on her vacation now, sir, was her answer.

Kailan Mining Administration

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"Then what can I do for you, all you big steamers,
Oh what can I do for your comfort and good?"
We here in Shanghai, at one end of the long sea routes, may well join Kipling in asking this question.
Our reply is to contribute to
The Central British War Fund.
Send your donations to the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
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THE SPORTS PAGE

Betting Favours Yankees to Win World Series; Dodgers All Set For Classic

New York, Oct. 1.

LEO Durocher and his "daffy but dazzling" Dodgers were standing on the edge of their greatest adventure since 1920 today, ready for the opening game of the great 1941 World Series classic.

To the Yankees, a World Series is an old and familiar story. Their quiet confidence was reflected in the betting odds, namely, 9 to 5 against the Dodgers and 5 to 12 against the Yankees.

Thus the American League champions are favoured almost two to one.

It was expected that 70,000 rapid fans would jam the Yankee Stadium today for the opening game, as all reserve tickets have been sold.

Charlie Ruffing, who won 15 games and lost six for the Yanks, will start on the mound for the Yanks, pitting his cunning and courage against the National League champions.

It was still a secret whom Durocher will start for the Dodgers, but probably either Whitlow Wyatt, Fred Fitzsimmons or Curt Davis.—All of whom are greybeards—will take the mound.

Aces Up the Sleeve

This will leave Vernon Gomez and Johnny Murphy, ace Yankee hurlers, and Walter Higbe, leading Dodger pitcher, for action later in the series. Gomez won 15 games and lost four during the past season while Murphy won eight and lost three. Higbe won 22 tilts and lost nine.

On the punching side of the picture, Joe DiMaggio, the great Yankee outfielder, was expected to dominate the Yankee hitters, closely followed by his slugging mate, Charlie Keller.

Reiser—the Spearhead

Pete Reiser, National League batting champion, will be the spearhead of the Dodger attack according to season statistics. Reiser collected a .343 average during the past season, compared to DiMaggio's .358. Joe "Ducky" Medwick was not far behind with a .316 average.

Dolph Camill will be the hope of the Dodgers for circuit, game-winning clouts, but his season average was only one more homer than Keller, three more than Tom Henrich and four more than DiMaggio—giving the Yankees a real "murderer's row."—United Press.

Cathedral School Beats PTH in Cricket Match

The annual all-day cricket match between the Cathedral Boys' School and the Public and Thomas Hanbury School, staged yesterday at the Cricket Club ground, ended in a rout with the former team walking off with a triumph by 92 runs. In reply to the Cathedral School's total of 115 runs, the P.T.H. boys compiled one of the lowest scores—if not the lowest—that they have amassed in the entire history of this annual meeting when they were skittled out for the meagre total of 23 runs.

Such was the rapidity of the P.T.H. collapse that the match was brought to a close at 2 p.m. just after slightly more than three hours' play. The devastating bowling of Felgate and Farmer worked havoc with the batsmen on the losing side, this undoubtedly being the main factor contributing the P.T.H. defeat. Felgate was especially unplayable and was responsible for the dismissal of no less than six of the opposing batsmen for a neglible sum of 10 runs.

Only 17 Overs

But excellent support was forthcoming from Farmer at the other end, this bowler claiming four wickets for 13. Only these two trundlers were employed by the Cathedral School and they succeeded in dismissing the entire P.T.H. side within 17 overs.

It was P. J. Hall and Gauntlett (i), however, who were responsible for laying the foundation of the Cathedral School victory when they knocked up substantial totals of 25 and 20 respectively. These two boys made a stubborn third-wicket stand which broke the back of the opposing attack. During his stay at the crease, Hall displayed a straight bat; he contented himself with scoring singles and two's and only once did he send the ball to the tapes for his steady innings of 25.

Formidable Bowling

Quincey and Minoot handled the major portion of the attack for the P.T.H. and returned creditable averages: Quincey obtained five wickets for 45, Minoot three for 40.

The P.T.H. innings was a sad procession of batsmen with not one of their men being able to reach double figures. Turner was able to claim the honour of being the top-scorer with six runs! Turner, Quincey and Viatkin were expected to run up impressive totals, but the formidable bowling on the other side worked their downfall.

The match was umpired by P. Crow and G. Beckerman.

Detailed scores follow:—

Cathedral Boy's School

E. Evans, b. Minoot	8
Gander (i), c. Mooney, b. Quincey	9
Hall (i), l.b.w., b. Turner	25
Gauntlett (i), b. Viatkin	20
Crow, c. Turner, b. Viatkin	8
Farmer, b. Minoot	9
Allen, run out	5
Felgate, c. Nestroff, b. Minoot	7
Coghill, b. Minoot	0
De Coster, not out	1
Marshall, b. Viatkin	11
Extras	12
Total	115

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Viatkin	12	1	40	3
Minoot	11	1	45	5
Quincey	5	0	18	1
Turner	2	0	9	1

P.T.H. School

Quincey, c. Felgate, b. Felgate	4
Mooney, b. Felgate	2
Sarkari, b. Felgate	2
Grebenschikoff, b. Felgate	1
Viatkin, l.b.w., b. Felgate	1
Turner, c. Farmer, b. Farmer	6
Moreland, b. Farmer	4
Carlsen, not out	0
Stephen, b. Farmer	1
Nestroff, b. Felgate	1
Minoot, c. Evans, b. Farmer	1
Extras	1
Total	23

Bowling Analysis

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Farmer	8.5	1	13	4
Felgate	8	4	10	6

Tutuila Sailors Favour Yankees For World Series

Chungking, Oct. 1.

The average intelligent Chinese and non-American foreigner's reaction today, when questioned by the United Press was:

"World Series—oh, yes, that's baseball isn't it? Won't Babe Ruth win again?"

Practically the only Americans who know about winners of the pennants are sailors and officers aboard the gunboat, U.S.S. Tutuila, and some Embassy officials since not a single word of baseball is printed in Chungking.

Even the sailors aboard the Tutuila complain they know more about the Far Eastern political situation than the series, but 12 of the crew favoured the Yankees and two the Dodgers—their fancies were based on the ten games of which they had heard the results this season.

Officers aboard the Tutuila favour the Yankees, with the Captain offering 4 to 1 odds on the series or 6 to 5 the Yanks will win four straight games.—

As far as could be ascertained, no bets have been laid yet in Chungking.—United Press.

Slower Times Seen In Yesterday's Training Gallops

By "The Chaser"

A nasty wind blowing down the last quarter tended to spoils things yesterday morning at the Race Course when the usual large crowd of ponies were out to do their customary mid-week gallops. In view of this the times of the trials recorded yesterday were considerably slower than Sunday.s Another reason for this was that all the gallops were confined to the training track as the grass course was not opened.

However, making allowances for the wind and weather, some good gallops were noted. Cluniehill who will be holding the fort for the "Clunie" stable while his more illustrious companion, Cluniehouse, is being laid up on account of a nail in his frog, turned in an attractive gallop of 2.19 for the mile. He finished very strongly in 33.1. Had the going been easier there is little doubt that he would have covered the distance in 2.16 at least, if not under.

Among the First Class Ponies

V for Victory (alias Cordon Rouge alias Waterloobey) who is reported to be blazing a comeback trail made no bones about it yesterday when he wound up his mile of 2.20 with a sizzling last quarter of 31.3. He is now owned by Percy Colman and is being trained by Lee Sung. Slow Motion took 2.17 for his mile but came home in poor style to register 36 for the final quarter. Frostylight, the G.O.M. of race ponies, served notice that he will have to be reckoned with this autumn when he cracked off a mile in 2.24. There is nothing in the time except that it is competitive, but convincing manner in which he did the last bit was well nigh impressive. Hard held he did the last quarter in 33. Flyinglight's gallop of 2.21, last quarter 33 must be considered good as he finished with quite a bit in hand.

White Parade, looking on the heavy side, was sent over a mile and took 2.24 for the distance, last quarter 34. He does not appear to be ready yet and a bit of sweating will not do him any harm.

The Subs of the Year

The subs of the year have attracted quite a bit of attention these last few week. Most of the owners of these ponies claim that their subs have summered well and are now vastly improved. Dunhaung is now looking better than ever. He is looking first class and the style in which he did a mile gallop yesterday indicated that it will take a mighty good 'un to beat him this autumn. He did at a mile in 2.19, last quarter 34. It does not appear that he will be having things entirely his own, however, as Scorpio who cracked a sensational gallop of 2.56 last Saturday followed it up with a 2.18 mile yesterday.

Among the "X" class ponies the two National ponies, National Leader and National Spirit, continue to hold favour. They were clocked at 2.35 for their mile trial. Furioso cracked off a mile in 2.25.3. last quarter 38 Although the finish was rather poor, the total time must be considered quite good.

The Second and Lower Classes

The Cire stable should do quite well this autumn what with ponies like Merrylight and Joylight in second class, category "B." The former came home in 34 after taking 1.42 to do the first three quarters and totalling 2.16 for the whole mile. This is indeed a good gallop and it will come as no surprise if he should be a winner the first time out. Joylight took 2.21 for his mile, last quarter 33. Corps Cavalry also turned for a useful gallop of 2.17, last quarter 33.

National Beauty took 1.44 for a three quarter mile spin, last quarter 33. Tungstenlight was out with Benlight and both did a mile in 2.26 with a final burst of 34. Un-Un-Un went well to register 2.21 for a mile, last quarter 33. Lucky Sonny was sent over a mile and a quarter which he did in quite good style. His time was 3.01, last quarter 34.

Don Federico galloped a mile and was going strongly at the finish when he did the last quarter of a 2.21 mile in 33. Colorado Kid looked as though he might been a winner this month when he registered 2.18 for a mile, last quarter 33 Fiery Christmas' mile was done in 2.26, last quarter 33.

Tomorrow's Fight Card

Middleweight Championship of China (10 rounds)

George Levchenko (150) v. Kid Teddy (152).

Lightweight Championship of China (10 rounds)

Paul Lojnikoff (135) v. "Vargas" Devcich (135).

Semi-Final (8 rounds)

Sam Lewko (167) v. Kid Andre (175).

Special Event (6 rounds)

Peter Lojnikoff (132) v. Kid Rukenstein (136).

Joe Clara (139) v. Babe Gourevich (135).

(4 rounds)

"Walloper" Weiss (126) v. "Typhoon" Ling (124).

"Charlie Chase" Collaco (123) v. Kid Souza (123).

Kid Friedlander (117) v. Tiny Ling (117).

Tihanoff Breaks Hand; Unable to Fight Tomorrow

Fight fans will learn with disappointment that Kayo Tihanoff will not be able to enter the ring tomorrow owing to a broken hand. This bombshell was dropped yesterday when Tihanoff who had just finished his training for the day and had removed his gloves, gave the punching bag a parting blow. The blow turned out to be a disastrous one, but unfortunately, this time, for himself.

However, a suitable fighter has been found to fill his boots and it is none other than the crowd pleaser from Berlin, Sam Lewko, who first drew and later lost a decision to the kayo artist. He will be facing the veteran of the local squared arena, Kid Andre, who dispite being hit with everything except the ring posts stayed on his feet during the entire eight-round bout with Tihanoff this summer.

The Main Attraction

In the meantime, the main attraction on tomorrow's card, which is being held in aid of the wounded soldiers of the Russian army, is the welterweight titular clash. Though "Smiling" George Levchenko is favoured to win in most circles, there are many who insist that Kid Teddy has more than a fifty-fifty chance and may even win by a knock-out.

Speculation is also rife on the Lojnikoff-Devcich fight for the lightweight belt. Paul Lojnikoff will be defending his title for the fifth time. If he keeps up his present winning streak he may soon equal Brown Bomber Joe Louis's record of 19 straight wins. Having battered his four previous opponents into submission, the lithe blonde Russian is expected to hang up his fifth win tomorrow night. Devcich is not without supporters however as it is understood that a lot of money has already been wagered on him to take the nod.

The programme is well rounded out with five other events which promise to be packed with action. There are still a few more tickets available and may be purchased at Moutrie's, Fourth Marine Club. Monk's Brass Rail, Russo-Chinese Bank or Soviet Club at prices ranging from $50 to $5.

Said to be one of the most thrilling in his popular series, "Dude Cowboy" returns Tim Holt to the screen in a rip-roaring, action-drama laid in Nevada. Exciting story concerns the operations of counterfeiters hiding out on the range.

Amateur Fighters Ready For Action In Lusitano Card

With each of the 24 boxers in fighting trim and all the necessary arrangements having been completed well ahead, the amateur boxing programme sponsored by the Clube Lusitano for this evening promises to be an outstanding success. The affair will take place in the Clube's garden at 1373/10 Avenue Joffre, starting at 8 p.m.

Bobby Favacho, President of the Portuguese Amateur Boxing Club, is responsible for the attractive card offered to boxing enthusiasts, and he is confident that fans will not be disappointed.

While interest will centre on the main event between young Gonsalves of the P.A.B.C. and Gornukoff of the Sokols, the return bout between Alberto Cruz and Chastokhin promises some extremely fast action. In their recent encounter at the Sokols Club, the two lads provided the spectators with a thrilling bout, which ended in a draw, and both are now reported to be out for a decision this time.

The encounter between Jolly Harry and Willie Steinberg, both of the P.A.B.C. should also prove of interest. The former is a stylist while Willie belongs to the more rugged school of fighting.

"Dynamite" Remedios is reported to be determined to get a decisive victory over Henry Souza, but the latter has many staunch supporters who are confident he will more than hold his own.

A few tickets are still available at the Clube's Office, (Tel. 79685).

Details of the cards follow:—

Preliminary Events

Three 2-min. Rounds

Chacha Leith, 87 lb. (Mocidade) v. Manuel Lopes, 84 lb. (P.A.B.C.).

Mickey Souza, 109 lb. (Mocidade) v. Happy Solis, 109 lb. (Manila).

Petroff, 115 lb. (Sokol) v. Poliakoff, 115 lb. (Sokol).

Utiagooloff, 112 lb. (Sokol) v. Kid Choy, 112 lb. (Korea).

Tough Kid, 134 lb. (Manila) v. Govorkoff, 133 lb. (Sokol).

Special Events

Three 2-min. Rounds

Jolly Harry, 138 lb. (P.A.B.C.) v. Willie Steinberg, 135 lb. (P.A.B.C.).

Four 2-min. Rounds

Alfredo Oliveira, 121 lb. (Mocidade) v. Golubeff, 117 lb. (Sokol).

Baranoff, 138 lb. (Sokol) v. Joe Kim, 135 lb. (Korea).

Dynamite Remedios, 117 lb. (P.A.B.C.) v. Henry Souza, 113 lb. (P.A.B.C.).

Exhibition Match

Four 2-min. Rounds

Bobby Favacho, 165 lb. v. Batting Dutch, 165 lb.

Semi-Final Event

Four 2-min. Rounds

Alberto Cruz, 133 lb. (P.A.B.C.) v. Chastokhin, 137 lb. (Sokol).

Main Event

Six 2-min. Rounds

Ernesto Gonsalves, 129 lb. (P.A.B.C.) v. Gorkunoff, 130 lb. (Sokol).

Cricket Teams

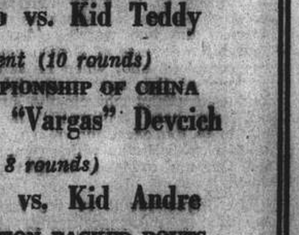
Shanghai Cricket Club

W. Marsay's XII v. E. J. Sluis' XII, Saturday, October 4, 1.30 p.m., S.C.C. Ground:—W. Marsay (Capt.), J. B. Brown, K. J. Elemons, L. G. Day, J. C. Greenfield, D. L. Minle-Day, P. L. Murray, G. J. Read, R. U. Reynolds, J. A. G. L. Smith, L. M. Wilson, E. A. Weidman, E. J. Sluis (Captain), D. L. Fitz, R. C. Cornfield, L. Underwood, J. L. Fletcher, A. J. Harvey, J. R. Kale, A. W. Pettit, G. C. Large, H. Rogerson, R. Stillard, T. H. Wood. Reserves from:—W. B. Sim, A. R. Turner, R. A. Black, R. Gates, D. L. Graybrook, K. S. Mackenzie.

An S.C.C XI v. Shanghai Race Club, Sunday, October 5, 11 a.m. Sharp S.C.C. Ground:—S.C.C. XI:—P. V. Simpson (Capt.), W. V. K. Chadwick, A. V. T. Dunn, F. R. Duckitt, S. V. Gash, A. Linyard, A. Graham, K. M. Pate, F. A. Pitts, A. C. Sinclair, L. F. Stokes. Reserves to be selected from:—L. Underwood, E. A. Weidman, J. B. Brown, T. H. Wood. Umpire:—P. J. Hart and E. J. Sluis. Scorer:—H. W. Brown.

1850

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE



SATURDAY
October 4, 1941
at 1.15 p.m.

FIRST DAY 8th EXTRA RACE MEETING

A PROGRAMME OF NINE FLAT RACES

From this day's Racing the Club will forward a donation to British War Funds.

Special Guests' Admission Tickets $5 each. Archway Entrance, 804 Mohawk Road. These Tickets give admission to Members' Sections of Grand Stand and Pari-Mutuels.

Entrance for Public, 804A Mohawk Road, admission $1 each.

Men in uniform admitted free.

CASH SWEEP TICKETS

All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races at $30 each.
Special Sweep on the Champions, Race No. 9, 4th Day, Autumn Race Meeting, November 12, 1941, $10 each Ticket of Eleven (11) Sections. Single Sections $1 each.
10% OF THE GROSS SWEEP WILL BE DONATED TO CHARITY.
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Friday, October 3, at 8.30 p.m.
Main Event (10 rounds)
MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF CHINA
George Levchenko vs. Kid Teddy
Double Main Event (10 rounds)
LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF CHINA
Paul Lojnikoff vs. "Vargas" Devcich
(Semi-final 8 rounds)
"Kayo" Tihonoff vs. Kid Andre
AND FIVE OTHER ACTION PACKED BOUTS
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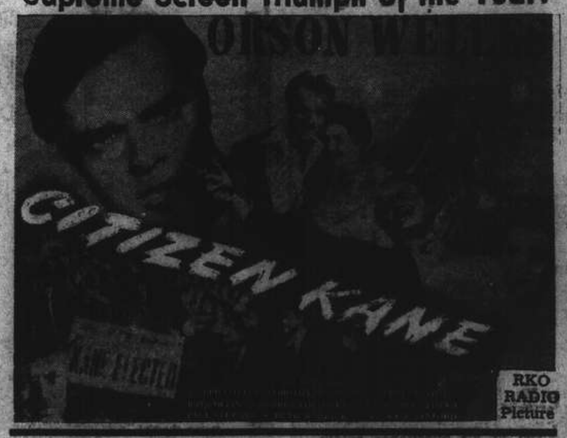
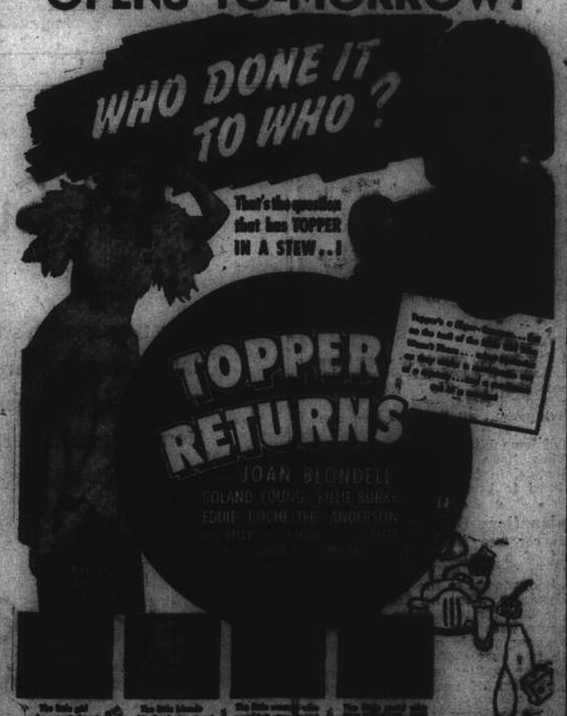
(Auditorium) Today at 8 P.M.

CANDROME
TO-DAY
5.30 P.M.
(8 Races)
(Rain or Shine)

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Your Last Opportunity of Seeing the Supreme Screen Triumph of the Year!



RKO RADIO Picture
OPENS TO-MORROW!


WHO DONE IT TO WHO?
That's the question that has TOPPER IN A STEW..!
TOPPER RETURNS
JOAN BLONDELL
ROLAND YOUNG · BILLIE BURKE
EDDIE "ROCHESTER" ANDERSON

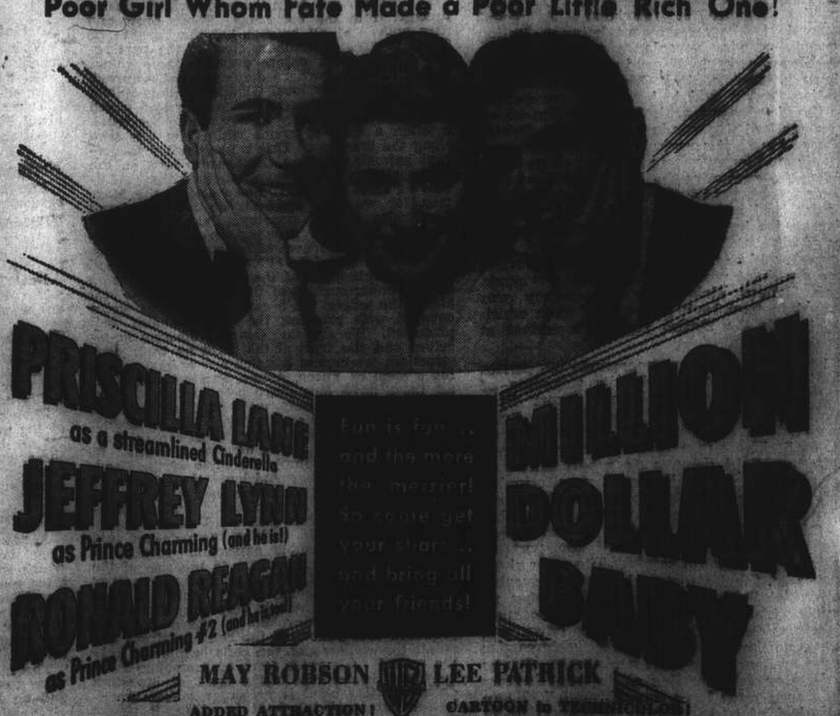
SALE OF RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL A.T.I. THEATRES at the CATHAY, GRAND, NANKING or SAM LAZARO BROS.

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
GRAND TELEPHONE 32223
NOW SHOWING! At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE GREATEST MUSICAL OF THEM ALL...
from the studio that gave you That Night in Rio!

ALICE FAYE · JACK OAKIE · John PAYNE · CESAR ROMERO
with MARY BETH HUGHES · NICHOLAS BROTHERS · WIERE BROTHERS · THE FOUR INK SPOTS
THE GREAT AMERICAN BROADCAST
7 NEW HIT SONGS by Mack Gordon and Harry Warren

—ADDED: TERRY-TONE CARTOON—
Admission Prices:
MATINEES: $1.50, $1.80, $3.00, $4.50
EVENING: $1.80, $3.00, $4.50, $6.00.

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
CATHAY TELEPHONE 73157
OPENS TO-DAY! AT 3.00, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
The Gay and Glamorous Romance of a Happy Little Poor Girl Whom Fate Made a Poor Little Rich One!


PRISCILLA LANE
as a streamlined Cinderella
JEFFREY LYNN
as Prince Charming (and he is!)
RONALD REAGAN
as Prince Charming #2 (and he is!)
Fun is fun... and the more the merrier! So come get your star... and bring all your friends!
MILLION DOLLAR BABY

MAY ROBSON · LEE PATRICK
ADDED ATTRACTION! CARTOON in TECHNICOLOR!
RESERVATIONS: FOR A.T.I. THEATRES CAN ONLY BE HELD UNTIL TWO HOURS BEFORE THE PERFORMANCE DESIRED!

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
ROXY TEL. 30727
TO-DAY at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

"I'm getting even for the love they denied me! That's why I'm hard—that's why they call me the cruelest woman on the continent!"

THE MOST IMPORTANT PICTURE OF 1941
A Woman's Face

Joan CRAWFORD
Melvyn DOUGLAS
with CONRAD VEIDT
OSA MASSEN · REGINALD OWEN · ALBERT BASSERMANN · MARJORIE MAIN · DONALD MEEK
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

Graphic Account Given of Attempt on British Convoy

By Reuters Naval Correspondent

Aboard H.M.S. Ark Royal, Oct. 1

OUR vital convoy of large merchantships carrying s munitions and troops, with its majestic escort of battle cruisers and destroyers, had proceeded through the Mediterr throughout the forenoon under a heavy cloud and I could o only a hasty look at the miles of ships they were guarding h enemy fighters roared down at them.

Brilliant sunshine suddenly broke through upon the sce battle and an hour of thrills began.

The attack on the battleship Nelson, which was the flagship of the convoy, occurred in the series of furious attacks which were crammed into this hour, which was so packed with incidents that it is hard to believe that all could have happened in 60 minutes.

These torpedo-bomber attacks were followed in the afternoon by an attempt by our torpedo-carrying Swordfish planes to locate the strong Italian force which was reported to be steaming towards Bizerta, in Tunisia.

The Swordfish planes unfortunately were unsuccessful, for the Italians were warned by their aircraft of the strength of the British force and had turned tail and scurried off, and so evaded the British planes.

First Sight of Enemy

An officer first spotted the enemy planes. "There are five torpedo-bombers", he shouted. One Italian plane attacked an escorting destroyer and was immediately blown to pieces by anti-aircraft fire.

Fighters from the Ark Royal were busy engaging the enemy and not one bomber got through our line of warships to the merchantmen.

A brief spell of quiet fell after this attack, with its disastrous sequences for the enemy. Sud with bewildering rapidity, a attack developed, this time starboard. Four or five dark flashed over the water towar through a murderous barrage of our aircraft-carrier a big engined bomber staggered and desperately to rise, and then into the sea amid flames. W there can be no survivors.

Torpedo Attempt on Nel

The smoke from our guns c and we could see a plane glid a slanting course towards th son. A torpedo flopped into t and the plane quickly turned the water shot skyward from a near the bows of the battleship it was the end of the plane, was immediately caught in th from other ships. It too p into the sea.

The next phase of the attac when we saw five torpedo-bo flying about 400 feet above the along a course roughly paral that of the ships, with some c fighters roaring to attack. The disappeared from sight, and there was a brief spell of which might have lasted ten mi when the roar of battle again out. One attacking plane miracu ly escaped.

Then we saw a plane a bar yards from us to starboard. We not see through the haze of battle whether it still carrie torpedo, but it swung round a coming in to attack. At least if was the pilot's intention he m fate that matched in its hor swiftness, the audacity of his l ning attack.

Italian Plane Cracks Up

Our pom-poms pumped out almost solid stream of two-pou and there was a flash and a plosion midway down the fus while the entire rear half o plane broke away and fell int sea. A split second later the half of the plane had crashed cloud of spray. A large smud a few seconds was a drifting over the grave of the five me of the Italian plane's crew.

An Italian fighter was the seen performing weird manoe in the sky. Aimlessly it loope loop, getting nearer to the sea time it circled, until finally, a end of its loop, it plunged int water. The attack ended wit signal officer clattering dow steps with the shout: "The I fleet is out," and we heard that were steaming towards Bizer Tunisia. They were miles away

The Commander announced the ship's radio, that the Ark R was to send a torpedo-striking to attack. Aircraft must be ready with all possible speed, and men, clustered around the loudspeaker on the flight deck, cheered and dashed away.

Italians Race for Home

Soon a full Swordfish squadron was on deck with engines ticking over and torpedoes slung. Two reconnaissance planes took off first.

Vice-Admiral Sir James Somerville decided to try to intercept the Italians. He sent battleships, cruisers and a big force of destroyers steaming away at full speed. Swordfish and fighter aircraft roared off the deck and vanished.

Two hours passed away before we heard that the Italians, apparently informed of our strength by the returning bombers, had turned and were scuttling for home.

The battleships and cruisers were recalled from the chase. As they joined up, the convoy, escorted by cruisers and destroyers, parted company with us and steamed off to the east on their dangerous journey.

Swordfish Return

To return to today's proceedings, we had hoped hard that our Swordfish would locate the enemy, but as sunset flooded the sky with a rich pink gold they, and the fighters, returned with petrol tanks almost empty.

The final tally of the day's fighting was that the Italians lost six torpedo-bombers and one fighter in air-fights and two shadowing planes. We lost three fighters, but the crews of two were saved.

To our forces these attacks were perhaps not greatly unusual, but to me they will remain one of the world's most hectic hours. I will always retain a vivid memory of that first distant rumble which spoke of gunfire, when we could see far away to port the flashes of the guns of cruisers and destroyers.

I will always recall the terrible and majestic picture of one of our battleships ablaze from bow to stern as her tremendous anti-aircraft armament roared into action.—Reuter.

Admiralty Issues Details on Attack On British Convoy

London, Oct. 1.

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A.V. Alexander, stated in the House of Commons yesterday that further details had been received in a despatch from Admiral Sir James Somerville regarding recent operations in the Mediterranean showing that thirteen Italian aircraft had been destroyed.

"These operations had as their object the safe passage of an important convoy through the central Mediterranean," Mr. Alexander said. "Early in the afternoon of September 27 the convoy and covering craft were attacked by five groups of torpedo-carrying aircraft heavily escorted by fighters. Four torpedo bombers and one fighter were destroyed, and one fighter probably destroyed or damaged by naval aircraft, while six torpedo bombers and one fighter were shot into the sea by gunfire from the fleet.

H.M.S. Nelson Hit

"H.M.S. Nelson was hit by one torpedo, and her speed slightly reduced. There were no casualties in the Nelson.

During the afternoon the enemy attempted a second attack, but was intercepted and driven off by naval fighters. No further attacks were attempted."

On the following day an enemy aircraft was destroyed while attempting to shadow the convoy. British losses were three fighters, but the crews of two were saved.

"During the course of these operations, reports were received that an Italian naval force was at sea. This force took evading action, and could not be brought to battle."—Reuter.

Rome Belittles British Account

London, Oct. 1.

In an obvious attempt to discredit the British Admiralty's statement of the slight loss during the enemy attack on a convoy in the Mediterranean, and to justify Italy's own extravagant and mendacious list of British warships destroyed, Rome radio yesterday announced that publication of the casualties in the cruiser Fiji was the first belated admission of the loss of that ship.

Actually, a full list of naval losses in the Battle of Crete including that of the Fiji, was published all over the world by the Admiralty as far back as May 27, states Reuters Naval Correspondent.—Reuter.

Italian Version

Rome, Oct. 1.

The "Giornale d'Italia" yesterday published a despatch from a Mediterranean air base reporting that the British convoy attacked last Saturday by Italian warships had not continued its voyage but "returned towards its base of departure."

London, however, announced the convoy had reached its destination.—United Press.

Italian Difficulties In Abyssinia

London, Oct. 1.

Italy's increasing difficulties in what is left of her Abyssinian possessions is revealed in the following communique issued yesterday by British Headquarters in Nairobi. "Colonel Mario Gonella, the Italian Commander of Wolchefit, his staff, and 2,000 prisoners are already in the hands of British regular troops.

"Patriot forces under British officers, in the lake Tana area have recently fought several successful minor actions against the enemy. In the north they established themselves between the Wolchefit garrison and Gondar, and this contributed to the early fall of the former stronghold.

"Further south they have constantly harassed the enemy, and recently attacked a convoy moving from Gondar, inflicting heavy casualties and capturing much material."—Reuter.

Italian Commander Surrenders

Nairobi, Oct. 1.

The Italian Commander a Wolchefit, his staff and 3,00 soldiers have surrendered the British, it was officially an nounced, thus bringing to virtual end all Italian resistan in East Africa.—United Press

Mussolini and Ministers Study Italian Rationing

Rome, Oct. 1.

The Council of Ministers presided over by Premier Benito Mussolini reconvened yesterday morning and soon thereafter ordered control established over the distribution and sale of wood and charcoal in line with the latest economic measures taken by Italy.

Higher Price for Farmers

The Council approved the measure encouraging grain production by allotting 200 lire as a prize for every hectare of land sown with wheat, barley and rye.

The Council also approved increasing the price for grain paid to the farmer by 40 lire a quintal in southern Italy and 20 lire elsewhere.

The Council limited consumption of household gas to 2,000 cubic metres monthly for each domicile and banned purchases of gas burning appliances without special permission.

It was announced that a new wine tax of 25 lire for each hundred litres will be applied and the new tax will come into effect shortly.—United Press.

Czechs Fear Nazis May Start New Terror Campaign in Prague

London, Oct. 1.

Czech official circles yesterday expressed fears that the arrested Cabinet officials taken by the Germans in Prague may be shot.

These circles pointed out that the two cabinet officials arrested were put in power only after Germany had occupied Czechoslovakia because the Nazis thought they might turn out to be perfect "Quislings."

The arrests confirmed the impression here that the Germans have completely lost faith in those whom they thought would be sincere collaborators.—United Press.

Fifty-eight Czechs Executed

Berlin, Oct. 1.

German informed quarters announced last night that the German military court in Prague on Tuesday announced that 58 additional Czechs have been executed for conspiring against the Reich.—United Press.

Nazi Guns Fire Over Straits Of Dover

London, Oct. 1.

German long-range guns at Cap Gris Nez opened a lively cannonade across the Straits of Dover in brilliant moonlight late last night and German raiders dropped bombs on two points on the north-eastern coast of England.—Reuter.

Two German Cruisers Believed Carrying Out Attack on Kronstadt

Berlin, Oct. 1.

Two German cruisers, the Leipzing and Emden, were reported yesterday by D.N.B., official news agency, to be attacking land objectives on the northern front and it is believed that the warships were engaged in the Battle of Leningrad, possibly by attacking Kronstadt.

D.N.B. reported that the Luftwaffe continued its attacks yesterday against railways and other military objectives on the central and northern sectors of the front. One 500-ton transport was sunk and two other vessels totalling 1,800 tons were damaged on Lake Ladoga.

A spokesman told the foreign press that military news would probably be extremely scarce in the immediate future on operations developing along the entire front so as "not to give the slightest clue concerning operations."

German Claims

German quarters estimated yesterday that the German Navy and Air Force had sunk 662,000 tons of British shipping during September which, added to the 13,800,000 tons the Germans claimed the British lost throughout the war up the end of August, brings the grand total to 14,462,000 tons. To this figure must be added the Italian claims for September.—United Press.

Train Disaster in Japan

Tokyo, Oct. 1.

Many are believed to have been killed or seriously injured when three coaches of a passenger train running between Oita and Kumamoto at 10.40 a.m. today ran off the track and overturned into a river while crossing a bridge at Kawarauchi, according to reports from Oita.—Reuter.

New Iranian Cabinet Winning Confidence With Fearless Reforms

Teheran, Oct. 1.

Considerable reforms have been effected by the Iranian Cabinet since its formation one week ago. It appears to be winning increased confidence in the country.

The first bastions of the old regime to be attacked were the police and its commander-in-chief. Several other high officers have been dismissed.

A new law has been introduced in Parliament providing trial by civil courts of "delinquent policemen." Hitherto they have been tried by military tribunals.

With both the army and police under the direct control of the former Shah it was previously impossible to institute proceedings against policemen, except at the instigation of the Shah himself.—Reuter.

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Specific Gravity
and
Hydrometers
of all
Descriptions

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THE SCIENTIFIC PRODUCTS WORKS
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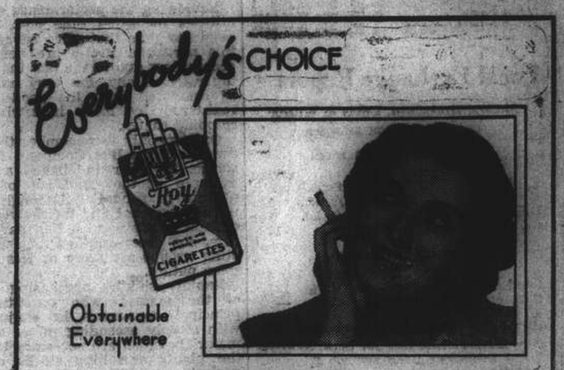

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Sole Agents TABAQUERIA FILIPINA, LTD.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
Sole Agents:
TABAQUERIA FILIPINA, LTD.

11539

Not to Apply to 1941

Washington, Oct. 1.

Treasury experts have only just begun to draft the Profit Limitation Bill, which will not be ready before January, according to a statement made yesterday by Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the United States Treasury.

Mr. Morgenthau said that he was not recommending that it should apply to 1941 business.—Reuter.

HINDS & BARR
Turf Accountants & Commission Agents
100 Central Arcade Tel. 15154-15155
CANIDROME RESULTS
Wednesday, October 1, 1941.

Race	Placed-Dogs		$3.00 Win F'cast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	4	6	56.40	
2	3	1	98.00	36.00
3	5	3	66.10	37.90
4	3	4	22.50	14.30
5	4	2	131.70	10.60
6	6	4	130.90	44.20
7	4	5	43.80	32.40
8	2	1	334.60	95.60

Last Night's Highest Dividends:—
$5 Win Forecast Race No. 8 dog. No. 2-1 Div. $334.60.
$2 Course Double Events Races 7/8 dog. No. 4-2 Div. $95.60.

Committee yesterday said that public hearings on the U.S.$54,000,000 appropriations for Philippine defences will begin on Monday with Sr. Joaquin Elizalde, Philippine Resident Commissioner to be the first witness.

The spokesman said the War Department had asked that the bill be expedited. Funds will be drawn from moneys owing by the United States to the Commonwealth.—United Press.

New York Shoppers in Last-Minute Rush to Avoid Luxury Tax

New York, Oct. 1.

Stores were jammed yesterday with persons buying furs, liquors, jewellery and other luxury items which today will be subject to the 10 per cent. new Federal excise tax.

It was estimated that more than US$1,000,000 worth of liquor was bought in New York alone on Monday. Fur merchants described the throngs of women in their stores as "terrific and tremendous."—United Press.

PREMIERE TO-NIGHT 8.30 p.m. SIMULTANEOUSLY AT

STRAND & ASTOR

TEL. 94590 — TEL. 84056

586 Ningpo Road — 725 Avenue Edward VII

ROAD SHOW OF THE SUPER—CHINESE PRODUCTION

★ Never has there been such a story so true to life to a typical Chinese family, with four generations living under one roof.

★ Never has there been such an aggregation of stars appearing in one picture.

★ Never has there been such a production jointly directed by so many accomplished directors.

★ Never has there ever been a picture produced on a scale of such a magnitude.

the FAMILY 家

ADAPTED FROM THE POIGNANT STORY OF CHINA'S LEADING MODERN NOVELIST

PA CHIN

ALL-STAR CAST

Over 135,000 copies of the original novel have been sold. Over 1,000,000 have read the book, and now S. K. Chang transforms Pa Chin's great novel into a memorable picture.

Released through UNITED CHINA MOTION PICTURE CORPORATION

SOLD OUT TO-NIGHT AT BOTH THEATRES — TO-MORROW 3 SHOWS 1.30, 4.45 & 8.30 p.m. — $8, $5, $3

UNDER THE PERSONAL SUPERVISION OF S. K. CHANG

Mrs. Willy
FURS

NEW PREMISES NEW ADDRESS

BUT
OLD PRICES

Big choice of ready-made Fur Coats and Foxes. Orders taken for repairing and remodelling.

Inspection without obligation

1155 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 33922

626 Ave. Haig (Corner Edinburgh Road)

NOW OPEN!

PAN YU ZEN
AND HIS TROUPE OF
CHINESE ACROBATS

BAR OF MUSIC

SANDOR STERN
KING OF THE ACCORDION

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANHAI BANK

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 5/16d.	$ 76.04
U.S. $100 @ 5 3/8	$1,863.49
Guilders 87/8	$100
Rupees 17 1/2	100
Pesos 10 7/16	100
Hongkong $21	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/4d.	$ 73.84
U.S. $100 @ 5 3/8	$1,860 46
London—demand, $1=	3 1/4d.
4 months' sight credits	3 5/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 1/4d.
6 months' sight credits	3 1/4d.
6 months' sight docts	3 5/16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $53 1/4
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $53 7/8
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $51/2

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03 1/2 U.S. $1=59.48d.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ..... Selling 9 1/8

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis	@ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ basis	@ 9 3/4 per H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying	@ 205 per H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Cash		SELLING	Sept./Oct.	BUYING
£	T.T.	3 5/8	4 m/s. l.c.	3 5/8
U.S.$	T.T.	5 5/8	4 m/s. l.c.	5 3/8
Rs.	T.T.	17 1/2	15 d/s.	18

SILVER QUOTATIONS

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23 1/2	23 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34 3/4	—

U.S.$/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Sept. 30	4.03 1/2
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02 *

*—Nominal.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Sept. 30.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3 1/16d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6 3/16
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 1/16
Bel. Congo	176 1/2	Singapore	2/4 5/16

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.30	Shanghai	5.40/55*
S'zerland	23.28	Hongkong	25.33
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	88.875	Manila	49.85 N.

London	4.03 1/2
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.75
" " " market rate	23.45
Montreal on London	4.53 1/8

N—Nominal. *—Nom quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Sept. 30.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 mths.	1 1/8%-1 1/4%
Bank Bills, 6 mths.	1 1/4%-1 1/8%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 mths.	2 1/2%-3%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 mths.	3% -3 1/2%
Call Money	3/4-1%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/4% B 0 3/8% A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 1/4% B 0 3/8% A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Oct. 1.	Sales 9.45 a.m.	Prices Closing
Acoje Mining	.44	.44
Amalgamated Mineral	.07 1/2 B	.07 1/2
Atok	.56 B	.60
Antamok	.06 1/4 B	.06 3/4
Baguio Gold	.17 B	.18
Batong Buhay	.0062 B	.0064
Bid Wedge	.66 B	.70
Coco Grove	.07 1/2	.07 1/4
Demonstration	.035 B	.035 B
Consolidated Mines	.0064 B	.0068
East Mindanao	.07 B	.07 B
I. X. L.	.24 1/2 B	.25
Ino Gold	.01 A	.01 A
Itogon	.24 1/2 B	.25 1/2
Mambulau Con.	.011 A	.011 A
Masbate Cons.	.09 B	.09 1/2
North Carmarines	.041 B	.041 B
Paracale Gumaus	.26 1/2 A	.25 B
San Mauricio	.19 B	.19 1/2
Surigao Cons.	.20 1/2 B	.20 1/2 B
Suyoc	.13 1/2 B	.14 B
United Paracale	.22 1/2 B	.23 1/2
Mindanao Motherlode	.68 B	.70
Manila Hai-Alai	10.00 A	10.00 A
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.90 B	—

Turnover 223,100 Pesos.
Shares Index 66.05.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 30.

The cotton market opened from steady to firm today, with quotations listed from 5 to 15 points up. Trade and Wall Street replacement buying and covering on a higher parity price, the optimistic statement by the British Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill and the strength of securities met scale-up offerings by a leading "spot" house and local professional selling. The market closed steady, with quotations ranging from 14 to 15 points up from the previous final levels.

After ruling firm on limited selling pressure and a higher parity price reported by the Agricultural Department equivalent to $1.35 per bushel, the Chicago Wheat Pit reacted on hedging, profit-taking and a disappointing commercial demand. However, the market continued to be steady, being sustained by a prospective smaller 1942 harvest and inflationary tendencies. At the final bell, gains from 1/8 to 5/8 cent were registered.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
Oct.	16.69-69 +14		
Dec.	16.91-83 +14	Dec.	22.45-45 unc.
Jan.	16.98 N. +15	Mar.	22.10-30 unc.
Mar.	17.14-14 +15		B/A
May	17.30-30 +14		
July	17.34-34 +14		
N. Y. Sugar No. 3		**N. Y. Sugar No. 4**	
		Dec.	2.57-57 1/2 —5 B/A
Jan.	2.92-95 —02 B/A	Mar.	2.47-47 1/2 —6 B/A
Mar.	2.93-94 unc. B/A	May	2.46 1/2-47 1/2 —6 1/2 B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
Dec.	123 1/8-123 +1 1/8	Dec.	81 7/8 A unc.
May	127 1/8-127 5/8 +3/8	May	87 3/8-87 3/4 unc.

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Russia Repays U.S. Loans

Washington, Oct. 1.

The Departments of Commerce's weekly bullion statement yesterday disclosed that Soviet Russia had repaid US$5,651,000 of the US$10,000,000 recently advanced by the Treasury against Russian gold shipments.—United Press.

Share Prices Turn Steady On Local Mart

BY W. H. WIENER

All-round steadiness marked the local share market yesterday. Many sales were effected at higher levels, and Ewo Cotton Mills especially, in the industrial group, made a good advance. The rising trend of prices strikingly exemplified the view that the local market has become more or less immune to anxieties about the Pacific situation. Buying orders were lodged in moderate volumes and embraced the usual range of market favourites.

The confidence of local operators was further borne out by the fact that the utilities group had a good rise, with firm prices being posted for Telephones, Shanghai Trams and other counters of this group.

Reviewing the performance of local utilities for some time past, one is bound to state that price advances in this particular group are very rare occurrences due to the fact that earning rates, if any, are very moderate as compared with the good results registered by local industrial and shipping shares.

One has only to remember the poor results of the Bus Company for instance, in order to have a good example of the condition of local utilities in general. Although other utilities may not find themselves in as difficult a position as this particular firm, the short-comings met with in other groups are more or less of the same nature.

Rapidly sinking purchasing power of the masses, who constitute the principal consumers, in conjunction with steeply ascending prices of raw materials which are necessary to keep the plants or rolling stocks of the various companies at their old level of efficiency, place the local utilities in awkward positions which can only be patched up by makeshift arrangements with the Municipal Council authorities in order to get the approval for a further increase in rates which might be already obsolete the moment the application is granted.

The activity of the local share market in this particular group might be an indication that various increases are in the making, but, on the other hand, it may be stated that advances in the utilities group are usually recorded a long time after the other counters have advanced so that yesterday's active trading might just be an exemplification of the last mentioned rule.

Due to the fact that the local Jewish community observed their day of atonement, several of the major traders were absent from the floor so that the volume of trading was rather moderate.

Business Men Leave for Hongkong

Regarding the exchange situation, it was reported that a group of local businessmen will leave for Hongkong today in order to confer with the authorities of the Stabilization Board. Besides the local manufacturers, the film industry in this city will probably be in for a lot of trouble, since it might be doubted that the authorities of the Stabilization Board will be particularly interested in the—let us say—spiritual well-being of the local populace.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Quieter conditions prevailed on the local market yesterday, prices maintaining their levels with a cheerful undertone. The popular issues did a good business, prices tending to advance, Wheelock and Ewo Mills for instance opening well and going steadily higher. Telephone came in for attention, opening at $39.00 and going to $41.00, closing at that price.

There was a fair business in rubbers, though the average price levels were lower than those of the previous day.

Official Averages

Yesterday's Averages			Change
High	Low		
477.23	105.32	General 372.44	+1.46
485.40	95.55	Rubbers 366.15	—0.60
Total 450,954 shares.			

Morning Session

China Finance			1000	2.45	
Yangtsze Finance (X.R.)			500	23.75	
500	*23.50	1000	23.75		
Yangtsze Finance (Rights)			2000	5.80	
500	*5.80	500	5.75	500	5.80
500	5.70	1500	5.75	1000	*5.80
1000	5.75	1000	5.70		
S'hai Loan		2000	28.00	500	*28.00
1500	28.25				
I. I. Trust		500	*40.00	1000	*40.25
2000	40.00	500	40.25		
China Realty		1000	*16.20	1000	16.20
2000	16.30	1500	16.40	2000	16.30
5000	*16.40				
S'hai Land		6000	24.50	3000	*24.50
1000	*24.75	6500	24.50		
Dockyards		100	42.75	500	43.00
3600	42.75	300	*43.75	1000	*43.00
200	43.00	1000	43.75	10000	*43.00
4000	43.00	300	*43.75		
Asia Navigation		500	16.40	1000	16.30
8500	*16.20	3500	16.30	2000	*16.30
7000	*16.40	10000	16.40		
Ewo Brewery		7500	9.30	1000	*9.35
5000	9.30	19500	9.35	500	*9.35
3000	9.40				
S. & H. Wharf				25	580.00
Wheelock		500	*119.50	2400	120.00
200	*120.00	500	*120.50	1200	120.50
800	120.00	400	*120.00	200	120.50
Ewo Mills (Ord)		5800	52.50	1500	*52.50
4600	53.00	5800	*53.00	4400	*53.50
10400	53.50	14700	54.00	1700	*54.00
1600	*53.50	4900	53.50		
China Cotton		3500	16.60	3000	16.70
1000	16.60	500	16.70		
Textile		1500	11.10	1000	11.00
1000	11.10	8500	*11.20	10000	11.20
4000	*11.30	3000	11.30	5500	11.40
500	*11.50	1000	11.40		
Worsted		1000	8.45	17500	8.50
3500	8.55				
Tram (Bearer)		£1		100	49.50
100	50.00	300	51.00	400	52.00
200	*52.00				
C. G. Omnibus		300	20.00	200	20.25
900	20.50				
Telephone		2000	39.00	1300	39.25
500	39.50	800	39.75	200	*40.00
100	39.75	800	40.00	200	40.50
100	41.00				
S'hai Gas		100	18.50	500	18.80
200	18.70	300	18.80	200	18.90
Paper		1000	7.50	5000	*7.55
500	7.50	1000	7.45	1500	*7.50
7000	7.50	2500	7.45	3500	7.50
Lumber		600	85.50	200	*85.00
1500	85.00	2800	85.50		
Metal		7300	43.00	900	*43.00
Kaiping		100	49.50	400	49.75
300	50.00				
Exploration		1000	37.00	2000	37.25
4000	37.00	1500	*38.75	5000	37.00
1000	*37.25	500	37.25	1000	37.00
Anglo Dutch		200	22.25	1000	22.75
1200	22.50	700	22.75		
Anglo Java		400	42.25	400	42.50
500	42.25				
Batu Anam				1000	2.50
Chemor		1000	3.67 1/2	1000	3.50
Consolidated		2000	13.90	500	13.80
Kroewoek		2000	*3.65	1000	3.65
4000	3.67 1/2	1000	*3.67 1/2	2000	3.70
1000	*3.70	2000	3.12 1/2		
Langkat		1000	26.00	900	*26.00
300	*27.75	200	28.00	200	*28.25
Padang				1000	3.50
Repah		1000	2.20	20000	2.17 1/2
3000	2.20	4000	2.22 1/2		
Rubber Trust				500	17.80
Kedah		500	16.50	500	16.80
Kelantan		1000	1.38	18000	1.40
2000	*1.40				
Samagaga				1000	3.10
Sumatra				200	35.50

U.S. Steel Programme Approved by Gov't

Washington, Oct. 1.

Administration defence organs yesterday approved the Office of Production Management's plan to increase the nation's steel production facilities by 10,000,000 tons. It was estimated the programme would cost US$1,250,000,000.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 30.

Wall Street opened quiet but firm today, influenced by the lessening of apprehension over the profit ceiling limitation, with gains from fractions to one point recorded at the close. Gains influenced by Mr. Winston Churchill's hopeful comments were trimmed here and there by cautious selling in sympathy with the reaction in staple commodities. Sugars lost vigour; oils were more active on reports of Mexican negotiations; but variations were minor in a market which otherwise continued to be narrow.

The volume of business done totalled 460,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	137.31	126.49	126.82	+0.77
20 Rails	29.04	28.85	28.90	+0.17
15 Utilit.	18.44	18.24	18.36	+0.02
40 Bonds	—	—	90.02	+0.22
11 Commod.	—	—	83.02	+0.23

Sept. 29	30		Sept. 29	30
Adams Exp 7 1/8	7 1/8	Int T & T	*2 1/8	*2 1/8
Alleg Lud 22 1/2	*22 1/2	John Man	68 1/2	69
Amer Can 84	85	Kenn Cop	34 1/2	34 1/2
Allis Chal 29	29	Lib O F	29 1/2	29 1/8
Amer Cyan 40 1/2	40 1/2	Lock Air	28	28 1/8
Am Fr Pr 0 1/2	0 1/2	Loew's	36 1/2	37 1/2
" $7 pfd 26 1/2	27 1/2	Martin	27 1/2	28 1/2
Am Loco 12 1/2	12 1/2	Mont War	33 3/8	34 1/2
Am Metal 21	21	Nat Avia	9 1/4	9 1/2
Am Radtr 5 1/4	5 1/4	N C Bank	*26 1/2	*26 1/2
Am R Mill 13 1/2	13 3/8	Nat D Pro	15 1/2	15 1/2
Am S & R 41	41 1/2	Nat Dist	24 1/2	24 1/2
Am Sug R 21	21 1/2	Nat P & L	4 1/4	4 1/4
Am T & T 154 1/2	154	Nat Sup	6 1/8	6 1/4
Am Tob 70 1/2	70 1/2	N Y Cent	11 1/2	11 1/4
Am Wtwk 4 1/4	4 1/2	Niagara	2 1/8	2 1/8
Anaconda 23 1/8	23 1/4	Nt A Avia	14 1/4	15
Atchison 23 1/4	23 1/2	Nth Amer	12 3/8	12 3/8
Aviation 3 1/8	3 1/8	Nthrn Pac	6 1/4	6 1/2
Bald Loco 15 1/8	15 1/2	Pac Mot	2 1/8	2 1/4
Balt & O 4 1/4	4 1/8	Pant Oil	5 1/4	5 1/8
Barns Oil 9 1/4	9 1/4	Para Pct	14 1/8	14 1/8
Bend Avia 37 1/8	38 1/2	Penn R R	22 1/2	22 1/2
Beth St 65 1/8	66 1/2	Phil Pet	45 1/4	45
Bliss *16 1/2	17	Pullman	25 1/2	25 1/8
Boeing 21 1/8	21 1/4	Pure Oil	10	10 1/4
Borg War 20	20	Radio	3 1/8	3 1/8
Briggs 20 1/2	20 1/4	Reading	16	15 1/2
Budd Mfg —	3 1/8	Rem Arms	*4 1/2	*4 1/2
Can Pacific 4 1/8	5	Rep Avtn	4 1/8	4 1/2
Celanese 24 1/2	25 1/2	Rep Steel	19	19 1/2
C N Bank *30 1/2	*30 1/2	Rep Tob	31 1/2	31 1/2
Ches & O 36 1/4	36 1/2	Schenley	16 1/2	16 1/2
Chrysler 58 1/8	59 1/4	Shell U Oil	14 1/2	14 1/2
Col G & E 2 1/8	2 1/2	Soc Vac	9 1/8	10
Col Cred 23 1/2	23 1/2	Sthrn Pac	13	13 1/4
Com & Sth 0 1/8	0 1/8	Sthrn Rly	29 1/2	30 1/8
Con Edi 17	16 1/2	Spicer Mfg	*33	*34
Cons Oil 6 1/4	6	St Brand	5 1/8	5 1/8
Cop St *14 1/8	14 1/2	St G & E	*17 1/2	17 1/2
Curtiss 9 1/8	9 1/8	St Oil N J	41 1/8	42 1/8
Dist Corp *17 1/2	17 1/2	Studebak	5 1/2	5 1/2
Douglas 73 1/4	75 1/2	Swift Int	23 1/8	24
Du Pont 151	152 1/2	Technicol	9 1/8	*9 1/8
E P Lead *8 1/8	8 1/8	Tex Corp	40 1/8	40 3/8
E A Lite 29 1/8	29 1/2	Transamer	4 1/4	4 1/8
Elec B & S 2 1/8	2 1/4	Tw Cent	8 1/8	8 1/2
" $5 pfd 61 1/4	61	Un B & P	10 1/8	10 1/8
" $6 pfd 67 1/8	67 1/2	Un Paci	76 1/2	76 1/4
El P & L 33 1/8	*33	Un Air	37 1/8	38 1/4
Flintkote 13 1/8	13 1/8	Un A Lines	13 1/8	13 1/4
Gen Elec 31 1/2	31 1/2	Un Corp	0 1/8	0 1/4
Gen Mot 41 1/2	41 3/8	" $3 pfd	23 1/4	23 1/2
Gen Rly *14	14 1/4	Un G Imp	6 1/2	6 1/2
Gen T & R 12 1/8	13	U S Rub	25 1/4	25 1/4
Goodrich 18 1/2	19	U S Steel	55 1/4	55 1/8
Goodyear 18 1/8	19	Vanadium	24 1/8	24 1/2
Gt Nt I O 16 1/2	17 1/8	Vultee Air	9 1/2	10
Gt Nt Rly 24 1/8	24 1/8	Walworth	4 1/8	4 1/2
Gt W Sug 26 1/8	26	War Fr Pct	15 1/4	15 1/2
Int Nick 29 1/4	29 1/2	West Elec	86	86 1/4
Int P & P 17 1/2	18 1/4	Wood Ir	*29 1/2	*29 1/4

BONDS

Am & F P	65 1/8	66 1/8	Erie	32	31 1/2
Aust Com	71 1/2	74	Int T & T	50	51
Brazil	22 1/2	22 1/2	N E G & E	68 1/8	68 1/8
" 6%	19 1/8	19 1/2	Sthrn Pac	30	30 1/2
C S P & L	94 1/8	95 1/2	St G & E	85 1/2	86 1/8

WEEKLY CLOSING STOCK

Sept. 23	30		Sept. 23	30
Alaska 4 1/2	3 1/2	Mack Tru	31 1/8	30 1/2
Amer Loco 87	89	McK & R	14 1/2	13 1/8
Ass G & E *1 1/2	*1 1/2	Moun C C	*2 1/2	2 1/2
Atl G & W 50 1/2	*50	Nat Gyp	6 1/8	6 1/2
Atlantic 23 1/2	23 1/2	Nat Lead	17 1/2	17 1/4
Atlas 7 1/2	7 1/2	N Y Chic	43	42
Auburn 41	*41	Paci Gas	25 1/4	24 1/2
Barb Asp 12 1/8	11 1/2	Pan A Air	17 1/2	17 1/2
Bath Ir 19 1/2	19 1/2	Piper Air	*6 1/2	*6
Bel Air *3 1/8	*3 1/2	Pitts C & I	6 1/8	*6 1/8
Cal Z L 0 1/2	0 1/2	Pub Serv	20 1/2	19 1/2
Case J I 84	80	Ryan Aero	5 1/4	*4 1/2
Clima Mol 42 1/8	39 1/2	Sears Roe	78 1/2	74
Clue Pea 37 1/8	37	Sthrn Rly	17 1/8	17 1/4
Col Sol 11	10 1/2	Sperry	38	35 1/4
Cont Can 36 1/2	36 1/4	St Oil	23 1/4	23 1/2
Cont Oil 23	23 1/8	Stone & W	7	6 1/2
Corn Prod 52 1/2	53	Tex G Sul	37 1/2	36 1/2
" 7% pfd 177	*177	Thom Pro	29 1/4	28 1/2
Coty Inc 3 1/2	*3 1/8	Tide Ass	10 1/8	10 1/8
Coty Int 0 1/8	1	Tim Det	33 1/8	32 1/8
Curtiss Wr 27 1/2	26 1/2	Tw City	23 1/2	24
Doere Co 28 1/2	30 1/2	Un Car	78 1/2	77 1/2
Eaton Mfg 33 1/2	32	Un G Cor	0 1/8	0 1/8
Gen Amer 52	50	Unit L & P	0 1/8	*0 1/8
Glidden 17	16 1/2	U S Ind	31 1/2	30 1/2
Goodrich 71 1/2	*71	U S Real	1 1/2	*1 1/2
Gt Lak *15	*15	U S Rub	99 1/2	99
Grey Corp 14 1/2	13 1/2	U S Smelt	62	60
Int Harves 54 1/2	53 1/2	Young	37 1/2	36 1/2
Lib McN 5 1/2	5 1/2	Roy Bank	155	156

BONDS

Balt & O	32 1/2	32	Oslo	35	*32 1/2
Chicago	10 1/2	11	Rep of Col	*42	†42
Denmark	65 1/2	68 1/2	" (1928)	42 1/2	†42 1/2
Den & R	14	14 1/2	Rep Steel	104 1/2	104 1/2
Philadel	27 1/2	28 1/2	Rio Grand	11 1/2	*11 1/2
N Y Chi	96	95	Sthrn Rly	78 1/2	78 1/2
N Y Gov	105 1/2	106 1/2			

*—Bid †—Corrected

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved higher on a larger volume today, influenced by Secretary Morgenthau's statement that the proposed corporate profit limit would not apply to 1941 incomes. Oils improved on reports that the State Department had submitted to the oil companies concerned a proposal for a preliminary settlement of the Mexican expropriation problem. Net earnings of Mack Trucks for the year are indicated to be $5.50 per share, compared with $3.02 per share last year.

Tanah Merah	2000	4.95	1000	5.00
Tebong	8000	2.30	4000	2.32 1/2
17000	2.35	10000	*2.35	
Ziangbe	600	26.25	200	26.50
Power (Pref)	100	*145.00	10	145.25
Millington			8500	*10.00

ODD LOTS

Exploration	100	37.25	80	36.75	
300	37.25				
C. G. Omnibus			14	20.00	
China Cotton			150	16.70	
Asia Navigation	100	*16.40	200	16.40	
200	16.20				
Yangtsze Finance (Rights)			250	5.70	
100	5.75				
S'hai Land	100	*24.50	100	24.25	
Consolidated			200	14.00	
Wheelock			50	119.50	
Rubber Trust	125	17.80	300	17.60	

*—Direct Business

Active Local Stocks

	Tuesday Closing	Yesterday's Closing	Change in Per Cent
I.I.T.	40.00	40.25	+0.6
Shanghai Loans	28.00	28.25	+0.9
Yangtsze Finance	23.75	23.75	0
China Realty	16.20	16.40	+1.2
Shanghai Land	24.25	24.50	+1.0
Dockyards	42.75	42.75	0
Wheelock	119.50	120.50	+0.8
Ewo Beer	9.30	9.40	+1.1
Worsted	8.50	8.55	+0.6
Ewo Cotton	52.50	53.50	+1.9
New China Cotton	16.50	16.70	+1.2
Paper	7.45	7.50	+0.7
Lumber	85.00	85.50	+0.6
Metal Industries	43.00	43.00	0
Exploration	36.75	37.00	+0.7
Anglo Dutch	22.50	22.75	+1.1
Anglo Java	42.25	42.25	0
Kroewoek	3.65	3.12 1/2	+2.5
Langkat	27.75	28.25	+1.8

London Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 30.

The London Stock market closed generally cheerful today, following the speech of the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, with small gains in most sections recorded.

This followed a quietly steady morning, with the exception of oils which were a good feature throughout the day and prices closed usefully higher.

Rubbers recorded some fair advances and also Eastern banks, especially Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Kaffirs generally ruled quietly firm, with diamonds displaying a harder tendency. South American rails again were firm.

Japanese bonds improved, but Brazilian issues eased slightly.—Reuter.

Sept. 29	30
U.K. LOANS	
3 1/2% War Loan (Red.) £106	105
2% Defence Loan 101 1/8	101
CHINESE LOANS	
4 1/2% Gold Loan, 1898 48	48
4 1/2% Anglo-French Loan 46	46
5% Crisp Loan, 1912 29 1/2	30
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913 38	38
8% Sig. Notes, 1925 10	10
5% Honan Rly., 1905 14	14
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911 15	15
5% " " " (Ger. Is.) 13	13
5% Lung Tsing Hai Rly. 15	15
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly. 17	17
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B. 13	13
5% " " G. 13	13
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B. 13	13
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G. 13	13
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly. 13	13
5% Chinese Imp. Rly. 60	60
JAPANESE BONDS	
5% Sterling Loan, 1907 24 1/2	24
6% Sterling Loan, 1924 27 1/2	28
BANKS AND INSURANCE	
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C. 9 1/2	9
H. & S. Bank (Edn. Reg.) 77 1/2	80
" " (Col. Reg.) 85 N	87
Mercantile Bank of India 12	12
National Bank of India 32 1/2	32
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton 22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS	
Bristol Aeroplane 10/-	10/-
B'tish American Tobacco 91/10 1/2	92/6
Dunlop Rubber 36/10 1/2	37/-
Imp. Chem. Industries 32/-	32/3
United Steel 22/3/-	22/6
Woolworths 56/-	56/-
MINES	
Chinese Eng. & Min. 15/6	15/6
Chosen Corp. 5/6	5/6
Marsman Investments 7/6	7/6
Pekin-Syndicate 1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel 143/9	143/9
Western Holdings 19/3	19/6
MISCELLANEOUS	
Great Western Rly. 40 3/8	41 1/8
Gula Kalumpong Rubber 15/-	15/-
London. Midland & Scot. 15 1/8	15 1/8
S'hai Elec. Construction 13/9	13/9
S'hai Waterworks "A" 15	15
Shell Transport & Trad. 54/4 1/2	55/7 1/2

N—Nom. †—Ex Div.

British Commodities

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 30.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13 1/2 unc; sellers 13 1/2 unc; Oct. del. buyers 13 1/2 unc; sellers 13 1/2 unc.

London Tin: Standard, cash buyers £256, unc; sellers £256 1/4 unc; 3 mths del. buyers £260 1/2 +1/2; sellers £260 1/2 +1/2.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. p.b. Cash.	$1,945
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	450
Shanghai cotton .... per picul	350
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$7,500
	Nom.
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	$34.75
Flour, imported "	33.50

London Bullion

London, Sept. 30.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce; 168/-, unchanged.

London Silver: Market quiet, small business was done with the trade from official sources.

Spot	23 1/2d. unc.
Forward	23 1/2d. unc.

—Reuter.

N.Y. Stock Market

Washington, Sept. 30.

The market turned stronger and more active today on the statement by Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., that the forthcoming tax measure to limit profits to six per cent would not apply to 1941 corporate incomes.

Issues such as aircrafts which were sharply depressed on the tax plan rallied substantially. Oil shares featured the volume turnover, inspired by the report the State Department had given American oil companies a specific proposal for a preliminary settlement of the dispute over properties expropriated by Mexico.

The end of the third quarter of 1941 today saw stock prices finishing the month slightly below the August closing levels, while all averages except rails were under the level of last year.

Bonds were selling below prices prevailing a year ago but commodities were generally higher.

Many potent factors were present through the month but the market held an even keel until Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., Secretary of the Treasury, proposed his six per cent profits ceiling which caused the market to break last week. Equilibrium, however, was regained.

A new tax bill was foreseen but not along Mr. Morgenthau's suggestions. Until the bill comes into the open with more definite proposals, the market may be subject to further selling.—United Press.

U.S. Copper Scrap Placed Under Rationing

Washington, Oct. 1.

Mr. Donald Nelson, Purchasing Director of the Office of Production Management, yesterday placed all supplies of copper scrap under rationing and simultaneously forbade dealers from hoarding existing supplies.—United Press.

Chinese to Operate News Service in U.S.

New York, Oct. 1.

Dr. C. L. Hsia, a member of the Chungking Executive Yuan, announced yesterday establish

FROM DAY TO DAY

THE Girls' Friendly Society will hold their first meeting of the season today October 2, at 5.15 p.m. at their club room, 243 Kiangse Road.

THE Shanghai Lodge of the Theosophical Society of Point Loma, California, will resume its weekly public studygroup meetings on Tuesday, October 7, at 6 p.m. at 213-C Grosvenor Gardens.

MEMBERS of the Scandinavian Women's Association are reminded that its first meeting of the season will be held today, October 2, at 4 p.m. at the Cercle Sportif Français. Guests will be welcome.

THE Fourth Marines will have a regimental parade at Kiaochow Park today at 8 a.m. Mr. James P. Mee, Consul-General for Brazil, will be the guest of Colonel S. L. Howard, U.S. Marine Corps, and will review the parade.

AN S.F.B. emergency ambulance was called out to the Race Course at about 7.15 a.m. yesterday to take a mafoo to hospital, after he had fallen from a horse and sustained lacerations of the forehead. He was removed to the Paulun Hospital for treatment.

THE Shanghai Special Municipality has established a modern live-stock quarantine office in the premises of the Shanghai Live-Stock Market in Chapei in order to examine all live-stock that is sent into the city from the country. The quarantine office was due to open yesterday.

A MALE Chinese was removed from the Great China Hotel, at the corner of Foochow and Yu Ya Ching Roads, at 9.35 a.m. yesterday to the Lester Chinese Hospital where he was found to be suffering from acute lysol poisoning. It was believed that he had made an attempt to commit suicide.

MR. F. S. Crawford has left for Singapore on transfer and Mr. A. J. H. Carey has taken over his duties as Honorary Secretary to the Central British War Fund as from October 1. The office of the Fund remains unchanged at Shell Building, No. 1 The Bund, where communications to the Honorary Secretary should continue to be addressed.

MAJOR-GENERAL Sadaaki Kagesa, highest adviser to the National Military Council of the Nanking Government, returned to Nanking by air at 6.20 o'clock on Monday morning from Tokyo where he had been on an important mission regarding the strengthening of the Nanking Government, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday morning.

DURING October the following pharmacies in the French Concession will be opened at night: Pharmacie Generale, 949 Avenue Joffre; Russian Public Pharmacy, 23 Rte. Paul Henry; Public Pharmacy, 664 Ave. Joffre; Standard Pharmacy, 710 Ave. Joffre; Asiatic Pharmacy, 1918 Ave. Joffre; Poo Lee Pharmacy, 881 Ave. Joffre; and Poo Lee Pharmacy, 9 Avenue Dubail.

A SOLUTION to the housing problem in Shanghai is envisaged in the near future when the Greater Shanghai Rehabilitation Land Estate Company, to be capitalized at $30,000,000, will be inaugurated shortly to erect and reconstruct houses in the areas along the Matsui-dori, formerly Gee Mai Road, the Shanghai Station district, and near the "Loyalty Monument" in Chapei, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

AN unarmed Chinese robber was arrested shortly after he had helped commit a robbery at 36 Hong Ziang Li, off Woosung Road, at 8 a.m. yesterday and was handed over to the police by the complainant. The arrested man and his accomplice, armed with a knife, entered the complainant's house and stole two gold rings and a wrist watch. The victim followed the men into the street and succeeded in arresting their unarmed man.

ON account of the Jewish holiday, this week's lecture-recital course in music appreciation will be held on Saturday at 5 p.m. instead of Wednesday at the University of Shanghai, Music Department, 20 Museum Road, 5th floor. The lecturer will be Dr. A. Dreifuss and the collaborating soloists will be Mme. Sabina Rapp, alto, Dr. A. Wolff, piano. The subject will be "Church and Oratory Music," notably with regard to the creations of J. S. Bach and his contemporaries.

LOCAL Greenockians are reminded of the meeting which is to take place this afternoon at 5.30 p.m. at the Shanghai Municipal Police Central Station, 30 Foochow Road (7th. Floor), for the purpose of discussing the formation of a Shanghai Greenockians' Association. It is desirable that the proceedings should commence promptly at 5.30, and it is hoped that there will be a full and representative attendance present by that hour. The chair will be taken by Mr. William S. Burns, the senior Greenockian now in Shanghai.

MEMBERS of the Shanghai Public Health Club are reminded that the October meeting will be held in the ninth floor of the Y.M.C.A. Bldg. 123 Blvd. de Montigny this evening, when Dr. Juan Marin, Charge d'Affaires of the Chilean Legation, will address the meeting on "Some Facts About Chile." He will deal mainly with the topic of social insurance, public health and medical legislation in his own country. Supper will be served at 7.15 p.m. All reservations must be made before noon with the Secretary, telephone 30010. The scientific session starts at 8 p.m. sharp.

THE Navy Y.M.C.A. wishes to acknowledge with grateful thanks the donation of books and magazines received from the following persons during the month of September:—Dr. I. E. G. Hunter, Mr. Wm. Golding, Mrs. T. A. Butler, Mr. J. Mascarello, Mrs. E. M. Walker, Mr. W. C. Cassels, Mr. P. C. Colman, Dr. T. G. Worden, Miss Bessie Hollows, Mr. P. H. Bordwell, Mr. W. A. Hathaway, Miss Ruth Packard, Mrs. J. V. Crowe, Shanghai Waterworks Company, Mr. J. B. Sawyer, Mr. Klein, Mr. T. H. Pond and others. The Navy Y.M.C.A. is always pleased to receive books, magazines, playing cards, etc., for use among service men.

THE new Minister of Information, Mr. Brendan Bracken, was precocious even in his earliest teens. The story is told of him that he arrived in England from Australia and at once embarked on a tour of certain public schools whose prospectuses had caught his fancy. Having reached Sedbergh, in Yorkshire, he invited the headmaster to show him round, decided to stay, and produced a large roll of notes from his pocket with which to pay his first term's fees. Now, at the age of 40, he has taken on the most difficult Government Department of all. He has a wide range of knowledge, plenty of drive, and is a good organizer, and those who know him best are confident that he will make a good job of it.

Poles Forming Third Division In Russia

Moscow, Oct. 1.

General Anders, Polish Commander-in-Chief, revealed yesterday he was forming a third Polish division on Soviet soil and was aiming at the formation of a complete Army to fight the Germans.

General Anders told Anglo-American correspondents how thousands of Poles had been re-united in their first camp and had burst into tears when they heard their first mass since leaving Polish soil two years ago.

"One thousand more are arriving almost every day, together with some women who can be used in helping the Army," he declared. "Some are too old and some have children. We even had 12 babies born in camp," he declared.

General Anders said his first division of several thousand had already been organized and equipped with Soviet arms. The second division was organized but had not been completely equipped while the third division was still being organized.

Soviet Assistance

General Anders was a Soviet prisoner of war until the Soviet-Polish agreement was reached in July, when he was named Commander.

He said the Soviet Government was helping the Poles in every way and had promised to provide additional tents and accommodations. The Russians had also agreed to allow the Poles to enroll men who were absorbed by the Red Army after the collapse of Poland.

"I hope we will ultimately organize at least several divisions with reserves," he declared. "I have begun to organize a school for officers and non-commissioned officers. We have many tank troops and can already provide men for several tank battalions."—United Press.

Czechoslovak Unit Too

London, Oct. 1.

The military agreement which has been concluded in Moscow between Russia and Czechoslovakia follows the same general lines as the recent military agreement between Czechoslovakia and Great Britain, states Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The Czechoslovak military unit to be raised will form part of the Czechoslovak armed forces. Its members will be subject to all Czechoslovak laws and regulations which relate to flags, badges and military ranks. The chief of the military unit will be appointed by the Czechoslovak commander-in-chief in agreement with the Russian High Command.—Reuter.

Stalin Confers With Delegation Heads

Moscow, Oct. 1.

M. Joseph Stalin saw Lord Beaverbrook and Mr. Averell Harriman, heads of the British and American delegations, yesterday evening.

This was the third interview of the Anglo-Saxon representatives with the Soviet leader.—Havas Telemondial.

Memorial Meeting Honours Tagore

London, Oct. 1.

Presiding at a memorial meeting held in London on Tuesday in honour of Sir Rabindranath Tagore, famous Indian poet who died recently, Sir Francis Younghusband noted author and world traveller, said it was fitting that the meeting was convened by the India Society which first published in English the new world famous Gitanjali and the lovely drama Chitra.

Sir Francis Younghusband welcomed to the meeting Sir William Rothenstein, first chairman of the executive committee; Mr. Laurence Binyon, one of the other original founders; Lord Lytton and Sir Stanley Jackson, both former Governors of Bengal. He read messages from Lord Zetland, Sir John Anderson, Lord President of the Council, and the Secretary of State for India and Burma, Mr. L. S. Amery.

Friend of China

Sir William Rothenstein, Mr. Binyon, Mr. Edward Thompson and Dr. Ernest Rhys were among the speakers. Message of tribute to Sir Rabindranath Tagore on behalf of their respective countries were received on Tuesday by B. B. Ray Chaudhuri, Secretary of the Tagore Society, from the Chinese and Soviet Ambassadors.

Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese Ambassador, wrote: "With the passing of Sir Rabindranath Tagore China has been bereft of a great sympathiser and friend. His visit to China about 20 years ago is remembered by all Chinese with appreciation and gratitude and constitutes a landmark of cultural contact between the world's two oldest civilizations."

M. Ivan Maisky, Soviet Ambassador, wrote: "The Soviet Union loves and respects Tagore as a great creative force which we cannot help but admire. In the Soviet Union Tagore is well known, widely read and popular among our people."—Reuter.

U.S. Navy Silent on Convoys in Pacific

Washington, Oct. 1.

United States Navy officials yesterday declined to confirm or deny reports that the Navy was convoying merchant vessels in the Pacific as was reported by the United Press from Chungking.

While American defence areas are not defined, official pronouncements always have stressed the importance of Far Eastern trade routes over which vital materials are transported from Malaya via the Philippines. This is also the route over which Chinese aid passes.

The Atlantic route to Iceland is the only formally described defence area where naval convoys are provided.—United Press.

Franco-German Talks End Without Result

Vichy, Oct. 1.

Franco-German collaboration conversations were ended in Paris yesterday, with the negotiations being primarily technical and concerning economic relations. The negotiations, according to Paris despatches, brought no concrete results.

M. Pierre Laval, pro-German former Vice-Premier, returned to his Chateldon Castle yesterday where a heavy police guard was established due to the recent outbreak of terrorism in France.—United Press.

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AGENTS

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SHIPPING NEWS

The **Tientsin Maru**, D.K.K. Liner, is due in Shanghai about 9 a.m. today from Dairen via Tsingtao. She will dock alongside the Whangpoo Wharf and will sail on her return trip to Tsingtao and Dairen tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

* * *

Mr. Edward Felton arrived here yesterday on his way to Russia to assume the post of attache to the Belgian Legation. He has been visiting the United States. Mr. John Huck arrived by the same boat and will be local steamship agent of the Everett Steamship Corporation.

* * *

The M.M. liner, **Khai Dinh**, will sail from her berth at lower buoys 13 and 14 at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning bound for Haiphong and Saigon with considerable cargo and a number of passengers. The last boarding tender for the vessel will leave the French Mail Jetty, Quai de France, at 5 p.m. today.

* * *

Owing to typhoon weather, **Hellenic Trader**, China Hellenic Line freighter, will arrive tomorrow instead of as previously announced on Tuesday. Upon arrival she will tie up at the lower buoys 30 and 30A from where she will discharge a large shipment of coal for the Shanghai Power Company.

* * *

Bringing with her a full cargo of coal for discharge in addition to 32 passengers, the French vessel, Bernardin de Saint Pierre of the M.M. Line, will arrive in Shanghai about 8 a.m. today from Haiphong. She will tie up at the lower buoys 14 and 15. Passengers will brought ashore by tender to the Customs Jetty at about 9.30 a.m.

* * *

Flying the tricolour of France and the pennant of M.M. Line, the Marechal Joffre will arrive in Shanghai about 8 a.m. today and will dock alongside Hunt's Wharf, Shanghai side. She is coming from Saigon after having touched Manila and is bringing 32,000 bags of rice, 100 tons of general cargo and 239 passengers including 197 Japanese evacuees from Manila on their way to Japan.

* * *

The following vessels were due yesterday: the **Rein Maru**, T.K.K. Line, from Ginsen, Korea, via Tsingtao, with considerable cargo and passengers. She will dock alongside the P.M.K.'s Whangpoo Wharf. The **Tokyo Maru**, T.K.K. liner, from Kobe with a consignment of mail, cargo and a number of passengers. She will dock alongside the Yangtszepoo Wharf. The **Herleik**, under charter to K.M.A., from Chingwangtao with a cargo of coal. The **Nagasaki Maru**, T.K.K. liner, cargo of general goods as well as passengers.

Vessels Sailing

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignee
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Herleik	Chwangtao	K.M.A.
Taiyo M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Tenryugawa	Tsingtao	Showa S.
Taityu M.	Takao	T.K.K.
Banshu M. 12	Japan	K.U.K.
Heian M.	Tsingtao	N.Y.K.
Pres. Taylor	U. S. A.	A.P.L.
Anwoo	Hainkong	Chung Hua

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
U.S.S. Luzon	Am.	—
Giyu M.	Jap.	Matsumoto S.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Galatea	Am.	Gbt	B.N.B.
E. Carlotto	It.	Gbt	Garden Jetty
Eritrea	It.	Gbt	1-2 B.
Lepanto	It.	Gbt	1-2 B.

Mr. Harold E. Emman, first secretary of the Belgium Embassy in Moscow arrived here yesterday by an American luxury liner. Other arrivals included Mr. Ricardo Muniz, first secretary of the Spanish Legation and Consul-General accompanied by Mrs. Muniz; Mr. A. E. Brinkmeier, second vice president of the Chase National Bank and Mr. R. W. Davis, secretary and manager of the "North China Daily News."

Among prominent passengers passing through on an American liner yesterday were Mr. Thos. J. Fisher, a through passenger from England who is proceeding to Singapore to take over duties with the British Government; Mr. Thos. G. D. Bayley, a news editor connected with the British Ministry of Information, who is also on his way to Singapore; Mr. H. M. Mann, managing director of Arnhold & Co. who returned here from England and Mr. C. E. White, manager of the Far East Aviation Co. who is bound for Hongkong.

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WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dress, shoes, carpet, clothing etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -4231

ART objects in genuine Lalique glass, or white crystal, against cash. No dealers. Reply Box 2600, NCDN. -4247

LACTIC and Rennet casein wanted to purchase. State price, quantity by applying to Post Office Box 1578. -4240

BOUGHT at highest prices: Jewellery, gold, silver, European Jewellers, Liza Building, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 107. Telephone 14668. -4200

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 30965 daily, Mr. Bers. -4221

GLYCERINE wanted, Reliance Trading Co., 359 Kiangse Road, 4th floor. Telephone 13339 or 19269, Mr. Yu. -4230

PARTY leaving Shanghai interested imported secondhand large wardrobe trunks. Post Office Box 1652. -4238

WANTED to buy stuffers, cutter and chopper for sausage manufacturing. Telephone 14328. -4236

MERCURY, wanted to buy, small or large quantity. Telephone 23078. -4012

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TO LET, October 15, cosy two-roomed flat with private bathroom. 325 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 75483. -4201

"AVENUE Hall", 1434 Avenue Road. Double/single rooms with private bathrooms. Excellent food. Good location. Telephone 30244. -4200

12 PACIFIC Gardens, Seymour Road. Double room, private bathroom. Excellent food. Telephone 30378. -4207

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FURNISHED room with verandah and bathroom attached, central heating, convenient transportation. Nanyang Road between Seymour and Ferry. With or without board. For full particulars, please telephone 37916. -4251

ROOM to let without board, separate bathroom. Lane 1220, 55 Avenue Road. -4149

FURNISHED room with bath for single, all conveniences. French Concession. Telephone 73066, 10-12, 2-5. -4249

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VACANT land for sale, about 2½ mow, Concession, best residential section, facing street. Address Box 2606, NCDN. -4253

WANTED to buy small property approximately up to US$5,000. No brokers. Box 2592, NCDN. -4181

BEAUTIFUL large residence for sale, French Concession near Avenue Haig, immediate occupation, absolutely modern, 3½ mow of land. Box 2572, NCDN. -4256

CHUNG-Shan Road, south of Hungjao Road, 7½ mow, registered under Tu Di Jen, at $9,500 per mow. Apply Box 2583, NCDN. -4260

HOUSES and land, situated in the western district of Shanghai and Hungjao: if for sale, please write full particulars to The E-W. Property Department, 54 Great Western Road, Ground Floor, Telephone 30272. -4261

Lost

LOST, Custom Pass No. 232, in the name Takejiro Nakazawa, September 29, 1941. Hereby declared null and void. -4242

Furnished Apartments

ATTRACTIVE, one-roomed modern apartment, bathroom, kitchen, sunporch, best location central district, to Briton or American. Box 2615, NCDN. -4232

FOR RENT, furnished, modern two-roomed apartment, bathroom, kitchen, servant's room. Apply 949 Route Paul Henri, House 1, Apartment 8. -4254

COMMODIOUS flats, two rooms, kitchen, bathroom, geyser, furniture for sale. Yuyuen Road. Box 2606, NCDN. -4248

TO LET, three-roomed flat in apartment house, centre Bubbling Well, furniture to be taken over. Box 2610, NCDN. -4249

CAPITOL Building, five-roomed, elegantly furnished apartment with modern conveniences to be let for one year to Allies or neutrals. Approximate rental US$90. References required. No agents. Telephone 10181. -4201

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Unfurnished Apartments

TWO-ROOMED apartment with garden. Two single rooms with balcony, first floor, to let through Izmar Herrstadt. Inspection 1285 Avenue Joffre, House 47 (10-6). -4250

1, 1½, 2, 3, 4-roomed apartments, under construction, best part Settlement/Concession, reasonable terms. General Investment Co., 235 Nanking Road, Room 123. No advance payment whatsoever. -4079

TWO/three/four-roomed apartments, Independent rooms. No key-money. Long lease. Occupation December. Shanghai Realty Co., 110/52 Szechuen Road. -4216

TO LET, in a new apartment building, in the best residential part of French Concession, three-roomed unfurnished apartments with all modern conveniences US$35. Apply A. Leonard, P. Veysseyre, Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. -4259

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy to overcast weather with showers and strong northerly winds over the Yellow Sea and Shantung. Fine to cloudy with strong northerly to north-westerly winds over our regions and the coast to the south of the Saddles. Cyclonic storm with rain over Kiusiu and Southern Korea, owing to the violent typhoon advancing northward and at times north-north-eastward.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 62.0 max. 83.0	min. 63.4 max. 82.9
„ same date last year	min. 69.0 max. 75.0	min. 67.8 max. 74.5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1941 (12th day of 8th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Oct. 9, 1.30 p.m. registered and 2.30 p.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Oct. 2, 1.30 p.m. registered and 2.30 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 6 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Oct. 6, 1941.

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Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

IN MEMORIAM

STALEY.—In ever-loving remembrance of my beloved darling daughter, VIOLET IRENE STALEY, born at Kiukiang, China, on March 6, 1912, and died October 2, 1931.

"A precious one from us has gone,
A voice we loved is stilled,
A place is vacant in our home,
Which never can be filled."

Sadly missed by her sorrowing mother and brothers.

Mrs. Katie Staley.
-4370

CARDS

Mr. U. E. C. CAETUS

P.P.C. 11686

Mr. FRANCISCO GOMES DA COSTA and daughter, Mrs. F. A. BARRADAS, tender sincere thanks to their friends for the kind messages of sympathy and for the beautiful floral tributes sent during their recent sad bereavement.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

2 Mr. M. K. Gandhi's birthday (1869)
2 First Chinese Anglican bishop consecrated (1918)

NOTICE

AMENDMENT IN PILOTAGE TARIFF AS APPROVED BY THE GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

1. The maximum charge for shifting to be increased from eight to twelve miles.
2. A surcharge of 25 per cent. to be made for night work.
3. A cancellation fee of 25 per cent. of the tariff rate to be charged in the case of a pilot ordered at Woosung but not taken, unless six hours notice of such cancellation is given to the Pilots' Association. This cancellation fee not to apply in the case of a Pilot ordered at the Fairway Bell Buoy Pilot Station.
4. A charge of Fifty Dollars to be made for information given by the Pilots' Association regarding tides etc. in cases where no Pilot is subsequently taken.

Effective as from October 1, 1941.
Shanghai Licensed Pilots' Association
A. JOURDAN,
Manager.
11696

THE HONGKONG COMPANIES' ORDINANCE No. 39 of 1932.

CHINA WOODWORKING AND DRY KILN CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above named Company, duly convened and held at 1426 Yangtszepoo Road, on September 30, 1941, the following Special Resolution was duly passed, viz:

"That China Woodworking & Dry Kiln Co., Ltd., be wound up voluntarily and that Jesse Esdale Gray, of 1426 Yangtszepoo Road, be and hereby is appointed Liquidator to conduct this winding-up."

THE CHINA IMPORT & EXPORT LUMBER CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, October 1, 1941.
11629

NOTICE

The Margaret Williamson Hospital wishes to announce that, beginning October 1, 1941, the branch Maternity at 892 Avenue Edward VII will be closed. Patients registered at that unit can be taken care of at the main hospital, 850 Rte de Zikawei.
11694

TRANSMARINA TRADING COMPANY

403-5 Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 17741

PROPERTY DEPARTMENT

Every kind of Mortgage, Real, Estate business transacted. Investment, Financing, Credit operations conducted.
11689

IN THE MATTER OF
"VIGORWHEAT," LIMITED
(In Voluntary Liquidation)
and
IN THE MATTER OF
HONGKONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE
No. 39 of 1932

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound-up, are required, on or before October 18, 1941 being the date fixed for that purpose by the undersigned, the Liquidators of the said Company, to send their names and addresses and particulars of their debts or claims to the undersigned and if so required by notice in writing from the undersigned, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

F. C. ROBERTS,
P. M. ASHTON,
Liquidators.

c/o P. M. ASHTON,
159 Peking Road,
Shanghai, October 1, 1941. -4360

NOTICE

The undersigned partners take pleasure in announcing the opening of their firm:

Shanghai Export-Import and Finance Co., Ltd.

"SHEXFIN"

Export, Import, Financing and Insurance

59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

J. I. BEERBRAYER
A. J. DOMBROVSKY
D. J. SHLAU

Shanghai, October 1, 1941.
-4336

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Power of Attorney granted by us to LACHAMANDAS KHEMCHAND SANBHNANI (known as L. K. SANBHNANI) has been revoked as from September 29, 1941 and that accordingly he is no longer authorised to act on behalf of our firm.

S. S. CHELLARAM,
Proprietor
SANTDAS SONS.

Shanghai, September 30, 1941.
-4361

S.S. "YOCHOW"

Tientsin/Shanghai, Arrived September 27, 1941.

In consequence of a fire which took place in Shanghai on board "Yochow" on the evening of September 27, 1941 it will probably be necessary to declare a General Average.

Consignees of cargo which was on board at the time of the casualty may obtain particulars from the undersigned with regard to the formalities to be complied with in securing delivery.

Cargo is now being discharged at Holt's Wharf and a survey of damage incurred will be held by Messrs Paulsen & Bayes-Davy, Marine Surveyors, who have been appointed for this purpose, at 2 p.m. on Friday, October 3, and thereafter, at Holt's Wharf.

Consignees are requested to attend.

BUTTERFIELD and SWIRE,
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.
11609

NOTICE

The public is hereby notified that no person except Mr. E.V.A. de Becker is authorized either to sign for or hold himself out as being a representative, directly or indirectly, of this firm. de Becker Law and Estate Offices, 262/4 Hamilton House.
11608

NOTICE

ATHENS COFFEE

Quality as always supplied. Freshly roasted and ground to your order. Now obtainable at:

HADJIRY'S
416 Szechuen Road
Telephone 16133
-2351

AUSTIN

Austin cars represent the most economical form of motor transportation.

Keep your AUSTIN well serviced and it will serve you.

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180
11599

POSITIONS WANTED

There is work to be had if you go through the right channels to reach it. An advertisement in our classified advertisement columns is likely to give you just the job you want, with very little trouble and expense to yourself.

WHEN PAYING A DEBT:

"Well I'm square now, but I'll be round again." A car is a liability rather than an asset unless it is covered by a COMPREHENSIVE POLICY.

V — V

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

V V

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865
11597

LUXURIOUS INTERIORS

Outside colors to match. An engine of clock-like smoothness. All is yours in the 1941 *Packard.*

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch
After We Sell—WE SERVE

THE CHENG RUBBER ESTATES, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-first Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Tuesday, October 7, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended June 30, 1941, declaring a dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from October 1 to October 7, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, September 20, 1941.
11408

NOTICE

Mrs. C. LANCY has returned from holidays and resumed her business.

273 Rue Bourgeat
Telephone 76083
-4345

THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY (N.C.B.)

Jointly with

THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHINA, INC.

20 Museum Road

ARTHUR DE CARLE SOWERBY, ESQ.

will give a Lecture open to the public at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, October 2, 1941

entitled

"THE MAMMALS OF THE JAPANESE ISLANDS, POSSESSIONS AND MANDATED TERRITORIES" illustrated by lantern slides.

The chair will be taken by
A. H. GEORGE, ESQ., C.M.G.
11602

NOW READY

"ORIENTAL AFFAIRS"

OCTOBER ISSUE

Edited by H.G.W. Woodhead, C.B.E.

Striking Articles include:

"JAPANESE OR ENGLISH?"

"BRITISH RAILWAY INTERESTS IN CHINA."

"AUTUMN IN JAPAN."

"COMMUNISTS LOSE GROUND"

"Mr. DUFF COOPER'S MISSION"

And there are the usual Far Eastern Letters and Book Review.

Price $3 per copy

Of all Booksellers and Newsagents, or from

THE PUBLISHERS

19 Avenue Edward VII
Telephone 94069
11577

BOOTH'S DRY AND OLD TOM GIN

V

Definitely Superior!

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

THE WORLD AUXILIARY INSURANCE CORPORATION, LIMITED

LONDON

R. A. KREULEN, *General Representative.*

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

2nd Floor, Continental Bank Bldg., 113 Kiukiang Road

Telephone 12867 (3 lines)

HUNGARIA

A little corner of Hungary where lilting and joyous music will lift and drive away all cares.

DELICIOUS CUISINE

Something that is quite different

272 Yuyuen Road Telephone 22662

TAISHI DENTAL CLINIC

Artificial Porcelain Teeth

(Jacket Crown)

First Floor, Mitsui Bank Building
50 KIUKIANG ROAD,
Telephone 14273

Astor House Hotel Lobby
17 WHANGPOO ROAD,
Telephone 46113

9 a.m. to 6 p.m. except Sundays.
11618

RADIOS, PIANOS

Sale or Hire, Tune, Repair

SAM LAZARO

232 Nanking Road. Tel. 19225
11574

Model Dairy for Model Milk

"As standard as sterling silver"
Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products
9 TUFENG ROAD. TELEPHONE 21997
11613

REMEMBER

Prisoners of War and contribute towards their health and comfort by

GIVING GENEROUSLY

to the British Red Cross through

The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Sept. 30 16.00	Sept. 30 21.00	Oct. 1 4.00	Oct. 1 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.96	29.98	29.87	29.92
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.05	—0.12	—0.10
„ at 32 F. („ 12 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.04	—0.09	—0.06
Wind (direction)	NNE	N/E	NW	NNW
„ (miles per hour)	15.6	9.3	9.3	13.1
Temperature (Fahr.)	75.4°	67.5°	63.7°	71.6°
Humidity (per cent)	64	83	95	76
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	5	1	1	4
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 30	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.99	—0.03	30.00
Temperature: min. 16.4° max. 31.5°	71.5°	+0.4°	68.5°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	56.32	—	38.29

Time and Tide	2/10	3/10	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10	8/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.47	5.48	5.49	5.50	5.50	5.51	5.51
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.39	17.38	17.37	17.35	17.34	17.33	17.32
Moon rises at Shanghai	15.53	16.30	17.06	17.40	18.15	18.50	19.26
Moon sets at Shanghai	2.43	3.38	4.34	5.28	6.23	7.15	8.08
Flood makes Shal. (day)	8.50	9.40	10.11	10.31	10.50	11.05	11.22
Ebb, makes Shal. (day)	13.35	14.00	14.34	15.00	15.45	16.21	16.55
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	10.05	10.45	11.23	11.53	12.22	12.49	13.17
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	8.90	10.40	11.15	11.05	11.18	11.25	11.30

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 30th:—Normal and steady pressure over China: unsteady over Japan. Violent typhoon to the south-east of the Loochoos moving north-north-westward. Low area or typhoon stationary near the Macclesfield. Fresh northerly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy, fine and cool weather in China.

State on the morning of the 1st:—Fine and cool weather. Rather strong northerly winds. Normal and unsteady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon singal: Approximate position of the centre, at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 23, longitude 130.30, direction north, intensity: violent.—Siccawei Observatory.

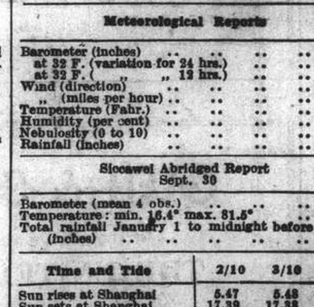

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Soochow Road Bridge. Earlier postings at Sub-Offices is needed.

THURSDAY, October 2.	Reg.	Ord.
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Swatow	12.30	13.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. & India, Ports (via Singapore) A	13.00	14.30
Hongkong and Canton	14.00	14.30
Indo-China B	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung		18.30	19.00
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki		20.00	20.00
Australia and New Zealand x		8.15	9.00
Hongkong and Canton x		8.30	9.00
Ningpo		8.30	9.00
Weihaiwei and Tientsin		9.30	10.00

A Parcel mail for S.S. and P.M.S., closes at 12.00 on 2nd.
B Parcel mail for Indo-China, close at 12.00 on 2nd.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on October 6, 1941.)

Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. via Siberia	18.30	20.00

FRIDAY, October 3.

Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton	x*20.00	8.00
Amoy and Fukien Province via Amoy	8.30	9.00
Hunan West Hupeh Kwangtung Kwangsi Yunnan Kweichow and Szechuen via Amoy	8.30	9.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	10.30	11.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	11.30	12.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

SATURDAY, October 4.

Australia and New Zealand x	8.15	9.00
Hongkong and Canton x	8.30	9.00
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	8.30	9.00
Weihaiwei and Tientsin	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00

*The night before.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

King's Daughters Society

Associated Foreign Charities	$2,000
Anonymous	10
Garcia, R. F.	10
Fyle, J. H.	50

St. Andrews Society

IN MEMORY OF MR. K. E. NEWMAN

MacDonald, Mr/Mrs. R. G.	$30

S.S.P.C.A.

IN MEMORY OF MR. K. E. NEWMAN

Wood, Mr/Mrs. E. A. P.	$50
Ross, Mrs. R. S.	10
Swann, Mr/Mrs. R. N.	60

Simpson 'DAKS'

Keyed to the times—
Keyed to the needs of the Sportswoman—
Keyed to functional smartness.

Superbly tailored in Superfine English Worsted Flannel, in Mid-Grey, Navy and Nigger.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

EUROPEAN or American required to teach English, part or whole time. Box 2623, NCDN. -4359

REQUIRED by insurance company, male or female office assistant, about 30, holding British passport, accountancy experience, typing, domestic requirements not over $1,200 monthly. Submit full particulars and requirements Box 2621, NCDN. 11626

YOUTH, 15-18, speaking English, wanted as apprentice for pharmacy. Salary $75. Address Box 2619, NCDN. -4354

STENO-TYPIST, bookkeeper in export business, wanted. State salary expected. Address Box 2624, NCDN. -4350

WANTED, Eurasian or Chinese junior office clerk. Box 2611, NCDN. 11621

EFFICIENT stenotypist with office experience. Address Box 2605, NCDN -4341

ATTRACTIVE, young Chinese lady secretary (age 18-25) wanted for office. Must be able to speak English and translate from English into Chinese. Call at 304/B Avenue Joffre, October 3, 10 a.m. -4318

STRUCTURAL draughtsman required by large engineering firm in Malaya. Young man with good knowledge of steelwork design and detailing, and with some experience in reinforced concrete will be preferred. Write giving full particulars to Box 2579 NCDN.

Business Opportunities

WHEN you need Japanese permissions or permits, use Tanaka Interpreter-Negotiator Service, Telephone 46322. 11630

WANTED ladies' hats for export. Communicate with samples to Post Office Box 1423. -4376

JAPANESE legal adviser offers his services to nationals (companies or individuals) of any country for the conduct of affairs and safeguard of interests. Secretary Terui, 673 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17390, 16581. -4361

WANTED U.S. dollars paid in America against local currency; or local merchandise and or real estate. Telephone 22372. -4378

LEATHERGOODS factory, producing exquisite hits for export, invites interested parties and purchasing managers to inspect their samples, etc. For appointment ring up Witting 51172. -4364

Motor Cars and Cycles

SALES, 1940 Buick Super 51, four-door sedan, with radio, in perfect condition. Telephone 90152, Hsu. -4368

BUICK roadmaster 1937 model, in splendid condition, for sale, US$1,100. Apply Park Hotel, Room 718. -4367

FOR Sale: 1936 Oldsmobile, 8-cylinder. Completely overhauled and re-upholstered last summer. 4 new tyres. Telephone 10181.

FOR SALE, terraplane 1934 model, mechanically perfect. Apply Hugh Middleton. 11622

1941 Dodge Luxury Liner, 1936 Fiat Balilla. Tel. 14647 office hours. 11611

1939 Ford V8 60 h.p. in remarkable condition, wanted sell to a private party. Low price. Box 2604, NCDN. -4358

ROVER roadster. Duco in good condition. Two new tyres. Mileage 20 m.p.g. Price $2,800. Can be viewed at Richards Auto Works. -4356

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11615

WANTED Chrysler, Buick, 1939/40, good condition. Offers with full particulars, Box 2592, NCDN. -4326

1940 Ford coupe, white tyres, rear wheel guards, radio, new battery, 19 m.p.g. as new. Owner driven, US$1,350 cash. No brokers. Telephone 71091, 12-2 p.m. 11599

1935 American Willys 77, sedan de-luxe. 4-cylinder, 25 m.p.g. perfect condition throughout, bargain $9,500, owner leaving, Box 2560, NCDN. 11571

Office Cars

LIFT offered three times daily, three seats from neighbourhood of Route Cardinal Mercier to Avenue Edward VII/Bund, in small car, time 8.30 a.m., 12-1.45 p.m. Address Box 2593, NCDN. -4352

Radios

WANTED, good secondhand radio, long/short wave. Full details, please. Address Box 2617, NCDN. -4362

WE hire, sell, repair radios. Six American tubes, American parts, beautiful cabinet, world reception, without aerial, $450. Local reception $260. Condor, European Radio Factory, telephone 79760, 270 Route Sayzoong. -4365

POWERFUL 6-tube Admiral, for sale $500 Brand-new. Nightly reception London, San-Francisco, etc. Owner buying larger set. Telephone 34863, 8-9 p.m. -4341

TELEPHONE 51140: Foreign radio engineer repairs at your home. "Radio Expert", 131/438 Museum Road. -4379

WANTED to hire or purchase good condition medium size Radio-Victrola or Victrola (electric). Reasonable price. Telephone 16650 Ext. 204. -4351

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.80.

EXPERIENCED stenotypist/bookkeeper, seeks temporary/permanent position. Box 2620, NCDN. -4366

BRITON with 10 years' business experience desires advancement and security. Knowledge sales, office correspondence and accounts. Address Box 2616, NCDN. -4360

EXPERIENCED young man, secretary-stenographer, with sound knowledge of English and French, seeks position. Excellent references. Outport no objection. Box 2601, NCDN. -4353

MACHINE expert with many years experience, A1 references, desires to act as sales manager, superviser or in any similar position, English, good knowledge of French. Box 2523, NCDN. -4166

CERTIFIED accountant, German, over military age, with British college certificate, open for immediate engagement. Good organiser, many years' experience in Shanghai, A1 references. Box 2318, NCDN. -4374

EXPERIENCED young Chinese stenotypist and office assistant, seeks position. A1 references. Post Office Box 1469. -4299

BEGINNER seeks position as stenotypist. Neat, Fast. Accurate. Reasonable salary. Good education. Box 2421, NCDN. -3997

YOUNG man, 30, speaks Chinese, wide electrical experience, knowledge diesel, chemistry, spinning, requires position. Box 2449, NCDN. -4048

Educational

LESSONS in Shanghai dialect or Mandarin given by well-educated Chinese lady with knowledge of English. Box 2622, NCDN. -4368

SPANISH conversational lessons wanted. Address Box 2613, NCDN. -4372

YOUNG lady wishes to take Mandarin or Shanghai dialect lessons from young Chinese lady of good family in exchange for English, Russian or French. Address Box 2601, NCDN. -4365

WANTED young lady to help a girl of 10 in her studies. State terms and nationality. Address Box 2603, NCDN. -4357

HONGKEW. The Gregg School of Business, 9 Monkhams Terrace. Telephone 52035. Complete office training. -4260

ENGLISH lessons given by experienced English lady. Telephone 70658 or apply passage 129, House 5, Avenue Haig. -4373

BRITON, former record holder Pitman's shorthand, typing, will accept pupils, beginners/advanced, Telephone 37231, Room 5. -4358

ENGLISH lessons wanted from Chinese/foreigner by couple at pupils' house Yu Yuen Road. Address Box 2539, NCDN. -4369

PIANO lessons by successful European teacher. Best Shanghai references. Gerard Pincus, 382/4 Rue Bourgeat (79442, Room 1). -3670

SCHOOL-TEACHER coaches in all school subjects, best recommendations Box 2513, NCDN. -4166

EXPERIENCED pianist gives piano lessons. Best recommendations. Moderate terms. Fritz Goldschmidt, 321/11 Route Dupleix. Telephone 70677, 8-9 a.m., 3-4 p.m. -3672

EDUCATED lady speaking English gives German lessons, also at pupils' home. Moderate fees. Lissy Goldschmidt, 321/11 Route Dupleix, telephone 70677, 8-9 a.m., 3-4 p.m. -3672

LEARN German! German lessons, grammar and conversation, given by Mr. Knoche. 2 Quinsan Gardens. Exceptional references. -2966

Personal

YOUNG gentleman, British, wishes meet young lady aged between 19 and 22 years, for friendship. Box 2578, NCDN. -4296

YOUNG Englishman wishes meet cultured rich Chinese lady, middle-aged. View friendship. Reply Box 2589, NCDN. -4325

Miscellaneous

ELECTRIZATION of nerve points by the famous "Okue" method. Rheumatism, partial paralysis, nervous derangements, other diseases. Also reducing. Call at clients' homes. Interviews 9-7 p.m., telephone 71566, Room 1. -3929

Cameras

WANTED to purchase all kinds cameras. Please state their brands and lenses with lowest prices. Apply to Mr. Yulun, 53 Myburgh Road. -4367

BLISS Film-Service: cameras—projectors exchange. Orders taken for movies of weddings, families, children, Shanghai scenes. Titles, copies, enlargements 465 Bubbling Well, telephone 36557. -3289

FOR SALE, Leica, model 3A, chromium summer F2, leather case, unused, US$160. Box 2575, NCDN. 11591

Clothing and Fabrics

SHIRTS correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. Autumn shirtings just unpacked. Razon's, 12 Central Road 11515

LADIES' worn hats; perfect renovating/remodelling. New model hats, trimmings, nice selection. Orders taken. Rosette, 136 Seymour Road. -4370

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TEAKWOOD (Luan) chests, carved furniture, direct from factory. Very cheap. 1025 Bubbling Well Road, House 53. -4352

FUR coat, marmot, almost new, large size. Apply telephone 31343. -4362

FOR SALE, The Panorama of the Great World War, 1914-1919 in 7 editions written in French by Capus, Clemenceau, Commandant Driant, Lavisse, etc., etc. Apply 1360 Rue Lafayette, telephone 76014. 11627

GUM ARABIC, five tons, F.A.Q. from Dar-Es-Salaam, just arrived. If interested telephone 35827. No brokers. 11619

UNDERWOOD or Remington typewriter, 14 inches, 70 per cent new. 1697 Bubbling Well Road. -4375

PELICAN and other paints for artists, all colours, large tubes, at $42 per dozen. Mercantile Credit Corporation, 20D Pere Robert. -4349

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used. Bargain sale. Room 138 Hamilton House. 11590

STAMPS. Prize winning contest, open to every collector. Come and see our shopwindow. Atlantic Stamp, 465 Bubbling Well. -3056

EUROPEAN household linen: Table cover sets, sheets, towels, etc. Coloured artificial silk tablecloths. Cheap. Box 2537, NCDN. -4222

DINNER, coffee, tea, fruit sets, crystalware, cutlery, best European brands good value. Also in stock: European table cloths, sheets, etc. General Magazine, 337 Haig. -4323

FOR SALE, new Zeiss Ikon blood sugar colorimeter by Celius-Seifert. To be seen, by courtesy, at "The Handbag", 167 Route Say Zoong, 12-3 p.m. -4309

LONGINES pocket watch, 14 carat gold heavy case. US$52. Bargain. 819 East Seward Road, Tobacco Shop. -4308

DINNER, coffee, mocha sets, figures, groups, plates, vases, in the finest European brands. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -4264

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator, 4½ cu. ft. in excellent condition, US$120. For inspection address Box 2593, NCDN. -4340

"EUROPEAN Lerman Shoes" and orthopaedic shoes, handmade. Moderate prices. 17 Canton Road, First Floor. -4221

ELECTROLUX refrigerator L2, kerosene model, 3.2 cubic feet, suitable for outport, original packing case available. Box 2553, NCDN. -4236

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -2649

EUROPEAN pure linen sheets, table cloths, napkins, towels, also Rosenthal dinner, tea sets. 1823A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -2329

VACUUM cleaners, A1, foreign make, new and slightly used, moderate prices. 124 Sassoon House. -2321

UNDERWOOD typewriter, 36 inches, best condition, cheap for quick sale. Engel, 701 East Seward Road. -4214

Chinese Servants

CAN recommend excellent cook-boy, trustworthy, non-drinker. Telephone 10600. -4300

MARRIED couple leaving Shanghai thoroughly recommend excellent cook-boy and coolie. Clean, honest, trustworthy. Telephone 50651 or 51612. -4350

34097 Reliance Employment Agency, 1062 Avenue Road. Trustworthy household servants only. Individual, quick service. -4108

WANTED immediately, experienced baby-amah. State wages together with copies of references to Box 2587, NCDN. 11498

ADVERTISER recommends cook-boy, American/English cooking. Excellent pastry cook. Clean, quick worker. Address Box 2565, NCDN. 11573

CAN anyboly recommend a reliable chauffeur, good wages paid to steady man. Telephone 70128. 11595

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -3679

Animals

FOR SALE, very good paper-hunt pony, nine years old. 13.1, weight-carrier. Telephone 22012. -4047

WANTED to buy pedigreed cocker-spaniel, six-eight weeks old. Telephone 73784 from 9 to 12. 11584

Wanted to Rent

SMALL house or land, Hungjao. Box 1822, NCDN. -4370

WANTED to rent, furnished/unfurnished three-roomed flat, Settlement or western district. Box 2609, NCDN. -4369

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